

## The Internet and the Millennium Problem (Year 2000)

### Status of this Memo

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### Abstract

The Year 2000 Working Group (WG) has conducted an investigation into the millennium problem as it regards Internet related protocols. This investigation only targeted the protocols as documented in the Request For Comments Series (RFCs). This investigation discovered little reason for concern with regards to the functionality of the protocols. A few minor cases of older implementations still using two digit years (ala RFC 850) were discovered, but almost all Internet protocols were given a clean bill of health. Several cases of "period" problems were discovered, where a time field would "roll over" as the size of field was reached. In particular, there are several protocols, which have 32 bit, signed integer representations of the number of seconds since January 1, 1970 which will turn negative at Tue Jan 19 03:14:07 GMT 2038. Areas whose protocols will be effected by such problems have been notified so that new revisions will remove this limitation.

### 1. Introduction

According to the trade press billions of dollars will be spend the upcoming years on the year 2000 problem, also called the millennium problem (though the third millennium will really start in 2001). This problem consists of the fact that many software packages and some protocols use a two-digit field for the year in a date field. Most of the problems seem to be in administrative and financial programs, or in the hardcoded microcomputers found in electronic equipment. A lot of organizations are now starting to make an inventory of which software and tools they use will suffer from the millennium problem.

With the increasing popularity of the Internet, more and more organizations use the Internet as a serious business tool. This means that most organizations will want to analyze the millennium problems due to the use of Internet protocols and popular Internet software. In the trade press the first articles suggest that the Internet will collapse at midnight the 31st of December 1999.

To counter these suggestions, and to avoid having countless companies redo the same investigation, this effort was undertaken by the IETF. The Year 2000 WG has made an inventory of all-important Internet protocols that have been documented in the Request for Comments (RFC) series. Only protocols directly related to the Internet will be considered.

This document is divided into a number of sections. Section 1 is the Introduction which you are now reading. Section 2 is a disclaimer about the completeness of this effort. Section 3 describes areas in which millenium problems have been found, while Section 4 describes a few other "period" problems. Section 5 describes potential fixes to problems that have been identified. Section 6 describes the methodology used in the investigation. Sections 7 through 22 are devoted to the 15 different groupings of protocols and RFCs. Section 23 discusses security considerations, Section 24 is devoted to references, and Section 25 is the author contact information. Appendix A is the list of RFCs examined broken down by category. Appendix B is a PERL program used to make a first cut identification of problems, and Appendix C is the output of that PERL program.

The editor of this document would like to acknowledge the critical contributions of the follow for direct performance of research and the provision of text: Alex Latzko, Robert Elz, Erik Huizer, Gillian Greenwood, Barbara Jennings, R.E. (Robert) Moore, David Mills, Lynn Kubinec, Michael Patton, Chris Newman, Erik-Jan Bos, Paul Hoffman, and Rick H. Wesson. The pace with which this group has operated has only been achievable by the intimate familiarity of the contributors with the protocols and ready access to the collective knowledge of the IETF.

## 2. Disclaimer

This RFC is not complete. It is an effort to analyze the Y2K impact on hundreds of protocols but is likely to have missed some protocols and misunderstood others. Organizations should not attempt to claim any legitimacy or approval for any particular protocol based on this document. The efforts have concentrated on the identification of potential problems, rather than solutions to any of the problems that have been identified. Any proposed solutions are only that: proposed. A formal engineering review should take place before any solution is

adopted.

It should also be noted that the research was performed on RFCs 1 through 2128. At that time the IESG was chartered with not allowing any new RFCs to be published that had any Year 2000 issues. Since that cutoff time there has been work to correct issues discovered by this Working Group. In particular, RWhois as documented by RFC 1714 has been updated to fix the problems found. RFC 2167 now documents a fixed version of the RWhois protocol. The work of this group was to look backwards, and hence new RFC's which supplant the old are expected to make the information in this RFC obsolete. The work of this group will truly be complete when this document is completely obsolete.

A number of people have suggested looking into other "special" dates. For example, the first leap year, the first "double digit" day (January 10, 2000), January 1, 2001, etc. There is not one place where days have been used in the protocols defined by the RFC series so there is little reason to believe that any of these special dates will have any impact.

### 3. Summary of Year 2000 Problems

Here is a brief description of all the Millennium issues discovered in the course of this research. Note that many of the RFCs are unclear on the issue. They mandate the use of UTCTime but do not specify whether the two-digit or four-digit year representation should be used.

#### 3.1 "Directory Services"

- rfc1274.txt - References UTC date/time
- rfc1276.txt - References UTC date/time for version control.
- rfc1488.txt - References UTC Time as printable strings.
- rfc1608.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax
- rfc1609.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax
- rfc1778.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax

#### 3.2 "Information Services and File Transfer"

HTTP 1.1, as defined in RFC 2068, requires all newly generated date stamps to conform to RFC 1123 date formats which are Year 2000 compliant, but it also requires acceptance of the older non-compliant RFC 850 formats. Some specific recommendations have been passed to the HTTP WG.

HTML 2.0, as defined in RFC 1866, could allow a very subtle Year 2000 problem, but once again this recommendation has been passed on the HTML WG.

RFC 1778 on String Representations of Standard Attribute Syntax's define UTC Time in Section 2.21 and uses that definition in Section 2.25 on User Certificates. Since UTC Time is being used, there is a potential millennium issue.

RFC 1440 on SIFT/UFT: Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer defines an optional DATE command in Section 5 of the form mm/dd/yy which is subject to millennium issues.

### 3.3 "Electronic Mail"

After reviewing all mail-related RFCs, it was discovered that while some obsolete standards required two-digit years, all currently used standards require four-digit years and are thus not prone to typical Year 2000 problems.

RFCs 821 and 822, the main basis for SMTP mail exchange and message format, originally required two-digit years. However, both of these RFCs were later modified by RFC 1123 in 1989, which strongly recommended 4-digit years.

### 3.4 "Name Serving"

While not a protocol issue, there is a common habit of writing serial numbers for DNS zone files in the form YYXXXXXX. The only real requirement on the serial numbers is that they be increasing (see RFC 1982 for a complete description) and a change from 99XXXXXX to 00XXXXXX cause a failure. See the section on "Name Serving" for a complete description of the issues.

### 3.5 "Network Management"

Version 2 of SNMP's MIB definition language (SMIV2) specifies the use of UCTimes for time stamping MIB modules. Even though these time stamps do not flow in any network protocols, there could be an issue with management applications, depending on implementations.

### 3.6 "Network News"

There does exist a problem in both NNTP, RFC 977, and the Usenet News Message Format, RFC 10336. They both specify two-digit year format. A working group has been formed to update the network news protocols in general, and addressing this problem is on their list of work items.

### 3.7 "Real-Time Services"

A Year 2000 problem does occur in the Simple Network Paging Protocol, versions 2 & 3. Both define a HOLDuntil option which uses a YYMMDDHHMMSS+/-GMT field. Version 3 also defines a MSTATUS command, which is required to store, dates and times as YYMMDDHHMMSS+/-GMT.

There is a small Year 2000 issue in RFC 1786 on the Representation of IP Routing Policies in the ripe-81++ Routing Registry. In Appendices C the "changed" object parameter defines a format of <email-address> YYMMDD, and similarly in Appendix D "withdrawn" object identifier has the format of YYMMDD. Since these are only identifiers there should be little operational impact. Some application software may need to be modified.

### 3.8 "Security"

RFC 1507 on Distributed Authentication Security Services (DASS) use UTCTime. Because of the imprecision of the UTC time definition there could be problems with this protocol.

RFCs 1421-1424 specifies that PEM uses UTC time formats which could have a Millennium issue.

## 4. Summary of Other "Periodicity" Problems

By far, the largest area of "period" problems occurs in the year 2038. Many protocols use a 32-bit field to record the number of seconds since January 1, 1970.

### 4.1 "Name Services"

DNS Security uses 32-bit timestamps which will roll over in 2038. This issue has been referred to the appropriate Working Group so that the details of rollover can be established.

### 4.2 "Routing"

IDPR suffers from the classic Year 2038 problem, by having a timestamp counter which rolls over at that time.

## 5. Suggested Solutions

The real solution to the problem is to use 4 digit year fields for applications and hardware systems. For counters that key off of a certain time (January 1, 1970 for example) need to either: define a wrapping solution, or to define a larger number space (greater than 32-bits), or to make more efficient use of the 32-bit space. However,

it will be impossible to completely replace currently deployed systems, so solutions for handling problems are in order.

### 5.1 Fixed Solution

A number of organizations and groups have suggested a fixed solution to the problem of two digit years. Given a two-digit year YY, if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year shall be interpreted as 19YY; and where YY is less than 50, the year shall be interpreted as 20YY.

While a simple and straightforward solution, it only pushes the problem off 40 to 50 years, until the artificially generated Year 2050 problem needs to be addressed. However, it is easy to implement and deploy, so it might be the most commonly adopted solution.

### 5.2 Sliding Window

Another solution is the "sliding window" approach. In this approach, some value N is selected, and any two digit year that is less than or equal to the current two digit year plus N is considered the future, while any other two digit year is considered in the past.

For example, choosing N equal to 10, If the current year is 2012, and I get a two digit year that is any of 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 or 22, assume it is 20YY (i.e. the future), otherwise consider it to be in the past(1923-1999, 2000-2011).

This solution has two advantages. First, no new fixed year problems are introduced. Second, different applications and protocols could choose different values of N. The drawback is that this solution is harder to implement, and to work well the value of N will need to be constant across different implementations.

## 6. Methodology

The first task was dividing the types of RFC's into logical groups rather than the strict numeric publishing order. Sixteen specific areas were identified. They are: "Autoconfiguration", "Directory Services", "Disk Sharing", "Games and Chat", "Information Services & File Transfer", "Network & Transport Layer", "Electronic Mail", "NTP", "Name Serving", "Network Management", "News", "Real Time Services", "Routing", "Security", "Virtual Terminal", and "Other". In addition to these categories, many hundreds of RFC's were immediately eliminated based on content. That is not to say that all Informational RFC's were not considered, many did contain some technical content or overview which demanded scrutiny.

Each area was assigned to a team for investigation. Although each team used whatever additional investigation techniques which seemed appropriate (including completely reading each RFC, and in some cases the source code for the reference implementation) at minimum each team used an automatic scanning system to search for the following items (case insensitively) in each RFC:

- date
- GMT
- UTCTime
- year
- yy (that is not part of yyyy)
- two-digit, 2-digit, 2digit
- century
- 1900 & 2000

Note that all of these strings except "UTCTime" may occur in conjunction with a date format that accommodates the Year 2000 crossing, as well as with one that does not. So "hits" on these string do not necessarily indicate Year 2000 problems: they simply identify elements that need to be examined.

After the documents were scanned, therefore, each "hit" was examined individually. Those that cause no Year 2000 problems (e.g., those that encode the year as a two-byte integer, or as a four-character display string) are not discussed here. Those that do cause Year 2000 problems are identified in this document, and the nature and impact of the problems they cause are described.

## 7. Autoconfiguration

### 7.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were primarily the BOOT Protocol (BOOTP) and the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) for both IP version four and six.

Examination of the BOOTP protocols and most popular implementations show no year 2000 problems. All times are references as 32 bit integers in seconds of UTC time. An investigation of all DHCP and the IPv6 Autoconfiguration mechanisms produced no year 2000 problems. All references to time, in particular lease lengths, are 32 bit integers in seconds, allowing lease times of well over 100 years.

## 7.2 Specifics

The following RFCs were examined for possible millennium problems: 906, 951, 1048, 1084, 1395, 1497, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1541, 1542, 1970, & 1971. RFC 951's only reference to time or dates is a two-byte field in the packet, which is number of second since the hosts, was booted. RFC's 1048, 1084, 1395, 1497, 1531, & 1532 have either no references to dates and time, or they are the same as the RFCs, which obsoleted them, discussed in the next paragraph.

RFC 1533 enumerates all the known DHCP field types and a number of these have to do with time. Section 3.4 defines a "Time Offset" field which specifies the offset of the clients subnet in seconds from UTC. This 4 byte field has no millennium issues. Section 9.2 defines the IP Address Lease Time field which is used by clients to request a specific lease time. This four byte field is an unsigned integer containing a number of seconds. Section 9.9 defines a Renewal Time Value field, Section 9.10 defines a Rebinding Time Value, both of which are similarly 32 bit fields, which have no millennium issues.

RFC 1534 has no references to times or dates.

RFC 1541 has two mentions of times/dates. The first is the "secs" field which, similarly to RFC 951, is a 16-bit field for the number of seconds since the host has booted. There is also a discussion in section 3.3 about "Interpretation and Representation of Time Values" which while clearly states that there is no millennium or period problems.

RFC 1542 also references the "secs" field mentioned previously.

RFC 1970 mentions a number of variables, which are time related. In section 4.2 "Router Advertisement Message Format" the following fields are defined: Router Lifetime, Reachable Time, & Retrans Timer. In section 4.6.2 "Prefix Information" the following are defined: Valid Lifetime, & Preferred Lifetime. In section 6.2.1 "Router Configuration Variables" the following are defined: MaxRtrAdvInterval, MinRtrAdvInterval, AdvReachableTime, AdvRetransTimer, AdvDefaultLifetime, AdvValidLifetime, & AdvPreferredLifetime. All of these fields specify counters of some sort which have no millennium or periodicity problems.

RFC 1971 has some discussion of preferred lifetimes, deprecated lifetimes and valid lifetimes of leases, but only discusses them in an expository way.

## 8. Directory Services

### 8.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were primarily X.500 related RFC's, Whois, Rwhois, Whois++, and the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP).

Upon review of the Directory Services related RFC's, no serious year 2000 problems were discovered. Some minor issues were noted and explained below in the specific portion of this section.

### 8.2 Specifics

RFCs that mentioned UTC Time or made reference to uTCTimeSyntax could fail to be Y2K compliant. These should be updated to specify the four year version of uTCTimeSyntax rather than giving the option of using a two-year date representation. The following RFCs fall into this category:

- rfc1274.txt - References UTC date/time
- rfc1276.txt - References UTC date/time for version control.
- rfc1488.txt - References UTC Time as printable strings.
- rfc1608.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax
- rfc1609.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax
- rfc1778.txt - Refers to uTCTimeSyntax

Two RFC's have unusual date specifications and specify their own date format. Both of these support Y2K compliant dates.

RFC1714 (RWhois) specifies date formats that are not Y2K compliant, but it also supports dates that are. Implementers of the RWhois protocol should only use the %MY4 format

RFC1834 (Whois++) requires the use of dates, but it didn't specify the format, syntax, or representation of the date string to be used.

## 9. Disk Sharing

### 9.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were those related to the Network File System (NFS). Other popular disk sharing protocols like SMB and AFS were referred to their respective trustee's for review.

After careful review, NFS has no year 2000 problems.

## 9.2 Specifics

The references to time in this protocol are the times of file data modification, file access, and file metadata change (mtime, atime, and time, respectively). These times are kept as 32 bit unsigned quantities in seconds since 1970-01-01, and so the NFS protocol will not experience an Epoch event until the year 2106.

## 10. Games and Chat

### 10.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were related to the Internet Relay Chat Protocol (IRC). No millennium problems exist in the IRC protocol.

### 10.2 Specifics

There is only a single instance of time or date related information in the IRC protocol as specified by RFC 1459. Section 4.3.4 defines a TIME message type which queries a server for its local time. No mention is made of the format of the reply or how it is parsed, the assumption being specific implementations will handle the reply and parse it appropriately.

## 11. Information Services & File Transfer

### 11.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were divided among World Wide Web (WWW) protocols and File Transfer Protocols (FTP). WWW protocols include the Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP), a variety of Uniform Resource formats (URL, URAs, etc.) and the HyperText Markup Language (HTML). FTP protocols include the well known FTP protocol, the Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) and a variety of extensions to these protocols. Other information services includes the Finger Protocol and the LPD protocol.

HTTP 1.1, as defined in RFC 2068, requires all newly generated date stamps to conform to RFC 1123 date formats which are Year 2000 compliant, but it also requires acceptance of the older non-compliant RFC850 formats. Some specific recommendations are listed below and have been passed to the HTTP WG.

HTML 2.0, as defined in RFC 1866, could allow a very subtle Year 2000 problem, but once again this recommendation has been passed on the HTML WG.

RFC 1778 on String Representations of Standard Attribute Syntax's define UTC Time in Section 2.21 and uses that definition in Section 2.25 on User Certificates. Since UTC Time is being used, there is a potential millennium issue.

RFC 1440 on SIFT/UFT: Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer defines an optional DATE command in Section 5 of the form mm/dd/yy which is subject to millennium issues.

## 11.2 Specifics

The main IETF standards-track document on the HTTP protocol is RFC2068 on HTTP 1.1. It notes that historically three different date formats have been used, and that one of them uses a two-digit year field. In section 3.3.1 it requires HTTP 1.1 implementations to generate this RFC1123 format:

```
Sun, 06 Nov 1994 08:49:37 GMT ; RFC 822, updated by RFC 1123
```

instead of this RFC850 format:

```
Sunday, 06-Nov-94 08:49:37 GMT ; RFC 850, obsoleted by RFC 1036
```

Unfortunately, many existing servers, serving on the order of one fifth of the current HTTP traffic, send dates in the ambiguous RFC850 format.

Section 19.3 of the RFC2068 says this:

- o HTTP/1.1 clients and caches should assume that an RFC-850 date which appears to be more than 50 years in the future is in fact in the past (this helps solve the "year 2000" problem).

This avoids a "stale cache" problem, which would cause the user to see out-of-date data.

RFC 1986 documents experiments with a simple file transfer program over radio links using Enhanced Trivial FTP (ETFTP). There are a number of timers defined which are all in seconds and have no year 2000 issues.

In RFC 1866, on HTML 2.0, the <META> tag allows the embedding of recommended values for some HTTP headers, including Expires. E.g.

```
<META HTTP-EQUIV="Expires"  
CONTENT="Tue, 04 Dec 1993 21:29:02 GMT">
```

Servers should rewrite these dates into RFC1123 format if necessary.

RFC 1807 defines a format for bibliographic records and it specifies a DATE format, which requires 4 digit year fields.

RFC 1788 defines ICMP Domain Name messages. Section 3 defines a Domain Name Reply Packet, which contains a signed 32-bit integer. This timer is not Year 2000 reliant and is certainly large enough for its purposes.

RFC 1784 on TFTP Timeout Intervals and Transfer Size Options uses a field for the number of seconds for the timeout. It is an ASCII value from 1 to 255 octets in length. There is no Y2K issue.

RFC 1778 on String Representations of Standard Attribute Syntax's define UTC Time in Section 2.21 and uses that definition in Section 2.25 on User Certificates. Since UTC Time is being used, there is a potential millennium issue.

RFC 1777 on LDAP defines a timelimit in Section 4.3 which is expressed in seconds, but does not define any limits.

RFC 1440 on SIFT/UFT: Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer defines an optional DATE command in Section 5 of the form mm/dd/yy, which is subject to millennium issues.

RFC 1068 on the Background File Transfer Protocol (BFTP) defines two commands in Sections B.2.12 and B.2.13, the Submit and Time commands. >From the example usage's given in Appendix C it is clear that this protocol will function correctly through the year 9999.

RFC 1037 on NFILE (a file access protocol) discusses the a Date representation in Section 7.1 as the number of seconds since January 1, 1900, but does not limit the field size. There should be no Y2K issues.

RFC 998 on NETBLT defines a Death time in Section 8, which is the sender's death time in seconds.

RFC 978 on the Voice File Interchange Protocol defines the Total Time of a message to be a 32-bit number of deci-seconds. This limits the size of a message but has no millennium issues.

RFC 969 was obsoleted by RFC 998.

RFC 916 defines the Reliable Asynchronous Transfer Protocol (RATP). Three timers are discussed in an expository manner in Section 5.4 and its subsections. There are no relevant issues.

RFCs 2122, 2056, 2055, 2054, 2044, 2016, 1960, 1959, 1874, 1865, 1862, 1843, 1842, 1823, 1815, 1808, 1798, 1785, 1783, 1782, 1779, 1766, 1738, 1737, 1736, 1729, 1728, 1727, 1639, 1633, 1630, 1625, 1554, 1545, 1530, 1529, 1528, 1489, 1486, 1436, 1415, 1413, 1350, 1345, 1312, 1302, 1288, 1278, 1241, 1235, 1196, 1194, 1179, 1123, 1003, 971, 965, 959, 949, 913, 887, 866, 865, 864, 863, 862, 797, 795, 783, 775, 765, 751, 743, 742, 740, 737, 725, 722, 707, 691, 683, 662, 640, 624, 614, 607, 599, 412, 411, 410, 407, and 406 were found to have no references to dates or times, and hence no millennium issues.

RFCs 712, 697, 633, 630, 622, 610, 593, 592, 589, 573, 571, 570, 553, 551, 549, 543, 535, 532, 525, 520, 514, 506, 505, 504, 501, 499, 493, 490, 487, 486, 485, 480, 479, 478, 477, 472, 468, 467, 463, 454, 451, 448, 446, 438, 437, 436, 430, 429, 418, 414, and 409 were not available for review.

RFCs below 400 were considered too obsolete to even consider.

## 12. Network & Transport Layer

### 12.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were the Internet Protocol (IP) versions four and six, the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), the User Datagram Protocol (UDP), the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) and its extensions, Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) and Remote Procedure Call (RPC) protocol. A variety of less known protocols were also examined.

After careful review of the nearly 400 RFC's in this category, no millennium or year 2000 problems were found.

### 12.2 Specifics

RFC 2125 on the PPP Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP) in section 5.3 discusses the use of mandatory timers, but gives no mention as to how they are implemented.

RFC 2114 on a Data Link Switching Client Access Protocol defines a retry timer of five seconds in Section 3.4.1.

RFC 2097 on the PPP NetBIOS Frame Control Protocol discusses several timer and timeouts in Section 2.1, none of which suffers from a year 2000 problem.

RFC 2075 on the IP Echo Host Service discusses timestamps and has no millennium issues.

RFC 2005 on the Applicability for Mobile IP discusses using timestamps as a security measure to avoid replay attacks (Section 3.), but does not quantify them. There are no expected issues.

RFC 2002 on IP Mobility Support uses a 16-bit field for the lifetime of a connection and notes the 18.2 hour limitation that this imposes. Section 5.6.1 on replay protection requires the use of 64-bit time fields, of a similar format to NTP packets.

RFC 1981 on Path MTU Discovery for IPv6 discusses timestamps and their potential use to purge stale information in section 5.3. There is no millennium issues in this use.

RFC 1963 on the PPP Serial Data Transport Protocol defines a flow expiration time in section 4.9 which has no year 2000 issues.

RFC 1833 on Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2 defines a variable in Section 2.2.1 called RPCBPROC\_GETTIME which returns the local time in seconds since 1/1/1970. Since this value is not fields width dependent, it may or may not wrap around the 32-bit value depending on the operating system parameters.

RFC 1762 on the PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol discusses a number of timers in Section 5 (General Considerations). None of these timers experience any millennium issues.

RFC 1761 on Snoop Version 2 Packet Capture File Format discusses two 32-bit timestamp values on Section 4 on Packet Record Formats. The first of these may wrap in the year 2038, but should not effect anything of any import.

RFC 1755 on ATM Signalling Support for IP Over ATM discusses timing issues in Section 3.4 on VC Teardown. These limited timers have no year 2000 issues.

RFC 1692 on the Transport Multiplexing Protocol (TMux) defines a TTL in Section 2.3 and a timer in Section 3.3. Neither of these suffer from any millennium or year 2000 issues.

RFC 1661 on PPP defines three timers in Section 4.6, none of which have any year 2000 issues.

RFC 1644 on T/TCP (TCP Extensions for Transactions) mentions RFC 1323 and the extended timers recommended in it.

RFC 1575 defines an echo function for CNLP discusses in the narrative the use of the Lifetime Field in Section 5.3. There is nothing to suggest that there is any year 2000 issues.

RFC 1329 on Dual MAC FDDI Networks discusses ARP cache administration in Section 9.3 and 9.4 and various timers to expire entries.

RFC 1256 on ICMP Router Discovery Messages talks about lifetime fields in Section 2 and defines three router configuration variables in Section 4.1. None of these have any millennium issues.

RFC 792 on ICMP discusses Timestamps and Timestamp Reply messages which define a 32-bit timestamp which contains the number of milliseconds since midnight UT.

RFC 791 on the Internet Protocol defines a packet type 68 which is an Internet Timestamp, which defines a 32-bit field which contains the number of milliseconds since midnight UT.

RFC 781 was defines the same option which is codified in RFC 791 as a packet type 68.

RFC's 2126, 2118, 2113, 2107, 2106, 2105, 2098, 2067, 2043, 2023, 2019, 2018, 2009, 2004, 2003, 2001, 1994, 1993, 1990, 1989, 1979, 1978, 1977, 1976, 1975, 1974, 1973, 1972, 1967, 1962, 1954, 1946, 1937, 1936, 1934, 1933, 1932, 1931, 1926, 1924, 1919, 1918, 1917, 1916, 1915, 1897, 1888, 1887, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1881, 1878, 1877, 1868, 1860, 1859, 1853, 1841, 1832, 1831, 1809, 1795, 1791, 1770, 1764, 1763, 1756, 1754, 1752, 1744, 1735, 1726, 1719, 1717, 1710, 1707, 1705, 1698, 1693, 1688, 1687, 1686, 1683, 1682, 1681, 1680, 1679, 1678, 1677, 1676, 1674, 1673, 1672, 1671, 1670, 1669, 1667, 1663, 1662, 1638, 1634, 1631, 1629, 1624, 1622, 1621, 1620, 1619, 1618, 1613, 1605, 1604, 1598, 1590, 1577, 1570, 1561, 1560, 1553, 1552, 1551, 1549, 1548, 1547, 1538, 1526, 1518, 1498, 1490, 1483, 1475, 1466, 1454, 1435, 1434, 1433, 1393, 1390, 1385, 1379, 1378, 1377, 1376, 1375, 1374, 1365, 1363, 1362, 1356, 1347, 1337, 1335, 1334, 1333, 1332, 1331, 1326, 1323, 1314, 1307, 1306, 1294, 1293, 1277, 1263, 1240, 1237, 1236, 1234, 1226, 1223, 1220, 1219, 1210, 1209, 1201, 1191, 1188, 1185, 1172, 1171, 1166, 1162, 1151, 1146, 1145, 1144, 1141, 1139, 1134, 1132, 1122, 1110, 1106, 1103, 1088, 1086, 1085, 1078, 1072, 1071, 1070, 1069, 1063, 1062, 1057, 1055, 1051, 1050, 1046, 1045, 1044, 1042, 1030, 1029, 1027, 1025, 1016, 1008, 1007, 1006, 1002, 1001, 994, 986, 983, 982, 970, 964, 963, 962, 955, 948, 942, 941, 940, 936, 935, 932, 926, 925, 924, 922, 919, 917, 914, 905, 903, 896, 895, 894, 893, 892, 891, 889, 879, 877, 874, 872, 871, 848, 829, 826, 824, 815, 814, 813, 801, 793, 789, 787, 777, 768, 761, 760, 759, 730, 704, 696, 695, 692, 690, 689, 687, 685, 680, 675, 674, 660, 632, 626, 613, 611 were reviewed but were found to have no millennium references.

RFC's 594, 591, 576, 550, 548, 528, 521, 489, 488, 473, 460, 459, 450, 449, 445, 442, 434, 426, 417, 398, 395, 394, 359, 357, 348, 347, 346, 343, 312, 301, 300, 271, 241, 210, 203, 202, 197, 190, 178, 176, 175, 166, 165, 161, 151, 150, 146, 145, 143, 142, 128, 127, 123, 122, 93, 91, 80, 79, 70, 67, 65, 62, 60, 59, 56, 55, 54, 53, 41, 38, 33, 23, 22, 20, 19, 17, 12 were deemed too old to be considered for millennium investigation.

## 13. Electronic Mail

### 13.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Internet Mail Access Protocol (IMAP), Post Office Protocol (POP), Multipurpose Internet Mail Exchange (MIME), and X.400 to SMTP interaction.

After reviewing all mail-related RFCs, it was discovered that while some obsolete standards required two-digit years, all currently used standards require four-digit years and are thus not prone to typical Year 2000 problems.

### 13.2 Specifics

RFCs 821 and 822, the main basis for SMTP mail exchange and message format, originally required two-digit years. However, both of these RFCs were later modified by RFC 1123 in 1989, which strongly recommended 4-digit years. Although there might be a few very old SMTP systems using two-digit years, it is believed that almost all mail sent over the Internet today uses four-digit years. Mail that contains two-digit years in its SMTP headers will not "fail", but might be mis-sorted in message stores and mail user agents. This problem is avoided entirely by taking the RFC 1123 change as a requirement, rather than merely as a recommendation.

IMAP versions 1, 2, and 3 used two-digit years, but IMAP version 4 (defined in RFCs 1730 and 1732 in 1994) requires four-digit years. There are still a few IMAP 2 servers and clients in use on the Internet today, but IMAP version 4 has already taken over almost all of the IMAP market. Mail stored on an IMAP server or client with two-digit years will not "fail", but could possibly be mis-sorted or prematurely expired.

RFC 1153 describes a format for digests of mailing lists, and uses two-digit dates. This format is not widely used. The use of two-digit dates could possibly cause missorting of stored messages.

RFC 1327, which describes mapping between X.400 mail and SMTP mail, uses the UTCTime format.

RFC 1422 describes the structure of certificates that were used in PEM (and are expected to be used in many other mail and non-mail services). Those certificates use dates in UTCTime format. Poorly written software might prematurely expire or validate a certificate based on comparisons of the date with the current date, although no current software is known to do this.

## 14. Network Time Protocols

### 14.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were the Network Time Protocol (NTP), and the Time Protocol.

NTP has been certified year 2000 compliant, while the Time Protocol will "roll over" at Thu Feb 07 00:54:54 2036 GMT. Since NTP is the current defacto standard for network time this does not seem to be an issue.

### 14.2 Specifics

There is no reference anywhere in the NTP specification or implementation to any reference epoch other than 1 January 1900. In short, NTP doesn't know anything about the millennium.

>From the Time Protocol RFC (868):

S: Send the time as a 32 bit binary number.

...

The time is the number of seconds since 00:00 (midnight) 1 January 1900 GMT, such that the time 1 is 12:00:01 am on 1 January 1900 GMT; this base will serve until the year 2036.

## 15. Name Services

### 15.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were the Domain Name System (DNS), it's advanced add on features (Incremental Zone Transfer, etc.).

There have been no year 2000 relayed problems found with the DNS protocols, or common implementations of them.

## 15.2 Specifics

One is a common practice of writing serial numbers in zone files as if they represent a date, and using only two digits of the year. That practice cannot survive into the year 2000. This is not a protocol problem, the serial number is simply an integer, and any value is OK, provided it always increases (see rfc1982 for a definition of what that means). In any case, a change from 97abcd (or similar) to 00abcd would be a decrease and so is not permitted. Zone file maintainers have two choices, one easy (though irrational) one would be to continue from 99 to 100 and so on. The other, is simply to switch, at any time between now and when the serial number first needs updating after the year 2000, to use 4 digits to represent the year instead of 2. As long as there are no more than 6 digits in the "abcd" part, and this is done sometime before the year 2100, this is always an increase, and therefore always safe. Should any zone files be of the form yyabcdefg (with 7 digits after a 2-digit year) then the procedures of section 7 of rfc2182 should be adopted to convert the serial number to some other value.

The other item of note is related to timestamps in DNS security. Those are represented as 32 bit counts of seconds, based in 1970, and hence have no year 2000 problems. however, they do obviously have a natural end of life, and sometime before that time is reached, the definitions of those fields need to be corrected, perhaps to allow them to represent the number of seconds elapsed since the base, modulo  $2^{32}$ , which is likely to be adequate for the purposes of DNS security (signatures and keys are unlikely to need to be valid for more than 70 years). In any case, more work is needed in this area in the not too far distant future.

## 16 Network Management

### 16.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), a large number of Management Information Bases (MIBs) and the Common Management Information Protocol over TCP/IP (CMOT).

Although a few discrepancies have been found and outlined below, none of them should have an impact on interoperability.

### 16.2 Specifics

16.2.1 Use of GeneralizedTime in CMOT as defined in RFCs 1095 and 1189.

The standards for CMOT specify an unusual use for the GeneralizedTime type. (GeneralizedTime has a four-digit representation of the year.)

If the system generating the PDU does not have the current time, yet does have the time since last boot, then GeneralizedTime can be used to encode this information. The time since last boot will be added to the base time "0001 Jan 1 00:00:00.00" using the Gregorian calendar algorithm.

This is really a "Year 0" problem rather than a Year 2000 problem, and in any case, CMOT is not currently deployed.

### 16.2.2 UTCTime in SNMP Definitions

UTCTime is an ASN.1 type that includes a two-digit representation of the year. There are several options for UTCTime in ASN.1, that vary in precision and in local versus GMT, but these options all have two-digit years. The standards for SNMP definitions specify one particular format:

YYMMDDHHMMZ

The first usage of UTCTime in the standards for SNMP definitions goes all the way back to RFC 1303. It has persisted unchanged up through the current specifications in RFC 1902. The role of UTCTime in SNMP definitions is to record the history of an SNMP MIB module in the module itself, via two ASN.1 macros:

- o LAST-UPDATED
- o REVISION

Management applications that store and use MIB modules need to be smart about interpreting these UTCTimes, by prepending a "19" or a "20" as appropriate.

### 16.2.3 Objects in the Printer MIB (RFC 1559)

There are two objects in the Printer MIB that allow use of a date as an object value with no explicit guidance for formatting the value. The objects are prtInterpreterLangVersion and prtInterpreterVersion. Both are defined with a syntax of OCTET STRING. The descriptions for the objects allow the object value to contain a date, version code or other product specific information to identify the interpreter or language. The descriptions do not include an explicit statement recommending use of a four-digit year when a date is used as the object value.

#### 16.2.4 Dates in Mobile Network Tracing Records (RFC 2041)

The RFC specifies trace headers and footers with date fields that are character arrays of size 32. While 32 characters certainly provide enough room for a four-digit year, there's no explicit statement that these years must be represented with four digits.

### 17 Network News

#### 17.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were related to the Network News Protocol (NNTP).

There does exist a problem in both NNTP, RFC 977, and the Usenet News Message Format, RFC 10336. They both specify two-digit year format. A working group has been formed to update the network news protocols in general, and addressing this problem is on their list of work items.

#### 17.2 Specifics

The NNTP transfer protocols defined in RFC 977. Sections 3.7.1, the definition of the NEWGROUPS command, and 3.8.1, the NEWNEWS command, that dates must be specified in YYMMDD format.

The format for USENET news messages is defined in RFC 1036. The Date line is defined in section 2.1.2 and it is specified in RFC-822 format. It specifically disallows the standard UNIX ctime(3) format, which would allow for four digit years. Section 2.2.4 on Expires also mandates the same two-digit year format.

### 18. Real Time Services

#### 18.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were related to IP Multicast, RTP, and Internet Stream Protocol. A Year 2000 problem does occur in the Simple Network Paging Protocol, versions 2 & 3. Both define a HOLDuntil option which uses a YYMMDDHHMMSS+/-GMT field. Version 3 also defines a MStatus command, which is required to store, dates and times as YYMMDDHHMMSS+/-GMT.

#### 18.2 Specifics

RFC 2102 discusses Multicast support for NIMROD and has no mention of dates or time. RFC 2090 on TFTP Multicast options is also free from any date/time references.

RFC 2038 on RTP MPEG formats has three references to time: a Presentation Time Stamp (PTS), a Decoding Time Stamp (DTS), and a System Clock (SC) reference time. Each RTP packet contains a timestamp derived from the sender 90 kHz clock reference. Each of the header fields are defined in section 2.1, 3, and 3.3 are 32 bit fields. No mention is made of a "zero" start time, so it is presumed that this format will be valid until at least 2038.

Similarly RFC 2035 on the RTP JPEG format defines the same timestamp in section 3. RFC 2032 on RTP H.261 video streams uses a calculated time based on the original frame so once again there is no millennium issue. RFC 2029 on the RTP format for Sun's CellB video encoding mentions the RTP timestamp in section 2.1.

RFC 2022 defines support for multicast over UNI 3.0/3.1 based ATM networks. Section 5. defines a timeout value for connections between one and twenty minutes. Section 5.1.1 discusses several timers that are bound between five and ten seconds, while 5.1.3 requires an inactivity timer, which should also run between one and twenty minutes. Sections 5.1.5, 5.1.5.1, 5.1.5.2, 5.2.2, 5.4, 5.4.1, 5.4.2, 5.4.3, 6.1.3 and Appendix E all defines numerous timers, none of which have any millennium issues.

RFC 1890 on RTP profiles for audio and video conferences discusses a sampling frequency which has no issues. RFC 1889 on RTP discusses time formats in section 4, as the same 64 bit unsigned integer format that NTP uses. There is a "period" problem, which will occur in the year 2106. Section 5.1 is a more formalized discussion of the timestamp properties, while Section 6.3.1 discusses a variety of different timers all using the 64 bit field format, or a compressed 32-bit version of the inner octet of bytes. Section 8.2 discusses loop detection and how the various timers are used to determine if looping occurs.

RFC 1861 on Version 3 of the Simple Network Paging Protocol does have a Year 2000 problem. The protocol defines a HOLDuntil command in section 4.5.6 and a MSTATUS command in section 4.6.10, both of which require dates/times to be stored as YYMMDDHHMMSS+/-GMT. Clearly this format will be invalid after the end of 1999.

RFC 1821 has no date/time references. RFC 1819 on Version 2 of the Internet Stream Protocol defines a HELLO message format in section 6.1.2, which does contain a timer which is updated every millisecond. No year 2000 problems exist with this protocol.

RFC 1645 on Version 2 of the Simple Network Paging Protocol contains the same HOLDuntil field problem as version 3. The definition is contained section 4.4.6.

RFC 1458 on the Requirements of Multicast Protocols discusses a retransmission timer in section 4.23. and a general discussion of timer expiration in section 5, neither of which have any millennium concerns. RFC 1301 on the Multicast Transport Protocol defines a heartbeat interval of time in section 2.1, as well as retention and windows. Formal definitions for each are contained in sections 2.2.7, 2.2.8 and 2.2.9. The heartbeat is a 32 bit unsigned field, while the Window and Retention are both 16 bit unsigned fields. Section 3.4.2 gives examples values for these fields, which indicate no millennium issues.

RFC 1193 on Client Requirements for Real Time Services talks about time in section 4.4, but there are no Year 2000 issues. RFC 1190 have been obsoleted by RFC 1819, but the hello timer issues are similar.

RFCs 1789, 1768, 1703, 1614, 1569, 1568, 1546, 1469, 1453, 1313, 1257, 1197, 1112, 1054, 988, 966, 947, 809, 804, 803, 798, 769, 741, 511, 508, 420, 408 and 251 contain no date or time references.

## 19. Routing

### 19.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were Routing Information Protocol (RIP), the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) protocol, Classless InterDomain Routing (CIDR), the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP), and the InterDomain Routing Protocol (IDRP).

After careful examination both BGP and RIP have been found Year 2000 compliant.

There is a small Year 2000 issue in RFC 1786 on the Representation of IP Routing Policies in the ripe-81++ Routing Registry. In Appendices C the "changed" object parameter defines a format of <email-address> YYMMDD, and similarly in Appendix D "withdrawn" object identifier has the format of YYMMDD. Since these are only identifiers there should be little operational impact. Some application software may need to be modified.

IDRP suffers from the classic Year 2038 problem, by having a timestamp counter which rolls over at that time.

### 19.2 Specifics

RFC 2091 on Extensions to RIP to Support Demand Circuits defines three required and one optional timers in section 6. The Database Timer (6.1), the Hold down Timer (6.2), the Retransmission Time (6.3)

and the Over-Subscription Timer (6.4) are all counters, which have no millennium, issues. RFC 2081 on the applicability of RIPng discusses deletion of routes for a variety of issues, one of which is the garbage-collection timer exceeds 120 seconds. There are no Year 2000 issues. RFC 2080 on RIPng for IPv6, discusses various times in section 2.6, none of which have any millennium problems.

RFC 1987 on Ipsilon's General Switch Management protocol there is a Duration field defined in section 4, which has no relevant problems. Section 8.2 defines the procedure for dealing with timers. RFC 1953 on Ipsilon's Flow Management Specification for IPv4 defines the same procedure in section 3.2, as well as a lifetime field in the Redirect Message (Section 4.1). There are no millennium issues in either case.

There is a small Year 2000 issue in RFC 1786 on the Representation of IP Routing Policies in the ripe-81++ Routing Registry. In Appendices C the "changed" object parameter defines a format of <email-address> YYMMDD, and similarly in Appendix D "withdrawn" object identifier has the format of YYMMDD. Since these are only identifiers there should be little operational impact. Some application software may need to be modified.

RFC 1771 defines the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP). BGP does not have knowledge of absolute time, only relative time. There are five timers defined: Hold Timer, ConnectRetry Timer, KeepAlive Timer, MinRouteAdvertisementInterval and MinASOriginationInterval. There are no known issues regarding BGP and the millennium.

In RFC 1584, which defines Multicast Extensions to OSPF, three timers are defined in section 8.2: IGMPPollingInterval, IGMPTimeout, and IGMP polling timer. Section 8.4 defines an age parameter for the local groups database and section 9.3 outlines how to implement that age parameter. It is not expected that any connections lifetime will be long enough to cause any issues with these timers.

RFC 1583, OSPF, there are two types of timers defined in section 4.4, single-shot timers and interval timers. There are a number of timers defined in Section 9 including: HelloInterval, RouterDeadInterval, InfTransDelay, Hello Timer, Wait Timer and RxmtInterval. Section 10 also defines the Inactivity Timer. No millennium problem exists for any of these timers.

RFC 1582 is an earlier version of RFC 2091. Section 7 documents the same timers as noted above, with the same lack of a millennium issue.

RFC 1504 on Appletalk Update-Based Routing Protocol defines a 10-second period in Section 3, and hence has no relevant issues.

RFC 1479 which specifies IDPR Version 1, defines a timestamp field in section 1.5.1, which is a 32 bit unsigned integer number of seconds since January 1, 1970. The authors recognize the problem of timestamp exhaustion in 2038, but feel that the protocol will not be in use for that period. Sections 1.7, 2.1, and 4.3.1 also discuss the timestamp field. RFC 1478 on the IDPR Architecture, also discusses the same timestamp field in section 3.3.4. RFC 1477 again refers to the IDPR timestamp in section 4.2. Thus IDPR has no Year 2000 issue, but does have a period problem in the year 2038.

RFC 1075 on Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol devotes section 7 to time values. None of the timers have any millennium issues. RFC 1074, on the NFSNET backbone SPF IGP defines several hardcoded timers values in section 5.

RFC 1058 on RIP discusses the 30-second timers in section 3.3. There is no millennium issues related to RIP.

RFC 995 on the Requirements for Internet Gateways has extensive discussions of timers in section 7.1 and throughout A.1 and A.2. None of these timers suffer from the millennium problem.

RFC 911 on EGP on Berkeley Unix recommend timer values of 30 and 120 seconds.

RFC 904 which defines the Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP). There are a number of timers discussed in sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.4. None of these timers suffer from any relevant problems.

RFCs 2103, 2092, 2073, 2072, 2042, 2008, 1998, 1997, 1992, 1966, 1955, 1940, 1930, 1925, 1923, 1863, 1817, 1812, 1793, 1787, 1774, 1773, 1772, 1765, 1753, 1745, 1723, 1722, 1721, 1716, 1702, 1701, 1668, 1656, 1655, 1654, 1587, 1586, 1585, 1581, 1520, 1519, 1517, 1482, 1476, 1439, 1403, 1397, 1388, 1387, 1383, 1380, 1371, 1370, 1364, 1338, 1322, 1268, 1267, 1266, 1265, 1264, 1254, 1246, 1245, 1222, 1195, 1164, 1163, 1142, 1136, 1133, 1126, 1125, 1124, 1104, 1102, 1092, 1009, 985, 981, 975, 950, 898, 890, 888, 875, and 823 contain no date or time references.

## 20. Security

### 20.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were kerberos authentication protocol, Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS), One Time Password System (OTP), Privacy Enhanced Mail (PEM), security extensions to a variety of protocols including (but not limited to) RIPv2, HTTP, MIME, PPP, IP, Telnet and FTP.

Encryption and authentication algorithms are also examined.

RFC 1507 on Distributed Authentication Security Services (DASS) discusses time and secure time in an expository manner in Sections 1.2.2, 1.4.4 and 2.1. Section 3.6 defines absolute time as an UTC time with a precision of 1 second, and Section 4.1 discusses ANS.1 encoding of time values. Because of the imprecision of the UTC time definition there could be problems with this protocol.

RFCs 1421-1424 specifies that PEM uses UTC time formats which could have a Millennium issue since the year specification only provides the last two digits of the year.

## 20.2 Specifics

RFC 2082 on RIP-2 MD5 Authentication requires storage of security keys for a specified lifetime in sections 4.1 and 4.2. There are no millennium issues in this protocol.

RFC 2078 on the GSSAPI Version 2 defines numerous calls that use timers for inputs and outputs. Sections 2.1.1, 2.1.3, 2.1.4, 2.1.5, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.2.5 and 2.2.6 all use the lifetime\_rec field, which is defined as an integer counter in seconds. There should be no relevant problems with this protocol.

RFC 2069 on Digest Authentication for HTTP, defines a 'date' and a 1123 formats which is not subject to millennium issues. Section 3.2 discusses dates and times in the context of thwarting replay attacks, but have no relevant issues.

RFC 2065 on DNS Security extensions first discusses time in section 2.3.3. The SIG RDATA format is defined in Section 4.1 discusses "time signed" field and defines it to be a 32 bit unsigned integer number of seconds since January 1, 1970. There will be a period problem in 2038 because of rollover. Section 4.5 on the file representations of SIG RRs specifies the time field is expressed as YYYYMMDDHHMMSS which is clearly Year 2000 compliant.

RFC 2059 on RADIUS account formats defines a "time" attribute, which is optional which is a 32 bit unsigned integer number of seconds since January 1, 1970. Likewise RFC 2058 on RADIUS also defines this optional attribute in the same way. There will be a potential period problem that occurs on 2038.

RFC 2035 on the Simple Public Key GSSAPI Mechanism talks about secure timestamps in the background and overview sections only in an expository manner.

RFC 1969 on the PPP DES Encryption Protocol uses time as an example in Section 4 when discussing how to encrypt the first packet of a stream. It is suggested that the first 32 bits be used for the number of seconds since January 1, 1970. There could thus be a potential operations problem in 2038.

RFC 1898 on the CyberCash Credit Card Protocol provides an example message in Section 2.7 which uses a date field of the form YYYYMMDDHHMM that is clearly Y2K compliant.

RFC 1510, which defines Kerberos Version 5, makes extensive use of times in the security model. There are discussions in the Introduction, as well as Sections 1.2, and 3.1.3. Kerberos uses ASN.1 definitions to abstract values, and hence defines a base definition for KerberosTime which is a generalized time format in Section 5.2. >From the text: "Example: The only valid format for UTC time 6 minutes, 27 seconds after 9 p.m. on 6 November 1985 is 19851106210627Z." A side note is that the MIT reference implementation of the Kerberos, by default set the expiration of tickets to December 31, 1999. This is not protocol related but could have some operational impacts.

RFC 1509 on GSSAPI C-bindings makes a single reference that all counters are in seconds and assigned as 32 bit unsigned integers. Hence GSSAPI mechanisms may have problems in 2038.

RFC 1507 on Distributed Authentication Security Services (DASS) discusses time and secure time in an expository manner in Sections 1.2.2, 1.4.4 and 2.1. Section 3.6 defines absolute time as an UTC time with a precision of 1 second, and Section 4.1 discusses ANS.1 encoding of time values. Because of the imprecision of the UTC time definition there could be problems with this protocol.

RFC 1424 on PEM Part IV defines a self-signed certificate request in Section 3.1. The validity period start and end times are both suggested to be January 1, 1970. RFC 1422 on PEM Part II defines the validity period for a certificate in Section 3.3.6. It is recommended that UTC Time formats are used, and notes the lack of a century so that comparisons between different centuries must be done with care. No suggestions on how to do this are included. Sections 3.5.2 also discusses validity period in PEM CRLs. RFC 1421 on PEM Part I discusses validity periods in an expository way. PEM as a whole could have problems after December 31, 1999 based on its use of UTC Time.

RFCs 1113, 1114, and 1115 specify the original version of PEM and have been obsoleted by 1421, 1422, 1423, & 1424.

RFCs 2104, 2085, 2084, 2057, 2040, 2015, 1984, 1968, 1964, 1961, 1949, 1948, 1938, 1929, 1928, 1858, 1852, 1851, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1760, 1751, 1750, 1704, 1675, 1579, 1535, 1511, 1492, 1457, 1455, 1423, 1416, 1412, 1411, 1409, 1408, 1321, 1320, 1319, 1281, 1244, 1186, 1170, 1156, 1108, 1004, 972, 931, 927, 912, and 644 contain no date or time references.

## 21. Virtual Terminal

### 21.1 Summary

The RFC's which were categorized into this group were Telnet and its many extensions, as well as the Secure SHell (SSH) protocol. The X window system was not considered since it is not an IETF protocol. Official acknowledgement by the trustee's of the X window system was given that they will examine the protocol.

Unencrypted Telnet and TN3270 have both been found to be Year 2000 Compliant. The SSH protocols are also Year 2000 compliant.

### 21.2 Specifics

RFC 1013 on the X Windows version 11 alpha protocol defines a 32 bit unsigned integer timestamp in Section 4.

RFCs 2066, 1647, 1576, 1572, 1571, 1372, 1282, 1258, 1221, 1205, 1184, 1143, 1116, 1097, 1096, 1091, 1080, 1079, 1073, 1053, 1043, 1041, 1005, 946, 933, 930, 929, 907, 885, 884, 878, 861, 860, 859, 858, 857, 856, 855, 854, 851, 818, 802, 782, 779, 764, 749, 748, 747, 746, 736, 735, 734, 732, 731, 729, 728, 727, 726, 721, 719, 718, 701, 698, 658, 657, 656, 655, 654, 653, 652, 651, 647, 636, 431, 399, 393, 386, 365, 352, 340, 339, 328, 311, 297, 231, and 215 contain no date or time references.

RFCs 703, 702, 688, 679, 669, 659, 600, 596, 595, 587, 563, 562, 560, 559, 513, 495, 470, 466, 461, 447, 435, 377, 364, 318, 296, 216, 206, 205, 177, 158, 139, 137, 110, 97 were unavailable.

## 22. Other

### 22.1 Summary

This grouping was a hodge-podge of informational RFCs, April Fool's Jokes, IANA lists, and experimental RFCs. None were found to have any millennium issues.

## 22.2 Specifics

RFCs 2123, 2036, 2014, 2000, 1999, 1958, 1935, 1900, 1879, 1855, 1822, 1814, 1810, 1799, 1776, 1718, 1715, 1700, 1699, 1640, 1627, 1610, 1607, 1601, 1600, 1599, 1594, 1580, 1578, 1574, 1550, 1540, 1539, 1527, 1499, 1463, 1462, 1438, 1410, 1402, 1401, 1391, 1367, 1366, 1360, 1359, 1358, 1349, 1340, 1336, 1325, 1324, 1300, 1291, 1287, 1261, 1250, 1249, 1206, 1200, 1199, 1177, 1175, 1174, 1152, 1149, 1140, 1135, 1127, 1118, 1111, 1100, 1099, 1077, 1060, 1039, 1020, 1019, 999, 997, 992, 990, 980, 960, 945, 944, 943, 939, 909, 902, 900, 899, 873, 869, 846, 845, 844, 843, 842, 840, 839, 838, 837, 836, 835, 834, 833, 832, 831, 820, 817, 800, 776, 774, 770, 766, 762, 758, 755, 750, 745, 717, 637, 603, 602, 590, 581, 578, 529, 527, 526, 523, 519, 518, 496, 491, 432, 404, 403, 401, 372, 363, 356, 345, 330, 329, 327, 317, 316, 313, 295, 282, 263, 242, 239, 234, 232, 225, 223, 213, 209, 204, 198, 195, 173, 170, 169, 167, 154, 149, 148, 147, 140, 138, 132, 131, 130, 129, 126, 121, 112, 109, 107, 100, 95, 90, 68, 64, 57, 52, 51, 46, 43, 37, 27, 25, 21, 15, 10, and 9 were examined and none were found to have any date or time references, let alone millennium or Year 2000 issues.

## 23. Security Considerations

Although this document does consider the implications of various security protocols, there is no need for additional security considerations. The effect of a potential year 2000 problem may cause some security problems, but those problems are more of specific applications rather than protocol deficiencies introduced in this document.

## 24. References

Because of the exhaustive nature of this investigation, the reader is referred to the list of published RFC's available from the IETF Secretariat or the RFC Editor, rather than republishing them here.

## 25. Editors' Address

Philip J. Nesser II  
Nesser & Nesser Consulting  
13501 100th Ave N.E.  
Suite 5202  
Kirkland, WA 98052  
  
Phone: 425-481-4303  
EMail: [pjnesser@nesser.com](mailto:pjnesser@nesser.com)  
[pjnesser@martigny.ai.mit.edu](mailto:pjnesser@martigny.ai.mit.edu)

## Appendix A: List of RFC's for each Area

The following list contains the RFC's grouped by area that were searched for year 2000 problems.

Each line contains three fields are separated by '::'. The first field is the RFC number, the second field is the type of RFC (S = Standard, DS = Draft Standard, PS = Proposed Standard, E = Experimental, H = Historical, I = Informational, BC = Best Current Practice, '' = No Type), and the third field is the Title.

## A.1 Autoconfiguration

```

1971:: PS:: IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration
1970:: PS:: Neighbor Discovery for IP Version 6 (IPv6)
1542:: PS:: Clarifications and Extensions for the Bootstrap Protocol
1541:: PS:: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
1534:: PS:: Interoperation Between DHCP and BOOTP
1533:: PS:: DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions
1532:: PS:: Clarifications and Extensions for the Bootstrap Protocol
1531:: PS:: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
1497:: DS:: BOOTP Vendor Information Extensions
1395:: DS:: BOOTP Vendor Information Extensions
1084:: DS:: BOOTP vendor information extensions
1048:: DS:: BOOTP vendor information extensions
951:: DS:: Bootstrap Protocol
906::  :: Bootstrap loading using TFTP

```

## A.2 Directory Services

```

2120:: E :: Managing the X.500 Root Naming Context
2079:: PS:: Definition of X.500 Attribute Types and an Object Class
        to Hold Uniform Resource Identifiers (URIs)
1943:: I:: Building an X.500 Directory Service in the US
1914:: PS:: How to interact with a Whois++ mesh
1913:: PS:: Architecture of the Whois++ Index Service
1838:: E:: Use of the X.500 Directory to support mapping between
        X.400 and RFC 822 Addresses
1837:: E:: Representing Tables and Subtrees in the X.500 Directory
1836:: E:: Representing the O/R Address hierarchy in the X.500
        Directory Information Tree
1835:: PS:: Architecture of the WHOIS++ service
1834:: I:: Whois and Network Information Lookup Service Whois++
1781:: PS:: Using the OSI Directory to Achieve User Friendly Naming
1714:: I:: Referral Whois Protocol (RWhois)
1684:: I:: Introduction to White Pages services based on X.500
1637:: E:: DNS NSAP Resource Records
1632:: I:: A Revised Catalog of Available X.500 Implementations

```

- 1617:: I:: Naming and Structuring Guidelines for X.500 Directory Pilots
- 1609:: E:: Charting Networks in the X.500 Directory
- 1608:: E:: Representing IP Information in the X.500 Directory
- 1588:: I:: WHITE PAGES MEETING REPORT
- 1562:: I:: Naming Guidelines for the AARNet X.500 Directory Service
- 1491:: I:: A Survey of Advanced Usages of X.500
- 1488:: PS:: The X.500 String Representation of Standard Attribute Syntaxes
- 1487:: PS:: X.500 Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
- 1485:: PS:: A String Representation of Distinguished Names
- 1484:: E:: Using the OSI Directory to achieve User Friendly Naming
- 1430:: I:: A Strategic Plan for Deploying an Internet X.500 Directory Service
- 1400:: I:: Transition and Modernization of the Internet Registration Service
- 1384:: I:: Naming Guidelines for Directory Pilots
- 1355:: I:: Privacy and Accuracy Issues in Network Information Center Databases
- 1330:: I:: Recommendations for the Phase I Deployment of OSI Directory Services (X.500) and OSI Message Handling Services (X.400) within the ESnet Community
- 1309:: I:: Technical Overview of Directory Services Using the X.500 Protocol
- 1308:: I:: Executive Introduction to Directory Services Using the X.500 Protocol
- 1292:: I:: A Catalog of Available X.500 Implementations
- 1279:: : X.500 and Domains
- 1276:: PS:: Replication and Distributed Operations extensions to provide an Internet Directory using X.500
- 1275:: I:: Replication Requirements to provide an Internet Directory using X.500
- 1274:: PS:: The COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema
- 1255:: I:: A Naming Scheme for c=US
- 1218:: : A Naming Scheme for c=US
- 1202:: I:: Directory Assistance Service
- 1107:: : Plan for Internet directory services
- 954:: DS:: NICNAME/WHOIS
- 953:: H:: Hostname Server
- 812:: : NICNAME/WHOIS
- 756:: : NIC name server - a datagram-based information utility
- 752:: : Universal host table

=====

Disk Sharing

- 1813:: I:: NFS Version 3 Protocol Specification
- 1094:: H:: NFS: Network File System Protocol specification

=====

Games and Chat

- 1459:: E:: Internet Relay Chat Protocol

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=====
Information Services & File Transfer
2122:: PS:: VEMMI URL Specification
2070:: PS:: Internationalization of the Hypertext Markup Language
2068:: PS:: Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1
2056:: PS:: Uniform Resource Locators for Z39.50
2055:: I:: WebNFS Server Specification
2054:: I:: WebNFS Client Specification
2044:: I:: UTF-8, a transformation format of Unicode and ISO 10646
2016:: E:: Uniform Resource Agents (URAs)
1986:: E:: Experiments with a Simple File Transfer Protocol for
Radio Links using Enhanced Trivial File Transfer
Protocol (ETFTP)

1980:: I:: A Proposed Extension to HTML: Client-Side Image Maps
1960:: PS:: A String Representation of LDAP Search Filters
1959:: PS:: An LDAP URL Format
1945:: I:: Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.0
1942:: E:: HTML Tables
1874:: E:: SGML Media Types
1867:: E:: Form-based File Upload in HTML
1866:: PS:: Hypertext Markup Language - 2.0
1865:: I:: EDI Meets the Internet: Frequently Asked Questions
about Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) on the Internet
1862:: I:: Report of the IAB Workshop on Internet Information
Infrastructure, October 12-14, 1994
1843:: I:: HZ - A Data Format for Exchanging Files of Arbitrarily
Mixed Chinese and ASCII characters
1842:: I:: ASCII Printable Characters-Based Chinese Character
Encoding for Internet Messages
1823:: I:: The LDAP Application Program Interface
1815:: I:: Character Sets ISO-10646 and ISO-10646-J-1
1808:: PS:: Relative Uniform Resource Locators
1807:: I:: A Format for Bibliographic Records
1798:: PS:: Connection-less Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
1788:: E:: ICMP Domain Name Messages
1785:: I:: TFTP Option Negotiation Analysis
1784:: PS:: TFTP Timeout Interval and Transfer Size Options
1783:: PS:: TFTP Blocksize Option
1782:: PS:: TFTP Option Extension
1779:: DS:: A String Representation of Distinguished Names
1778:: DS:: The String Representation of Standard Attribute Syntaxes
1777:: DS:: Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
1766:: PS:: Tags for the Identification of Languages
1738:: PS:: Uniform Resource Locators (URL)
1737:: I:: Functional Requirements for Uniform Resource Names
1736:: I:: Functional Requirements for Internet Resource Locators
1729:: I:: Using the Z39.50 Information Retrieval Protocol in the
Internet Environment

```

1728:: I:: Resource Transponders  
 1727:: I:: A Vision of an Integrated Internet Information Service  
 1639:: E:: FTP Operation Over Big Address Records (FOOBAR)  
 1633:: I:: Integrated Services in the Internet Architecture  
 1630:: I:: Universal Resource Identifiers in WWW  
 1625:: I:: WAIS over Z39.50-1988  
 1558:: I:: A String Representation of LDAP Search Filters  
 1554:: I:: ISO-2022-JP-2: Multilingual Extension of ISO-2022-JP  
 1545:: E:: FTP Operation Over Big Address Records (FOOBAR)  
 1530:: I:: Principles of Operation for the TPC.INT Subdomain:  
 General Principles and Policy  
 1529:: I:: Principles of Operation for the TPC.INT Subdomain:  
 Remote Printing -- Administrative Policies  
 1528:: E:: Principles of Operation for the TPC.INT Subdomain:  
 Remote Printing -- Technical Procedures  
 1489:: I:: Registration of a Cyrillic Character Set  
 1486:: E:: An Experiment in Remote Printing  
 1440:: E:: SIFT/UFT: Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer  
 1436:: I:: The Internet Gopher Protocol (a distributed document  
 search and retrieval protocol)  
 1415:: PS:: FTP-FTAM Gateway Specification  
 1413:: PS:: Identification Protocol  
 1350:: S:: THE TFTP PROTOCOL (REVISION 2)  
 1345:: I:: Character Mnemonics & Character Sets  
 1312:: E:: Message Send Protocol  
 1302:: I:: Building a Network Information Services Infrastructure  
 1288:: DS:: The Finger User Information Protocol  
 1278:: I:: A String Encoding of Presentation Address  
 1241:: E:: A Scheme for an Internet Encapsulation Protocol: Version 1  
 1235:: E:: The Coherent File Distribution Protocol  
 1196:: DS:: The Finger User Information Protocol  
 1194:: DS:: The Finger User Information Protocol  
 1179:: I:: Line Printer Daemon Protocol  
 1123:: S:: Requirements for Internet hosts - application and support  
 1068:: :: Background File Transfer Program BFTP  
 1037:: H:: NFILE - a file access protocol  
 1003:: :: Issues in defining an equations representation standard  
 998:: E:: NETBLT: A bulk data transfer protocol  
 978:: :: Voice File Interchange Protocol VFIP  
 971:: :: Survey of data representation standards  
 969:: :: NETBLT: A bulk data transfer protocol  
 965:: :: Format for a graphical communication protocol  
 959:: S:: File Transfer Protocol  
 949:: :: FTP unique-named store command  
 916:: H:: Reliable Asynchronous Transfer Protocol RATP  
 913:: H:: Simple File Transfer Protocol  
 887:: E:: Resource Location Protocol  
 866:: S:: Active users

865:: S:: Quote of the Day Protocol  
 864:: S:: Character Generator Protocol  
 863:: S:: Discard Protocol  
 862:: S:: Echo Protocol  
 797:: : : Format for Bitmap files  
 795:: : : Service mappings  
 783:: DS:: TFTP Protocol revision 2  
 775:: : : Directory oriented FTP commands  
 765:: : : File Transfer Protocol specification  
 751:: : : Survey of FTP mail and MLFL  
 743:: : : FTP extension: XRSQ/XRCP  
 742:: PS:: NAME/FINGER Protocol  
 740:: H:: NETRJS Protocol  
 737:: : : FTP extension: XSEN  
 725:: : : RJE protocol for a resource sharing network  
 722:: : : Thoughts on interactions in distributed services  
 712:: : : Distributed Capability Computing System DCCS  
 707:: : : High-level framework for network-based resource sharing  
 697:: : : CWD command of FTP  
 691:: : : One more try on the FTP  
 683:: : : FTPSRV - Tenex extension for paged files  
 662:: : : Performance improvement in ARPANET file transfers  
       from Multics  
 640:: : : Revised FTP reply codes  
 633:: : : IMP/TIP preventive maintenance schedule  
 630:: : : FTP error code usage for more reliable mail service  
 624:: : : Comments on the File Transfer Protocol  
 622:: : : Scheduling IMP/TIP down time  
 614:: : : Response to RFC 607: "Comments on the File Transfer  
       Protocol"  
 610:: : : Further datalanguage design concepts  
 607:: : : Comments on the File Transfer Protocol  
 599:: : : Update on NETRJS  
 593:: : : Telnet and FTP implementation schedule change  
 592:: : : Some thoughts on system design to facilitate resource  
       sharing  
 589:: : : CCN NETRJS server messages to remote user  
 573:: : : Data and file transfer: Some measurement results  
 571:: : : Tenex FTP problem  
 570:: : : Experimental input mapping between NVT ASCII and UCSB  
       On Line System  
 553:: : : Draft design for a text/graphics protocol  
 551:: : : [Letter from Feinroth re: NYU, ANL, and LBL entering  
       the net, and FTP protocol]  
 549:: : : Minutes of Network Graphics Group meeting, 15-17  
       July 1973  
 543:: : : Network journal submission and delivery  
 542:: : : File Transfer Protocol

535:: :: Comments on File Access Protocol  
532:: :: UCSD-CC Server-FTP facility  
525:: :: MIT-MATHLAB meets UCSB-OLS -an example of resource sharing  
520:: :: Memo to FTP group: Proposal for File Access Protocol  
514:: :: Network make-work  
506:: :: FTP command naming problem  
505:: :: Two solutions to a file transfer access problem  
504:: :: Distributed resources workshop announcement  
501:: :: Un-muddling "free file transfer"  
499:: :: Harvard's network RJE  
493:: :: E.W., Jr Graphics Protocol  
490:: :: Surrogate RJS for UCLA-CCN  
487:: :: Free file transfer  
486:: :: Data transfer revisited  
485:: :: MIX and MIXAL at UCSB  
480:: :: Host-dependent FTP parameters  
479:: :: Use of FTP by the NIC Journal  
478:: :: FTP server-server interaction - II  
477:: :: Remote Job Service at UCSB  
472:: :: Illinois' reply to Maxwell's request for graphics  
information NIC 14925  
468:: :: FTP data compression  
467:: :: Proposed change to Host-Host Protocol:Resynchronization  
of connection status  
463:: :: FTP comments and response to RFC 430  
454:: :: File Transfer Protocol - meeting announcement and a new  
proposed document  
451:: :: Tentative proposal for a Unified User Level Protocol  
448:: :: Print files in FTP  
446:: :: Proposal to consider a network program resource notebook  
438:: :: FTP server-server interaction  
437:: :: Data Reconfiguration Service at UCSB  
436:: :: Announcement of RJS at UCSB  
430:: :: Comments on File Transfer Protocol  
429:: :: Character generator process  
418:: :: Server file transfer under TSS/360 at NASA Ames  
414:: :: File Transfer Protocol FTP status and further comments  
412:: :: User FTP documentation  
411:: :: New MULTICS network software features  
410:: :: Removal of the 30-second delay when hosts come up  
409:: :: Tenex interface to UCSB's Simple-Minded File System  
407:: H:: Remote Job Entry Protocol  
406:: :: Scheduled IMP software releases  
396:: :: Network Graphics Working Group meeting - second iteration  
387:: :: Some experiences in implementing Network Graphics  
Protocol Level 0  
385:: :: Comments on the File Transfer Protocol  
382:: :: Mathematical software on the ARPA Network

374:: :: IMP system announcement  
 373:: :: Arbitrary character sets  
 368:: :: Comments on "Proposed Remote Job Entry Protocol"  
 367:: :: Network host status  
 366:: :: Network host status  
 361:: :: Deamon processes on host 106  
 360:: :: Proposed Remote Job Entry Protocol  
 354:: :: File Transfer Protocol  
 351:: :: Graphics information form for the ARPANET graphics  
       resources notebook  
 342:: :: Network host status  
 338:: :: EBCDIC/ASCII mapping for network RJE  
 336:: :: Level 0 Graphic Input Protocol  
 335:: :: New interface - IMP/360  
 332:: :: Network host status  
 325:: :: Network Remote Job Entry program - NETRJS  
 324:: :: RJE Protocol meeting  
 314:: :: Network Graphics Working Group meeting  
 310:: :: Another look at Data and File Transfer Protocols  
 309:: :: Data and File Transfer workshop announcement  
 307:: :: Using network Remote Job Entry  
 306:: :: Network host status  
 299:: :: Information management system  
 298:: :: Network host status  
 294:: :: On the use of "set data type" transaction in  
       File Transfer Protocol  
 293:: :: Network host status  
 292:: :: E.W., Jr Graphics Protocol: Level 0 only  
 288:: :: Network host status  
 287:: :: Status of network hosts  
 286:: :: Network library information system  
 285:: :: Network graphics  
 283:: :: NETRJT: Remote Job Service Protocol for TIPS  
 281:: :: Suggested addition to File Transfer Protocol  
 268:: :: Graphics facilities information  
 267:: :: Network host status  
 266:: :: Network host status  
 265:: :: File Transfer Protocol  
 264:: :: Data Transfer Protocol  
 255:: :: Status of network hosts  
 252:: :: Network host status  
 250:: :: Some thoughts on file transfer  
 238:: :: Comments on DTP and FTP proposals  
 217:: :: Specifications changes for OLS, RJE/RJOR, and SMFS  
 199:: :: Suggestions for a network data-tablet graphics protocol  
 192:: :: Some factors which a Network Graphics Protocol must  
       consider  
 191:: :: Graphics implementation and conceptualization at

- Augmentation Research Center
- 189:: :: Interim NETRJS specifications
- 184:: :: Proposed graphic display modes
- 183:: :: EBCDIC codes and their mapping to ASCII
- 181:: :: Modifications to RFC 177
- 174:: :: UCLA - computer science graphics overview
- 172:: :: File Transfer Protocol
- 163:: :: Data transfer protocols
- 141:: :: Comments on RFC 114: A File Transfer Protocol
- 134:: :: Network Graphics meeting
- 133:: :: File transfer and recovery
- 125:: :: Response to RFC 86: Proposal for network standard format for a graphics data stream
- 114:: :: File Transfer Protocol
- 105:: :: Network specifications for Remote Job Entry and Remote Job Output Retrieval at UCSB
- 98:: :: Logger Protocol proposal
- 94:: :: Some thoughts on network graphics
- 88:: :: NETRJS: A third level protocol for Remote JobEntry
- 86:: :: Proposal for a network standard format for a data stream to control graphics display
- 83:: :: Language-machine for data reconfiguration

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Internet & Network Layer

- 2126:: PS:: ISO Transport Service on top of TCP (ITOT)
- 2125:: PS:: The PPP Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP) The PPP Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol (BACP)
- 2118:: I:: Microsoft Point-To-Point Compression (MPPC) Protocol
- 2114:: I:: Data Link Switching Client Access Protocol
- 2113:: PS:: IP Router Alert Option
- 2107:: I:: Ascend Tunnel Management Protocol - ATMP
- 2106:: I:: Data Link Switching Remote Access Protocol
- 2105:: I:: Cisco Systems' Tag Switching Architecture Overview
- 2098:: I:: Toshiba's Router Architecture Extensions for ATM:Overview
- 2097:: PS:: The PPP NetBIOS Frames Control Protocol (NBFCP)
- 2075:: I:: IP Echo Host Service
- 2067:: DS:: IP over HIPPI
- 2043:: PS:: The PPP SNA Control Protocol (SNACP)
- 2023:: PS:: IP Version 6 over PPP
- 2019:: PS:: Transmission of IPv6 Packets Over FDDI
- 2018:: PS:: TCP Selective Acknowledgment Options
- 2009:: E:: GPS-Based Addressing and Routing
- 2005:: PS:: Applicability Statement for IP Mobility Support
- 2004:: PS:: Minimal Encapsulation within IP
- 2003:: PS:: IP Encapsulation within IP
- 2002:: PS:: IP Mobility Support
- 2001:: PS:: TCP Slow Start, Congestion Avoidance, Fast Retransmit, and Fast Recovery Algorithms

1994:: DS:: PPP Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)  
 1993:: I:: PPP Gandalf FZA Compression Protocol  
 1990:: DS:: The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)  
 1989:: DS:: PPP Link Quality Monitoring  
 1981:: PS:: Path MTU Discovery for IP version 6  
 1979:: I:: PPP Deflate Protocol  
 1978:: I:: PPP Predictor Compression Protocol  
 1977:: I:: PPP BSD Compression Protocol  
 1976:: I:: PPP for Data Compression in Data Circuit-Terminating  
 Equipment (DCE)  
 1975:: I:: PPP Magnalink Variable Resource Compression  
 1974:: I:: PPP Stac LZS Compression Protocol  
 1973:: PS:: PPP in Frame Relay  
 1972:: PS:: A Method for the Transmission of IPv6 Packets over  
 Ethernet Networks  
 1967:: I:: PPP LZS-DCP Compression Protocol (LZS-DCP)  
 1963:: I:: PPP Serial Data Transport Protocol (SDTP)  
 1962:: PS:: The PPP Compression Control Protocol (CCP)  
 1954:: I:: Transmission of Flow Labelled IPv4 on ATM Data Links  
 Ipsilon Version 1.0  
 1946:: I:: Native ATM Support for ST2+  
 1937:: I:: Local/Remote Forwarding Decision in Switched Data  
 Link Subnetworks  
 1936:: I:: Implementing the Internet Checksum in Hardware  
 1934:: I:: Ascend's Multilink Protocol Plus (MP+)  
 1933:: PS:: Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers  
 1932:: I:: IP over ATM: A Framework Document  
 1931:: I:: Dynamic RARP Extensions and Administrative Support for  
 Automatic Network Address Allocation  
 1926:: I:: An Experimental Encapsulation of IP Datagrams on  
 Top of ATM  
 1924:: I:: A Compact Representation of IPv6 Addresses  
 1919:: I:: Classical versus Transparent IP Proxies  
 1918:: BC:: Address Allocation for Private Internets  
 1917:: BC:: An Appeal to the Internet Community to Return Unused  
 IP Networks (Prefixes) to the IANA  
 1916:: I:: Enterprise Renumbering  
 1915:: BC:: Variance for The PPP Connection Control Protocol and  
 The PPP Encryption Control Protocol  
 1897:: E:: IPv6 Testing Address Allocation  
 1888:: E:: OSI NSAPs and IPv6  
 1887:: I:: An Architecture for IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation  
 1885:: PS:: Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) for the Internet  
 Protocol Version 6 (IPv6)  
 1884:: PS:: IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture  
 1883:: PS:: Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification  
 1881:: I:: IPv6 Address Allocation Management  
 1878:: I:: Variable Length Subnet Table For IPv4

1877:: I:: PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol Extensions for  
Name Server Addresses  
1868:: E:: ARP Extension - UNARP  
1860:: I:: Variable Length Subnet Table For IPv4  
1859:: I:: ISO Transport Class 2 Non-use of Explicit Flow Control  
over TCP RFC1006 extension  
1853:: I:: IP in IP Tunneling  
1841:: I:: PPP Network Control Protocol for LAN Extension  
1833:: PS:: Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2  
1832:: PS:: XDR  
1831:: PS:: RPC  
1809:: I:: Using the Flow Label Field in IPv6  
1795:: I:: Data Link Switching  
1791:: E:: TCP And UDP Over IPX Networks With Fixed Path MTU  
1770:: I:: IPv4 Option for Sender Directed Multi-Destination Delivery  
1764:: PS:: The PPP XNS IDP Control Protocol (XNSCP)  
1763:: PS:: The PPP Banyan Vines Control Protocol (BVCP)  
1762:: DS:: The PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol (DNCP)  
1761:: I:: Snoop Version 2 Packet Capture File Format  
1756:: E:: REMOTE WRITE PROTOCOL - VERSION 1.0  
1755:: PS:: ATM Signaling Support for IP over ATM  
1754:: I:: IP over ATM Working Group's Recommendations for the  
ATM Forum's Multiprotocol BOF Version 1  
1752:: PS:: The Recommendation for the IP Next Generation Protocol  
1744:: I:: Observations on the Management of the Internet Address  
Space  
1735:: E:: NBMA Address Resolution Protocol (NARP)  
1726:: I:: Technical Criteria for Choosing IP  
1719:: I:: A Direction for IPng  
1717:: PS:: The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)  
1710:: I:: Simple Internet Protocol Plus White Paper  
1707:: I:: CATNIP  
1705:: I:: Six Virtual Inches to the Left  
1698:: I:: Octet Sequences for Upper-Layer OSI to Support Basic  
Communications Applications  
1693:: E:: An Extension to TCP  
1692:: PS:: Transport Multiplexing Protocol (TMux)  
1688:: I:: IPng Mobility Considerations  
1687:: I:: A Large Corporate User's View of IPng  
1686:: I:: IPng Requirements  
1683:: I:: Multiprotocol Interoperability In IPng  
1682:: I:: IPng BSD Host Implementation Analysis  
1681:: I:: On Many Addresses per Host  
1680:: I:: IPng Support for ATM Services  
1679:: I:: HPN Working Group Input to the IPng Requirements  
Solicitation  
1678:: I:: IPng Requirements of Large Corporate Networks  
1677:: I:: Tactical Radio Frequency Communication Requirements

for IPng

1676:: I:: INFN Requirements for an IPng

1674:: I:: A Cellular Industry View of IPng

1673:: I:: Electric Power Research Institute Comments on IPng

1672:: I:: Accounting Requirements for IPng

1671:: I:: IPng White Paper on Transition and Other Considerations

1670:: I:: Input to IPng Engineering Considerations

1669:: I:: Market Viability as a IPng Criteria

1667:: I:: Modeling and Simulation Requirements for IPng

1663:: PS:: PPP Reliable Transmission

1662:: S:: PPP in HDLC-like Framing

1661:: S:: The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

1644:: E:: T/TCP -- TCP Extensions for Transactions Functional Specification

1638:: PS:: PPP Bridging Control Protocol (BCP)

1634:: I:: Novell IPX Over Various WAN Media (IPXWAN)

1631:: I:: The IP Network Address Translator (Nat)

1629:: DS:: Guidelines for OSI NSAP Allocation in the Internet

1626:: PS:: Default IP MTU for use over ATM AAL5

1624:: I:: Computation of the Internet Checksum via Incremental Update

1622:: I:: Pip Header Processing

1621:: I:: Pip Near-term Architecture

1620:: I:: Internet Architecture Extensions for Shared Media

1619:: PS:: PPP over SONET/SDH

1618:: PS:: PPP over ISDN

1613:: I:: cisco Systems X.25 over TCP (XOT)

1605:: I:: SONET to Sonnet Translation

1604:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Frame Relay Service

1598:: PS:: PPP in X.25

1590:: I:: Media Type Registration Procedure

1577:: PS:: Classical IP and ARP over ATM

1575:: DS:: An Echo Function for CLNP (ISO 8473)

1570:: PS:: PPP LCP Extensions

1561:: E:: Use of ISO CLNP in TUBA Environments

1560:: I:: The MultiProtocol Internet

1553:: PS:: Compressing IPX Headers Over WAN Media (CIPX)

1552:: PS:: The PPP Internetwork Packet Exchange Control Protocol (IPXCP)

1551:: I:: Novell IPX Over Various WAN Media (IPXWAN)

1549:: DS:: PPP in HDLC Framing

1548:: DS:: The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

1547:: I:: Requirements for an Internet Standard Point-to-Point Protocol

1538:: I:: Advanced SNA/IP

1526:: I:: Assignment of System Identifiers for TUBA/CLNP Hosts

1518:: PS:: An Architecture for IP Address Allocation with CIDR

1498:: I:: On the Naming and Binding of Network Destinations

1490:: DS:: Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay  
 1483:: PS:: Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM Adaptation Layer 5  
 1475:: E:: TP/IX  
 1466:: I:: Guidelines for Management of IP Address Space  
 1454:: I:: Comparison of Proposals for Next Version of IP  
 1435:: I:: IESG Advice from Experience with Path MTU Discovery  
 1434:: I:: Data Link Switching  
 1433:: E:: Directed ARP  
 1393:: E:: Traceroute Using an IP Option  
 1390:: S:: Transmission of IP and ARP over FDDI Networks  
 1385:: I:: EIP  
 1379:: I:: Extending TCP for Transactions -- Concepts  
 1378:: PS:: The PPP AppleTalk Control Protocol (ATCP)  
 1377:: PS:: The PPP OSI Network Layer Control Protocol (OSINLCP)  
 1376:: PS:: The PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol (DNCP)  
 1375:: I:: Suggestion for New Classes of IP Addresses  
 1374:: PS:: IP and ARP on HIPPI  
 1365:: I:: An IP Address Extension Proposal  
 1363:: E:: A Proposed Flow Specification  
 1362:: I:: Novell IPX Over Various WAN Media (IPXWAN)  
 1356:: PS:: Multiprotocol Interconnect on X.25 and ISDN in the Packet Mode  
 1347:: I:: TCP and UDP with Bigger Addresses (TUBA), A Simple Proposal for Internet Addressing and Routing  
 1337:: I:: TIME-WAIT Assassination Hazards in TCP  
 1335:: :: A Two-Tier Address Structure for the Internet  
 1334:: PS:: PPP Authentication Protocols  
 1333:: PS:: PPP Link Quality Monitoring  
 1332:: PS:: The PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP)  
 1331:: PS:: The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) for the Transmission of Multi-protocol Datagrams over Point-to-Point Links  
 1329:: I:: Thoughts on Address Resolution for Dual MAC FDDI Networks  
 1326:: I:: Mutual Encapsulation Considered Dangerous  
 1323:: PS:: TCP Extensions for High Performance  
 1314:: PS:: A File Format for the Exchange of Images in the Internet  
 1307:: E:: Dynamically Switched Link Control Protocol  
 1306:: I:: Experiences Supporting By-Request Circuit-Switched T3 Networks  
 1294:: PS:: Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay  
 1293:: PS:: Inverse Address Resolution Protocol  
 1277:: PS:: Encoding Network Addresses to Support Operation Over Non-OSI Lower Layers  
 1263:: I:: TCP Extensions Considered Harmful  
 1256:: PS:: ICMP Router Discovery Messages  
 1240:: PS:: OSI Connectionless Transport Services on top of UDP  
 1237:: PS:: Guidelines for OSI NSAP Allocation in the Internet  
 1236:: :: IP to X.121 Address Mapping for DDN  
 1234:: PS:: Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Networks

1226:: E:: Internet Protocol Encapsulation of AX.25 Frames  
 1223:: :: OSI CLNS and LLC1 Protocols on Network Systems HYPERchannel  
 1220:: PS:: Point-to-Point Protocol Extensions for Bridging  
 1219:: :: On the Assignment of Subnet Numbers  
 1210:: :: Network and Infrastructure User Requirements for  
 Transatlantic Research Collaboration - Brussels,  
 July 16-18, and Washington July 24-25, 1990  
 1209:: DS:: The Transmission of IP Datagrams over the SMDS Service  
 1201:: H:: Transmitting IP Traffic over ARCNET Networks  
 1191:: DS:: Path MTU Discovery  
 1188:: DS:: A Proposed Standard for the Transmission of IP Datagrams  
 over FDDI Networks  
 1185:: E:: TCP Extension for High-Speed Paths  
 1172:: PS:: The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) Initial Configuration  
 Options  
 1171:: DS:: The Point-to-Point Protocol for the Transmission of  
 Multi-Protocol Datagrams Over Point-to-Point Links  
 1166:: :: Internet Numbers  
 1162:: :: Connectionless Network Protocol (ISO 8473) and End  
 System to Intermediate System (ISO 9542) Management  
 Information Base  
 1151:: E:: Version 2 of the Reliable Data Protocol (RDP)  
 1146:: E:: TCP Alternate Checksum Options  
 1145:: E:: TCP Alternate Checksum Options  
 1144:: PS:: Compressing TCP/IP headers for low-speed serial links  
 1141:: :: Incremental Updating of the Internet Checksum  
 1139:: PS:: Echo function for ISO 8473  
 1134:: PS:: Point-to-Point Protocol  
 1132:: S:: Standard for the transmission of 802.2 packets over  
 IPX networks  
 1122:: S:: Requirements for Internet hosts - communication layers  
 1110:: :: Problem with the TCP big window option  
 1106:: :: TCP big window and NAK options  
 1103:: PS:: Proposed standard for the transmission of IP datagrams  
 over FDDI Networks  
 1088:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over  
 NetBIOS networks  
 1086:: :: ISO-TP0 bridge between TCP and X.25  
 1085:: :: ISO presentation services on top of TCP/IP based internets  
 1078:: :: TCP port service Multiplexer TCPMUX  
 1072:: E:: TCP extensions for long-delay paths  
 1071:: :: Computing the Internet checksum  
 1070:: :: Use of the Internet as a subnetwork for experimentation  
 with the OSI network layer  
 1069:: :: Guidelines for the use of Internet-IP addresses in the  
 ISO Connectionless-Mode Network Protocol  
 1063:: :: IP MTU Discovery options  
 1062:: :: Internet numbers

1057:: I:: RPC  
 1055:: S:: Nonstandard for transmission of IP datagrams over serial lines  
 1051:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams and ARP packets over ARCNET networks  
 1050:: H:: RPC  
 1046:: :: Queuing algorithm to provide type-of-service for IP links  
 1045:: E:: VMTP  
 1044:: S:: Internet Protocol on Network System's HYPERchannel  
 1042:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks  
 1030:: :: On testing the NETBLT Protocol over divers networks  
 1029:: :: More fault tolerant approach to address resolution for a Multi-LAN system of Ethernets  
 1027:: :: Using ARP to implement transparent subnet gateways  
 1025:: :: TCP and IP bake off  
 1016:: :: Something a host could do with source quench  
 1008:: :: Implementation guide for the ISO Transport Protocol  
 1007:: :: Military supplement to the ISO Transport Protocol  
 1006:: S:: ISO transport services on top of the TCP  
 1002:: S:: Protocol standard for a NetBIOS service on a TCP/UDP transport  
 1001:: S:: Protocol standard for a NetBIOS service on a TCP/UDP transport  
 994:: :: Final text of DIS 8473, Protocol for Providing the Connectionless-mode Network Service  
 986:: :: Guidelines for the use of Internet-IP addresses in the ISO Connectionless-Mode Network Protocol [Working draft]  
 983:: :: ISO transport arrives on top of the TCP  
 982:: :: Guidelines for the specification of the structure of the Domain Specific Part DSP of the ISO standard NSAP address  
 970:: :: On packet switches with infinite storage  
 964:: :: Some problems with the specification of the Military Standard Transmission Control Protocol  
 963:: :: Some problems with the specification of the Military Standard Internet Protocol  
 962:: :: TCP-4 prime  
 955:: :: Towards a transport service for transaction processing applications  
 948:: :: Two methods for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802.3 networks  
 942:: :: Transport protocols for Department of Defense data networks  
 941:: :: Addendum to the network service definition covering network layer addressing  
 940:: :: Toward an Internet standard scheme for subnetting  
 936:: :: Another Internet subnet addressing scheme  
 935:: :: Reliable link layer protocols

932:: :: Subnetwork addressing scheme  
 926:: :: Protocol for providing the connectionless mode network services  
 925:: :: Multi-LAN address resolution  
 924:: :: Official ARPA-Internet protocols for connecting personal computers to the Internet  
 922:: S:: Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets  
 919:: S:: Broadcasting Internet datagrams  
 917:: :: Internet subnets  
 914:: H:: Thinwire protocol for connecting personal computers to the Internet  
 905:: :: ISO Transport Protocol specification ISO DP 8073  
 903:: S:: Reverse Address Resolution Protocol  
 896:: :: Congestion control in IP/TCP internetworks  
 895:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over experimental Ethernet networks  
 894:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks  
 893:: :: Trailer encapsulations  
 892:: :: ISO Transport Protocol specification [Draft]  
 891:: S:: DCN local-network protocols  
 889:: :: Internet delay experiments  
 879:: :: TCP maximum segment size and related topics  
 877:: S:: Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over public data networks  
 874:: :: Critique of X.25  
 872:: :: TCP-on-a-LAN  
 871:: :: Perspective on the ARPANET reference model  
 848:: :: Who provides the "little" TCP services?  
 829:: :: Packet satellite technology reference sources  
 826:: S:: Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol  
 824:: :: CRONUS Virtual Local Network  
 815:: :: IP datagram reassembly algorithms  
 814:: :: Name, addresses, ports, and routes  
 813:: :: Window and acknowledgement strategy in TCP  
 801:: :: NCP/TCP transition plan  
 793:: S:: Transmission Control Protocol  
 792:: S:: Internet Control Message Protocol  
 791:: S:: Internet Protocol  
 789:: :: Vulnerabilities of network control protocols  
 787:: :: Connectionless data transmission survey/tutorial  
 781:: :: Specification of the Internet Protocol IP timestamp option  
 777:: :: Internet Control Message Protocol  
 768:: S:: User Datagram Protocol  
 761:: :: DOD Standard Transmission Control Protocol  
 760:: :: DoD standard Internet Protocol  
 759:: H:: Internet Message Protocol  
 730:: :: Extensible field addressing

704:: :: IMP/Host and Host/IMP Protocol change  
 696:: :: Comments on the IMP/Host and Host/IMP Protocol changes  
 695:: :: Official change in Host-Host Protocol  
 692:: :: Comments on IMP/Host Protocol changes RFCs 687 and 690  
 690:: :: Comments on the proposed Host/IMP Protocol changes  
 689:: :: Tenex NCP finite state machine for connections  
 687:: :: IMP/Host and Host/IMP Protocol changes  
 685:: :: Response time in cross network debugging  
 680:: :: Message Transmission Protocol  
 675:: :: Specification of Internet Transmission Control Program  
 674:: :: Procedure call documents - version 2  
 660:: :: Some changes to the IMP and the IMP/Host interface  
 632:: :: Throughput degradations for single packet messages  
 626:: :: On a possible lockup condition in IMP subnet due to  
 message sequencing  
 613:: :: Network connectivity  
 611:: :: Two changes to the IMP/Host Protocol to improve  
 user/network communications  
 594:: :: Speedup of Host-IMP interface  
 591:: :: Addition to the Very Distant Host specifications  
 576:: :: Proposal for modifying linking  
 550:: :: NIC NCP experiment  
 548:: :: Hosts using the IMP Going Down message  
 528:: :: Software checksumming in the IMP and network reliability  
 521:: :: Restricted use of IMP DDT  
 489:: :: Comment on resynchronization of connection status proposal  
 488:: :: NLS classes at network sites  
 476:: :: IMP/TIP memory retrofit schedule rev. 2  
 473:: :: MIX and MIXAL?  
 460:: :: NCP survey  
 459:: :: Network questionnaires  
 450:: :: MULTICS sampling timeout change  
 449:: :: Current flow-control scheme for IMPSYS  
 445:: :: IMP/TIP preventive maintenance schedule  
 442:: :: Current flow-control scheme for IMPSYS  
 434:: :: IMP/TIP memory retrofit schedule  
 426:: :: Reconnection Protocol  
 417:: :: Link usage violation  
 398:: :: ICP sockets  
 395:: :: Switch settings on IMPs and TIPS  
 394:: :: Two proposed changes to the IMP-Host Protocol  
 359:: :: Status of the release of the new IMP System  
 357:: :: Echoing strategy for satellite links  
 348:: :: Discard process  
 347:: :: Echo process  
 346:: :: Satellite considerations  
 343:: :: IMP System change notification  
 312:: :: Proposed change in IMP-to-Host Protocol

301:: :: BBN IMP #5 and NCC schedule March 4, 1971  
 300:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
 271:: :: IMP System change notifications  
 241:: :: Connecting computers to MLC ports  
 210:: :: Improvement of flow control  
 203:: :: Achieving reliable communication  
 202:: :: Possible deadlock in ICP  
 197:: :: Initial Connection Protocol - Reviewed  
 190:: :: DEC PDP-10-IMLAC communications system  
 178:: :: Network graphic attention handling  
 176:: :: Comments on "Byte size for connections"  
 175:: :: Comments on "Socket conventions reconsidered"  
 166:: :: Data Reconfiguration Service  
 165:: :: Proffered official Initial Connection Protocol  
 161:: :: Solution to the race condition in the ICP  
 151:: :: Comments on a proffered official ICP  
 150:: :: Use of IPC facilities  
 146:: :: Views on issues relevant to data sharing on computer  
       networks  
 145:: :: Initial Connection Protocol control commands  
 143:: :: Regarding proffered official ICP  
 142:: :: Time-out mechanism in the Host-Host Protocol  
 128:: :: Bytes  
 127:: :: Comments on RFC 123  
 123:: :: Proffered official ICP  
 122:: :: Network specifications for UCSB's Simple-Minded File  
       System  
 93:: :: Initial Connection Protocol  
 91:: :: Proposed User-User Protocol  
 80:: :: Protocols and data formats  
 79:: :: Logger Protocol error  
 70:: :: Note on padding  
 67:: :: Proposed change to Host/IMP spec to eliminate marking  
 65:: :: Comments on Host/Host Protocol document #1  
 62:: :: Systems for interprocess communication in a resource  
       sharing computer network  
 60:: :: Simplified NCP Protocol  
 59:: :: Flow control - fixed versus demand allocation  
 56:: :: Third level protocol  
 55:: :: Prototypical implementation of the NCP  
 54:: :: Official protocol proffering  
 53:: :: Official protocol mechanism  
 41:: :: IMP-IMP teletype communication  
 38:: :: Comments on network protocol from NWG/RFC #36  
 33:: :: New Host-Host Protocol  
 23:: :: Transmission of multiple control messages  
 22:: :: Host-host control message formats  
 20:: :: ASCII format for network interchange

- 19:: :: Two protocol suggestions to reduce congestion at swap bound nodes
- 17:: :: Some questions re
- 12:: :: IMP-Host interface flow diagrams

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Mail

- 2112:: PS:: The MIME Multipart/Related Content-type
- 2111:: PS:: Content-ID and Message-ID Uniform Resource Locators
- 2110:: PS:: MIME E-mail Encapsulation of Aggregate Documents, such as HTML (MHTML)
- 2109:: PS:: HTTP State Management Mechanism
- 2095:: PS:: IMAP/POP AUTHorize Extension for Simple Challenge/Response
- 2088:: PS:: IMAP4 non-synchronizing literals
- 2087:: PS:: IMAP4 QUOTA extension
- 2086:: PS:: IMAP4 ACL extension
- 2077:: PS:: The Model Primary Content Type for Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions
- 2076:: I:: Common Internet Message Headers
- 2062:: I:: Internet Message Access Protocol - Obsolete Syntax
- 2061:: I:: IMAP4 COMPATIBILITY WITH IMAP2BIS
- 2060:: PS:: INTERNET MESSAGE ACCESS PROTOCOL - VERSION 4rev1
- 2049:: DS:: Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Five
- 2048:: BC:: Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Four
- 2047:: DS:: MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions) Part Three
- 2046:: DS:: Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two
- 2045:: DS:: Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part One
- 2034:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for Returning Enhanced Error Codes
- 2033:: I:: Local Mail Transfer Protocol
- 2017:: PS:: Definition of the URL MIME External-Body Access-Type
- 1991:: I:: PGP Message Exchange Formats
- 1985:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for Remote Message Queue Starting
- 1957:: I:: Some Observations on Implementations of the Post Office Protocol (POP3)
- 1947:: I:: Greek Character Encoding for Electronic Mail Messages
- 1939:: S:: Post Office Protocol - Version 3
- 1927:: I:: Suggested Additional MIME Types for Associating Documents
- 1922:: I:: Chinese Character Encoding for Internet Messages
- 1911:: E:: Voice Profile for Internet Mail
- 1896:: I:: The text/enriched MIME Content-type
- 1895:: I:: The Application/CALS-1840 Content-type
- 1894:: PS:: An Extensible Message Format for Delivery Status Notifications
- 1893:: PS:: Enhanced Mail System Status Codes
- 1892:: PS:: The Multipart/Report Content Type for the Reporting of Mail System Administrative Messages
- 1891:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for Delivery Status Notifications
- 1873:: E:: Message/External-Body Content-ID Access Type
- 1872:: E:: The MIME Multipart/Related Content-type

1870:: S:: SMTP Service Extension for Message Size Declaration  
 1869:: S:: SMTP Service Extensions  
 1864:: DS:: The Content-MD5 Header Field  
 1854:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for Command Pipelining  
 1848:: PS:: MIME Object Security Services  
 1847:: PS:: Security Multiparts for MIME  
 1846:: E:: SMTP 521 reply code  
 1845:: E:: SMTP Service Extension for Checkpoint/Restart  
 1844:: I:: Multimedia E-mail (MIME) User Agent checklist  
 1830:: E:: SMTP Service Extensions for Transmission of Large  
 and Binary MIME Messages  
 1820:: I:: Multimedia E-mail (MIME) User Agent Checklist  
 1806:: E:: Communicating Presentation Information in Internet  
 Messages  
 1804:: E:: Schema Publishing in X.500 Directory  
 1803:: I:: Recommendations for an X.500 Production Directory Service  
 1801:: E:: MHS use of the X.500 Directory to support MHS Routing  
 1767:: PS:: MIME Encapsulation of EDI Objects  
 1741:: I:: MIME Content Type for BinHex Encoded Files  
 1740:: PS:: MIME Encapsulation of Macintosh files - MacMIME  
 1734:: PS:: POP3 AUTHentication command  
 1733:: I:: DISTRIBUTED ELECTRONIC MAIL MODELS IN IMAP4  
 1732:: I:: IMAP4 COMPATIBILITY WITH IMAP2 AND IMAP2BIS  
 1731:: PS:: IMAP4 Authentication mechanisms  
 1730:: PS:: INTERNET MESSAGE ACCESS PROTOCOL - VERSION 4  
 1725:: DS:: Post Office Protocol - Version 3  
 1711:: I:: Classifications in E-mail Routing  
 1685:: I:: Writing X.400 O/R Names  
 1653:: DS:: SMTP Service Extension for Message Size Declaration  
 1652:: DS:: SMTP Service Extension for 8bit-MIMEtransport  
 1651:: DS:: SMTP Service Extensions  
 1649:: I:: Operational Requirements for X.400 Management Domains  
 in the GO-MHS Community  
 1648:: PS:: Postmaster Convention for X.400 Operations  
 1642:: E:: UTF-7 - A Mail-Safe Transformation Format of Unicode  
 1641:: E:: Using Unicode with MIME  
 1616:: I:: X.400(1988) for the Academic and Research Community  
 in Europe  
 1615:: I:: Migrating from X.400(84) to X.400(88)  
 1563:: I:: The text/enriched MIME Content-type  
 1557:: I:: Korean Character Encoding for Internet Messages  
 1556:: I:: Handling of Bi-directional Texts in MIME  
 1555:: I:: Hebrew Character Encoding for Internet Messages  
 1544:: PS:: The Content-MD5 Header Field  
 1524:: I:: A User Agent Configuration Mechanism For Multimedia  
 Mail Format Information  
 1523:: I:: The text/enriched MIME Content-type  
 1522:: DS:: MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions) Part Two

1521:: DS:: MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions) Part One  
 1506:: I:: A tutorial on gatewaying between X.400 and Internet mail  
 1505:: E:: Encoding Header Field for Internet Messages  
 1502:: PS:: X.400 Use of Extended Character Sets  
 1496:: PS:: Rules for downgrading messages from X.400/88 to X.400/84  
 when MIME content-types are present in the messages  
 1495:: PS:: Mapping between X.400 and RFC-822 Message Bodies  
 1494:: PS:: Equivalences between 1988 X.400 and RFC-822 Message Bodies  
 1468:: I:: Japanese Character Encoding for Internet Messages  
 1465:: E:: Routing coordination for X.400 MHS services within a  
 multi protocol / multi network environment Table Format  
 V3 for static routing  
 1460:: DS:: Post Office Protocol - Version 3  
 1456:: I:: Conventions for Encoding the Vietnamese Language VISCII  
 1437:: I:: The Extension of MIME Content-Types to a New Medium  
 1429:: I:: Listserv Distribute Protocol  
 1428:: I:: Transition of Internet Mail from Just-Send-8 to  
 8Bit-SMTP/MIME  
 1427:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for Message Size Declaration  
 1426:: PS:: SMTP Service Extension for 8bit-MIMEtransport  
 1425:: PS:: SMTP Service Extensions  
 1405:: E:: Mapping between X.400(1984/1988) and Mail-11 (DECnet mail)  
 1357:: I:: A Format for E-mailing Bibliographic Records  
 1344:: I:: Implications of MIME for Internet Mail Gateways  
 1343:: I:: A User Agent Configuration Mechanism For Multimedia  
 Mail Format Information  
 1342:: PS:: Representation of Non-ASCII Text in Internet Message  
 Headers  
 1341:: PS:: MIME (Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions)  
 1339:: E:: Remote Mail Checking Protocol  
 1328:: PS:: X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading  
 1327:: PS:: Mapping between X.400(1988) / ISO 10021 and RFC 822  
 1225:: DS:: Post Office Protocol - Version 3  
 1211:: :: Problems with the Maintenance of Large Mailing Lists  
 1204:: E:: Message Posting Protocol (MPP)  
 1203:: H:: Interactive Mail Access Protocol - Version 3  
 1176:: E:: Interactive Mail Access Protocol - Version 2  
 1168:: :: Intermail and Commercial Mail Relay Services  
 1159:: E:: Message Send Protocol  
 1154:: E:: Encoding Header Field for Internet Messages  
 1153:: E:: Digest Message Format  
 1148:: E:: Mapping between X.400 (1988) / ISO 10021 and RFC 822  
 1138:: I:: Mapping between X.400(1988) / ISO 10021 and RFC 822  
 1137:: E:: Mapping between full RFC 822 and RFC 822 with restricted  
 encoding  
 1090:: :: SMTP on X.25  
 1082:: H:: Post Office Protocol - version 3  
 1081:: PS:: Post Office Protocol - version 3

1064:: H:: Interactive Mail Access Protocol  
 1056:: I:: PCMAIL  
 1049:: S:: Content-type header field for Internet messages  
 1047:: :: Duplicate messages and SMTP  
 1026:: PS:: Addendum to RFC 987  
 993:: :: PCMAIL  
 987:: PS:: Mapping between X.400 and RFC 822  
 984:: :: PCMAIL  
 976:: :: UUCP mail interchange format standard  
 974:: S:: Mail routing and the domain system  
 937:: H:: Post Office Protocol - version 2  
 934:: :: Proposed standard for message encapsulation  
 918:: :: Post Office Protocol  
 915:: :: Network mail path service  
 910:: :: Multimedia mail meeting notes  
 886:: :: Proposed standard for message header munging  
 876:: :: Survey of SMTP implementations  
 841:: :: Specification for message format for Computer Based  
 Message Systems  
 822:: S:: Standard for the format of ARPA Internet text messages  
 821:: S:: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol  
 808:: :: Summary of computer mail services meeting held at BBN  
 on 10 January 1979  
 807:: :: Multimedia mail meeting notes  
 805:: :: Computer mail meeting notes  
 788:: :: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol  
 786:: :: Mail Transfer Protocol  
 785:: :: Mail Transfer Protocol  
 784:: :: Mail Transfer Protocol  
 780:: :: Mail Transfer Protocol  
 773:: :: Comments on NCP/TCP mail service transition strategy  
 772:: :: Mail Transfer Protocol  
 771:: :: Mail transition plan  
 767:: :: Structured format for transmission of multi-media  
 documents  
 763:: :: Role mailboxes  
 757:: :: Suggested solution to the naming, addressing, and  
 delivery problem for ARPANET message systems  
 754:: :: Out-of-net host addresses for mail  
 753:: :: Internet Message Protocol  
 744:: :: MARS - a Message Archiving and Retrieval Service  
 733:: :: Standard for the format of ARPA network text messages  
 724:: :: Proposed official standard for the format of ARPA  
 Network messages  
 720:: :: Address specification syntax for network mail  
 714:: :: Host-Host Protocol for an ARPANET-type network  
 713:: :: MSDTP-Message Services Data Transmission Protocol  
 706:: :: On the junk mail problem

- 577:: :: Mail priority
- 574:: :: Announcement of a mail facility at UCSB
- 561:: :: Standardizing network mail headers
- 555:: :: Responses to critiques of the proposed mail protocol
- 539:: :: Thoughts on the mail protocol proposed in RFC524
- 534:: :: Lost message detection
- 533:: :: Message-ID numbers
- 524:: :: Proposed Mail Protocol
- 516:: :: Lost message detection
- 512:: :: More on lost message detection
- 510:: :: Request for network mailbox addresses
- 498:: :: On mail service to CCN
- 475:: :: FTP and network mail system
- 469:: :: Network mail meeting summary
- 458:: :: Mail retrieval via FTP
- 453:: :: Meeting announcement to discuss a network mail system
- 333:: :: Proposed experiment with a Message Switching Protocol
- 278:: :: Revision of the Mail Box Protocol
- 224:: :: Comments on Mailbox Protocol
- 221:: :: Mail Box Protocol
- 196:: :: Mail Box Protocol
- 58:: :: Logical message synchronization
- 42:: :: Message data types

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NTP

- 2030:: I:: Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) Version 4 for IPv4, IPv6 and OSI
- 1769:: I:: Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
- 1708:: I:: NTP PICS PROFORMA For the Network Time Protocol Version 3
- 1589:: I:: A Kernel Model for Precision Timekeeping
- 1361:: I:: Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
- 1305:: PS:: Network Time Protocol (v3)
- 1165:: E:: Network Time Protocol (NTP) over the OSI Remote Operations Service
- 1129:: :: Internet time synchronization
- 1128:: :: Measured performance of the Network Time Protocol in the Internet system
- 1119:: S:: Network Time Protocol version 2 specification and implementation
- 1059:: :: Network Time Protocol version 1 specification and implementation
- 958:: :: Network Time Protocol NTP
- 957:: :: Experiments in network clock synchronization
- 956:: :: Algorithms for synchronizing network clocks
- 868:: S:: Time Protocol
- 867:: S:: Daytime Protocol
- 778:: H:: DCNET Internet Clock Service
- 738:: :: Time server

29:: :: Response to RFC 28  
 28:: :: Time standards

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Name Serving

- 2053:: I:: The AM (Armenia) Domain
- 2052:: E:: A DNS RR for specifying the location of services (DNS SRV)
- 2010:: I:: Operational Criteria for Root Name Servers
- 1996:: PS:: A Mechanism for Prompt Notification of Zone Changes (DNS NOTIFY)
- 1995:: PS:: Incremental Zone Transfer in DNS
- 1982:: PS:: Serial Number Arithmetic
- 1956:: I:: Registration in the MIL Domain
- 1912:: I:: Common DNS Operational and Configuration Errors
- 1886:: PS:: DNS Extensions to support IP version 6
- 1876:: E:: A Means for Expressing Location Information in the Domain Name System
- 1794:: I:: DNS Support for Load Balancing
- 1713:: I:: Tools for DNS debugging
- 1712:: E:: DNS Encoding of Geographical Location
- 1706:: I:: DNS NSAP Resource Records
- 1664:: E:: Using the Internet DNS to Distribute RFC1327 Mail Address Mapping Tables
- 1591:: I:: Domain Name System Structure and Delegation
- 1537:: I:: Common DNS Data File Configuration Error
- 1536:: I:: Common DNS Implementation Errors and Suggested Fixes.
- 1480:: I:: The US Domain
- 1464:: E:: Using the Domain Name System To Store Arbitrary String Attributes
- 1394:: I:: Relationship of Telex Answerback Codes to Internet Domains
- 1386:: I:: The US Domain
- 1348:: E:: DNS NSAP RRs
- 1183:: E:: New DNS RR Definitions
- 1101:: :: DNS encoding of network names and other types
- 1035:: S:: Domain names - implementation and specification
- 1034:: S:: Domain names - concepts and facilities
- 1033:: :: Domain administrators operations guide
- 1032:: :: Domain administrators guide
- 1031:: :: MILNET name domain transition
- 973:: :: Domain system changes and observations
- 952:: :: DoD Internet host table specification
- 921:: :: Domain name system implementation schedule - revised
- 920:: :: Domain requirements
- 897:: :: Domain name system implementation schedule
- 883:: :: Domain names
- 882:: :: Domain names
- 881:: :: Domain names plan and schedule
- 849:: :: Suggestions for improved host table distribution
- 830:: :: Distributed system for Internet name service

- 819:: :: Domain naming convention for Internet user applications
- 811:: :: Hostnames Server
- 810:: :: DoD Internet host table specification
- 799:: :: Internet name domains
- 796:: :: Address mappings
- 627:: :: ASCII text file of hostnames
- 625:: :: On-line hostnames service
- 623:: :: Comments on on-line host name service
- 620:: :: Request for monitor host table updates
- 608:: :: Host names on-line
- 606:: :: Host names on-line
- 289:: :: What we hope is an official list of host names
- 280:: :: Draft of host names
- 273:: :: More on standard host names
- 247:: :: Proffered set of standard host names
- 237:: :: NIC view of standard host names
- 236:: :: Standard host names
- 233:: :: Standardization of host call letters
- 229:: :: Standard host names
- 226:: :: Standardization of host mnemonics

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Network Management

- 2128:: PS:: Dial Control Management Information Base using SMIV2
- 2127:: PS:: ISDN Management Information Base
- 2124:: I:: Light-weight Flow Admission Protocol Specification  
Version 1.0
- 2108:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Repeater  
Devices using SMIV2
- 2096:: PS:: IP Forwarding Table MIB
- 2089:: I:: V2ToV1 Mapping SNMPv2 onto SNMPv1 within a bi-lingual  
SNMP agent
- 2074:: PS:: Remote Network Monitoring MIB Protocol Identifiers
- 2064:: E:: Traffic Flow Measurement
- 2063:: E:: Traffic Flow Measurement
- 2051:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for APPC
- 2041:: I:: Mobile Network Tracing
- 2039:: I:: Applicability of Standards Track MIBs to Management  
of World Wide Web Servers
- 2037:: PS:: Entity MIB
- 2024:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Data Link Switching  
using SNMPv2
- 2021:: PS:: Remote Network Monitoring Management Information  
Base Version 2 using SMIV2
- 2020:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.12 Interfaces
- 2013:: PS:: SNMPv2 Management Information Base for the User  
Datagram Protocol using SMIV2
- 2012:: PS:: SNMPv2 Management Information Base for the  
Transmission Control Protocol

2011:: PS:: SNMPv2 Management Information Base for the Internet Protocol using SMIV2

2006:: PS:: The Definitions of Managed Objects for IP Mobility Support using SMIV2

1944:: I:: Benchmarking Methodology for Network Interconnect Devices

1910:: E:: User-based Security Model for SNMPv2

1909:: E:: An Administrative Infrastructure for SNMPv2

1908:: DS:: Coexistence between Version 1 and Version 2 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework

1907:: DS:: Management Information Base for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1906:: DS:: Transport Mappings for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1905:: DS:: Protocol Operations for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1904:: DS:: Conformance Statements for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1903:: DS:: Textual Conventions for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1902:: DS:: Structure of Management Information for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

1901:: E:: Introduction to Community-based SNMPv2

1857:: I:: A Model for Common Operational Statistics

1856:: I:: The Opstat Client-Server Model for Statistics Retrieval

1850:: DS:: OSPF Version 2 Management Information Base

1792:: E:: TCP/IPX Connection Mib Specification

1759:: PS:: Printer MIB

1757:: DS:: Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base

1749:: PS:: IEEE 802.5 Station Source Routing MIB using SMIV2

1748:: DS:: IEEE 802.5 MIB using SMIV2

1747:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for SNA Data Link Control

1743:: DS:: IEEE 802.5 MIB using SMIV2

1742:: PS:: AppleTalk Management Information Base II

1724:: DS:: RIP Version 2 MIB Extension

1697:: PS:: Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) Management Information Base (MIB) using SMIV2

1696:: PS:: Modem Management Information Base (MIB) using SMIV2

1695:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for ATM Management Version 8.0 using SMIV2

1694:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for SMDS Interfaces using SMIV2

1666:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for SNA NAUs using SMIV2

1665:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for SNA NAUs using SMIV2

1660:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Parallel-printer-like Hardware Devices using SMIV2

1659:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for RS-232-like Hardware Devices using SMIV2

1658:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Character Stream

Devices using SMIV2  
 1657:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Fourth Version  
 of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP-4) using SMIV2  
 1650:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like  
 Interface Types using SMIV2  
 1643:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like  
 Interface Types  
 1628:: PS:: UPS Management Information Base  
 1623:: S:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like  
 Interface Types  
 1612:: PS:: DNS Resolver MIB Extensions  
 1611:: PS:: DNS Server MIB Extensions  
 1596:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Frame Relay Service  
 1595:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the SONET/SDH  
 Interface Type  
 1593:: I:: SNA APPN Node MIB  
 1592:: E:: Simple Network Management Protocol Distributed Protocol  
 Interface Version 2.0  
 1573:: PS:: Evolution of the Interfaces Group of MIB-II  
 1567:: PS:: X.500 Directory Monitoring MIB  
 1566:: PS:: Mail Monitoring MIB  
 1565:: PS:: Network Services Monitoring MIB  
 1564:: I:: DSA Metrics (OSI-DS 34 (v3))  
 1559:: DS:: DECnet Phase IV MIB Extensions  
 1525:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Source Routing Bridges  
 1516:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3  
 Repeater Devices  
 1515:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3  
 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs)  
 1514:: PS:: Host Resources MIB  
 1513:: PS:: Token Ring Extensions to the Remote Network Monitoring MIB  
 1512:: PS:: FDDI Management Information Base  
 1503:: I:: Algorithms for Automating Administration in SNMPv2  
 Managers  
 1493:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges  
 1474:: PS:: The Definitions of Managed Objects for the Bridge  
 Network Control Protocol of the Point-to-Point Protocol  
 1473:: PS:: The Definitions of Managed Objects for the IP Network  
 Control Protocol of the Point-to-Point Protocol  
 1472:: PS:: The Definitions of Managed Objects for the Security  
 Protocols of the Point-to-Point Protocol  
 1471:: PS:: The Definitions of Managed Objects for the Link Control  
 Protocol of the Point-to-Point Protocol  
 1470:: I:: FYI on a Network Management Tool Catalog  
 1461:: PS:: SNMP MIB extension for MultiProtocol Interconnect over  
 X.25  
 1452:: PS:: Coexistence between version 1 and version 2 of the  
 Internet-standard Network Management Framework

1451:: PS:: Manager to Manager Management Information Base  
 1450:: PS:: Management Information Base for version 2 of the Simple  
 Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1449:: PS:: Transport Mappings for version 2 of the Simple Network  
 Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1448:: PS:: Protocol Operations for version 2 of the Simple Network  
 Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1447:: PS:: Party MIB for version 2 of the Simple Network Management  
 Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1446:: PS:: Security Protocols for version 2 of the Simple Network  
 Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1445:: PS:: Administrative Model for version 2 of the Simple Network  
 Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1444:: PS:: Conformance Statements for version 2 of the Simple  
 Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1443:: PS:: Textual Conventions for version 2 of the Simple Network  
 Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1442:: PS:: Structure of Management Information for version 2 of the  
 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)  
 1441:: PS:: Introduction to version 2 of the Internet-standard  
 Network Management Framework  
 1431:: I:: DUA Metrics  
 1420:: PS:: SNMP over IPX  
 1419:: PS:: SNMP over AppleTalk  
 1418:: PS:: SNMP over OSI  
 1414:: PS:: Ident MIB  
 1407:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS3/E3 Interface  
 Type  
 1406:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS1 and E1  
 Interface Types  
 1404:: I:: A Model for Common Operational Statistics  
 1398:: DS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like  
 Interface Types  
 1389:: PS:: RIP Version 2 MIB Extension  
 1382:: PS:: SNMP MIB Extension for the X.25 Packet Layer  
 1381:: PS:: SNMP MIB Extension for X.25 LAPB  
 1369:: I:: Implementation Notes and Experience for The Internet  
 Ethernet MIB  
 1368:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Repeater  
 Devices  
 1354:: PS:: IP Forwarding Table MIB  
 1353:: H:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Administration of  
 SNMP Parties  
 1352:: H:: SNMP Security Protocols  
 1351:: H:: SNMP Administrative Model  
 1346:: I:: Resource Allocation, Control, and Accounting for the  
 Use of Network Resources  
 1318:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Parallel-printer-like

Hardware Devices

1317:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for RS-232-like  
Hardware Devices

1316:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Character Stream  
Devices

1315:: PS:: Management Information Base for Frame Relay DTEs

1304:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the SIP Interface Type

1303:: I:: A Convention for Describing SNMP-based Agents

1298:: I:: SNMP over IPX

1289:: PS:: DECnet Phase IV MIB Extensions

1286:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges

1285:: PS:: FDDI Management Information Base

1284:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-like  
Interface Types

1283:: E:: SNMP over OSI

1273:: I:: A Measurement Study of Changes in Service-Level  
Reachability in the Global TCP/IP Internet

1272:: I:: Internet Accounting

1271:: PS:: Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base

1270:: I:: SNMP Communications Services

1269:: PS:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the Border Gateway  
Protocol (Version 3)

1262:: :: Guidelines for Internet Measurement Activities

1253:: PS:: OSPF Version 2 Management Information Base

1252:: PS:: OSPF Version 2 Management Information Base

1248:: PS:: OSPF Version 2 Management Information Base

1247:: DS:: OSPF Version 2

1243:: PS:: AppleTalk Management Information Base

1242:: I:: Benchmarking Terminology for Network Interconnection  
Devices

1239:: PS:: Reassignment of Experimental MIBs to Standard MIBs

1238:: E:: CLNS MIB - for use with Connectionless Network  
Protocol (ISO 8473) and End System to Intermediate  
System (ISO 9542)

1233:: H:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS3 Interface Type

1232:: H:: Definitions of Managed Objects for the DS1 Interface Type

1231:: DS:: IEEE 802.5 Token Ring MIB

1230:: H:: IEEE 802.4 Token Bus MIB

1229:: DS:: Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB

1228:: E:: SNMP-DPI - Simple Network Management Protocol  
Distributed Program Interface

1227:: E:: SNMP MUX Protocol and MIB

1224:: E:: Techniques for Managing Asynchronously Generated Alerts

1215:: I:: A Convention for Defining Traps for use with the SNMP

1214:: H:: OSI Internet Management

1213:: S:: Management Information Base for Network Management of  
TCP/IP-based internets

1212:: S:: Concise MIB Definitions

1189:: H:: The Common Management Information Services and Protocols  
 for the Internet  
 1187:: E:: Bulk Table Retrieval with the SNMP  
 1161:: E:: SNMP over OSI  
 1158:: PS:: Management Information Base for Network Management of  
 TCP/IP-based internets  
 1157:: S:: A Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)  
 1155:: S:: Structure and Identification of Management Information  
 for TCP/IP-based Internets  
 1109:: :: Report of the second Ad Hoc Network Management Review  
 Group  
 1098:: :: Simple Network Management Protocol SNMP  
 1095:: DS:: Common Management Information Services and Protocol  
 over TCP/IP CMOT  
 1089:: :: SNMP over Ethernet  
 1067:: :: Simple Network Management Protocol  
 1066:: H:: Management Information Base for network management of  
 TCP/IP-based internets  
 1065:: H:: Structure and identification of management information  
 for TCP/IP-based internets  
 1052:: :: IAB recommendations for the development of Internet  
 network management standards  
 1028:: H:: Simple Gateway Monitoring Protocol  
 1024:: :: HEMS variable definitions  
 1023:: :: HEMS monitoring and control language  
 1022:: :: High-level Entity Management Protocol HEMP  
 1021:: H:: High-level Entity Management System HEMS  
 1012:: :: Bibliography of Request For Comments 1 through 999  
 1011:: S:: Official Internet protocols  
 1010:: S:: Assigned numbers  
 996:: H:: Statistics server  
 619:: :: Mean round-trip times in the ARPANET  
 618:: :: Few observations on NCP statistics  
 616:: :: Latest network maps  
 615:: :: Proposed Network Standard Data Pathname Syntax  
 612:: :: Traffic statistics December 1973  
 601:: :: Traffic statistics November 1973  
 586:: :: Traffic statistics October 1973  
 579:: :: Traffic statistics September 1973  
 568:: :: Response to RFC 567 - cross country network bandwidth  
 567:: :: Cross country network bandwidth  
 566:: :: Traffic statistics August 1973  
 565:: :: Storing network survey data at the datacomputer  
 557:: :: Revelations in network host measurements  
 546:: :: Tenex load averages for July 1973  
 545:: :: Of what quality be the UCSB resources evaluators?  
 538:: :: Traffic statistics June 1973  
 531:: :: Feast or famine? A response to two recent RFC's about

- network information
- 522:: :: Traffic statistics May 1973
- 509:: :: Traffic statistics April 1973
- 500:: :: Integration of data management systems on a computer network
- 482:: :: Traffic statistics February 1973
- 455:: :: Traffic statistics January 1973
- 443:: :: Traffic statistics December 1972
- 423:: :: UCLA Campus Computing Network liaison staff for ARPANET
- 422:: :: Traffic statistics November 1972
- 421:: :: Software consulting service for network users
- 416:: :: ARC system will be unavailable for use during Thanksgivingweek
- 415:: :: Tenex bandwidth
- 413:: :: Traffic statistics October 1972
- 400:: :: Traffic statistics September 1972
- 392:: :: Measurement of host costs for transmitting network data
- 391:: :: Traffic statistics August 1972
- 389:: :: UCLA Campus Computing Network liaison staff for ARPA Network
- 388:: :: NCP statistics
- 384:: :: Official site idents for organizations in the ARPA Network
- 381:: :: Three aids to improved network operation
- 378:: :: Traffic statistics July 1972
- 369:: :: Evaluation of ARPANET services January-March, 1972
- 362:: :: Network host status
- 353:: :: Network host status
- 344:: :: Network host status
- 326:: :: Network host status
- 323:: :: Formation of Network Measurement Group NMG
- 308:: :: ARPANET host availability data
- 304:: :: Data management system proposal for the ARPA network
- 302:: :: Exercising the ARPANET
- 274:: :: Establishing a local guide for network usage
- 227:: :: Data transfer rates Rand/UCLA
- 212:: :: NWG meeting on network usage
- 193:: :: Network checkout
- 188:: :: Data management meeting announcement
- 156:: :: Status of the Illinois site
- 153:: :: SRI ARC-NIC status
- 96:: :: Interactive network experiment to study modes of access tothe Network Information Center
- 32:: :: Connecting M.I.T. computers to the ARPA Computer-to-computer communication network
- 18:: :: [Link assignments]

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Network News

- 1036:: :: Standard for interchange of USENET messages
- 977:: PS:: Network News Transfer Protocol
- 850:: :: Standard for interchange of USENET messages

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Real Time Services

- :: ::
- 2102:: I:: Multicast Support for Nimrod
- 2090:: E:: TFTP Multicast Option
- 2038:: PS:: RTP Payload Format for MPEG1/MPEG2 Video
- 2035:: PS:: RTP Payload Format for JPEG-compressed Video
- 2032:: PS:: RTP payload format for H.261 video streams
- 2029:: PS:: RTP Payload Format of Sun's CellB Video Encoding
- 2022:: PS:: Support for Multicast over UNI 3.0/3.1 based ATM Networks
- 1890:: PS:: RTP Profile for Audio and Video Conferences with Minimal Control
- 1889:: PS:: RTP
- 1861:: I:: Simple Network Paging Protocol - Version 3 - Two-Way Enhanced
- 1821:: I:: Integration of Real-time Services in an IP-ATM Network Architecture
- 1819:: E:: Internet Stream Protocol Version 2 (ST2) Protocol Specification - Version ST2+
- 1789:: I:: INETPhone
- 1768:: E:: Host Group Extensions for CLNP Multicasting
- 1703:: I:: Principles of Operation for the TPC.INT Subdomain
- 1645:: I:: Simple Network Paging Protocol - Version 2
- 1614:: I:: Network Access to Multimedia Information
- 1569:: I:: Principles of Operation for the TPC.INT Subdomain
- 1568:: I:: Simple Network Paging Protocol - Version 1(b)
- 1546:: I:: Host Anycasting Service
- 1469:: PS:: IP Multicast over Token-Ring Local Area Networks
- 1458:: I:: Requirements for Multicast Protocols
- 1453:: I:: A Comment on Packet Video Remote Conferencing and the Transport/Network Layers
- 1313:: I:: Today's Programming for KRFC AM 1313 Internet Talk Radio
- 1301:: I:: Multicast Transport Protocol
- 1257:: I:: Isochronous Applications Do Not Require Jitter-Controlled Networks
- 1197:: I:: Using ODA for Translating Multimedia Information
- 1193:: :: Client Requirements for Real-Time Communication Services
- 1190:: E:: Experimental Internet Stream Protocol, Version 2 (ST-II)
- 1112:: S:: Host extensions for IP multicasting
- 1054:: :: Host extensions for IP multicasting
- 988:: :: Host extensions for IP multicasting
- 966:: :: Host groups
- 947:: :: Multi-network broadcasting within the Internet

- 809:: :: UCL facsimile system
- 804:: :: CCITT draft recommendation T.4 [Standardization of Group 3 facsimile apparatus for document transmission]
- 803:: :: Dacom 450/500 facsimile data transcoding
- 798:: :: Decoding facsimile data from the Rapicom 450
- 769:: :: Rapicom 450 facsimile file format
- 741:: :: Specifications for the Network Voice Protocol NVP
- 511:: :: Enterprise phone service to NIC from ARPANET sites
- 508:: :: Real-time data transmission on the ARPANET
- 420:: :: CCA ICCC weather demo
- 408:: :: NETBANK
- 251:: :: Weather data

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Routing

- 2103:: I:: Mobility Support for Nimrod
- 2092:: I:: Protocol Analysis for Triggered RIP
- 2091:: PS:: Triggered Extensions to RIP to Support Demand Circuits
- 2081:: I:: RIPng Protocol Applicability Statement
- 2080:: PS:: RIPng for IPv6
- 2073:: PS:: An IPv6 Provider-Based Unicast Address Format
- 2072:: I:: Router Renumbering Guide
- 2042:: I:: Registering New BGP Attribute Types
- 2008:: BC:: Implications of Various Address Allocation Policies for Internet Routing
- 1998:: I:: An Application of the BGP Community Attribute in Multi-home Routing
- 1997:: PS:: BGP Communities Attribute
- 1992:: I:: The Nimrod Routing Architecture
- 1987:: I:: Ipsilon's General Switch Management Protocol Specification Version 1.1
- 1966:: E:: BGP Route Reflection An alternative to full mesh IBGP
- 1965:: E:: Autonomous System Confederations for BGP
- 1955:: I:: New Scheme for Internet Routing and Addressing (ENCAPS) for IPN
- 1953:: I:: Ipsilon Flow Management Protocol Specification for IPv4 Version 1.0
- 1940:: I:: Source Demand Routing
- 1930:: BC:: Guidelines for creation, selection, and registration of an Autonomous System (AS)
- 1925:: I:: The Twelve Networking Truths
- 1923:: I:: RIPv1 Applicability Statement for Historic Status
- 1863:: E:: A BGP/IDRP Route Server alternative to a full mesh routing
- 1817:: I:: CIDR and Classful Routing
- 1812:: PS:: Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers
- 1793:: PS:: Extending OSPF to Support Demand Circuits
- 1787:: I:: Routing in a Multi-provider Internet
- 1786:: I:: Representation of IP Routing Policies in a Routing Registry (ripe-81++)

- 1774:: I:: BGP-4 Protocol Analysis
- 1773:: I:: Experience with the BGP-4 protocol
- 1772:: DS:: Application of the Border Gateway Protocol in the Internet
- 1771:: DS:: A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
- 1765:: E:: OSPF Database Overflow
- 1753:: I:: IPng Technical Requirements Of the Nimrod Routing and Addressing Architecture
- 1745:: PS:: BGP4/IDRP for IP---OSPF Interaction
- 1723:: DS:: RIP Version 2 Carrying Additional Information
- 1722:: DS:: RIP Version 2 Protocol Applicability Statement
- 1721:: I:: RIP Version 2 Protocol Analysis
- 1716:: I:: Towards Requirements for IP Routers
- 1702:: I:: Generic Routing Encapsulation over IPv4 networks
- 1701:: I:: Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)
- 1668:: I:: Unified Routing Requirements for IPng
- 1656:: I:: BGP-4 Protocol Document Roadmap and Implementation Experience
- 1655:: PS:: Application of the Border Gateway Protocol in the Internet
- 1654:: PS:: A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
- 1587:: PS:: The OSPF NSSA Option
- 1586:: I:: Guidelines for Running OSPF Over Frame Relay Networks
- 1585:: I:: MOSPF
- 1584:: PS:: Multicast Extensions to OSPF
- 1583:: DS:: OSPF Version 2
- 1582:: PS:: Extensions to RIP to Support Demand Circuits
- 1581:: I:: Protocol Analysis for Extensions to RIP to Support Demand Circuits
- 1520:: I:: Exchanging Routing Information Across Provider Boundaries in the CIDR Environment
- 1519:: PS:: Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
- 1517:: PS:: Applicability Statement for the Implementation of Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
- 1504:: I:: Appletalk Update-Based Routing Protocol
- 1482:: I:: Aggregation Support in the NSFNET Policy Routing Database
- 1479:: PS:: Inter-Domain Policy Routing Protocol Specification
- 1478:: PS:: An Architecture for Inter-Domain Policy Routing
- 1477:: I:: IDPR as a Proposed Standard
- 1476:: E:: RAP
- 1439:: I:: The Uniqueness of Unique Identifiers
- 1403:: PS:: BGP OSPF Interaction
- 1397:: PS:: Default Route Advertisement In BGP2 And BGP3 Versions Of The Border Gateway Protocol
- 1388:: PS:: RIP Version 2 Carrying Additional Information
- 1387:: I:: RIP Version 2 Protocol Analysis
- 1383:: I:: An Experiment in DNS Based IP Routing
- 1380:: I:: IESG Deliberations on Routing and Addressing
- 1371:: I:: Choosing a "Common IGP" for the IP Internet (The

IESG's Recommendation to the IAB)

1370:: PS:: Applicability Statement for OSPF

1364:: PS:: BGP OSPF Interaction

1338:: I:: Supernetting

1322:: I:: A Unified Approach to Inter-Domain Routing

1268:: DS:: Application of the Border Gateway Protocol in the Internet

1267:: DS:: A Border Gateway Protocol 3 (BGP-3)

1266:: I:: Experience with the BGP Protocol

1265:: I:: BGP Protocol Analysis

1264:: I:: Internet Routing Protocol Standardization Criteria

1254:: I:: Gateway Congestion Control Survey

1246:: I:: Experience with the OSPF Protocol

1245:: I:: OSPF Protocol Analysis

1222:: : : Advancing the NSFNET Routing Architecture

1195:: PS:: Use of OSI IS-IS for Routing in TCP/IP and Dual  
Environments

1164:: PS:: Application of the Border Gateway Protocol in the Internet

1163:: PS:: A Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

1142:: I:: OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol

1136:: : : Administrative Domains and Routing Domains

1133:: : : Routing between the NSFNET and the DDN

1131:: PS:: OSPF specification

1126:: : : Goals and functional requirements for inter-autonomous  
system routing

1125:: : : Policy requirements for inter Administrative Domain  
routing

1124:: : : Policy issues in interconnecting networks

1105:: E:: Border Gateway Protocol BGP

1104:: : : Models of policy based routing

1102:: : : Policy routing in Internet protocols

1092:: : : EGP and policy based routing in the new NSFNET backbone

1075:: E:: Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol

1074:: : : NSFNET backbone SPF based Interior Gateway Protocol

1058:: S:: Routing Information Protocol

1009:: H:: Requirements for Internet gateways

995:: : : End System to Intermediate System Routing Exchange  
Protocol for use in conjunction with ISO 8473

985:: : : Requirements for Internet gateways - draft

981:: : : Experimental multiple-path routing algorithm

975:: : : Autonomous confederations

950:: S:: Internet standard subnetting procedure

911:: : : EGP Gateway under Berkeley UNIX 4.2

904:: H:: Exterior Gateway Protocol formal specification

898:: : : Gateway special interest group meeting notes

890:: : : Exterior Gateway Protocol implementation schedule

888:: : : STUB Exterior Gateway Protocol

875:: : : Gateways, architectures, and heffalumps

827:: : : Exterior Gateway Protocol EGP

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823:: H:: DARPA Internet gateway
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Security
2104:: I:: HMAC
2085:: PS:: HMAC-MD5 IP Authentication with Replay Prevention
2084:: I:: Considerations for Web Transaction Security
2082:: PS:: RIP-2 MD5 Authentication
2078:: PS:: Generic Security Service Application Program Interface,
Version 2
2069:: PS:: An Extension to HTTP
2065:: PS:: Domain Name System Security Extensions
2059:: I:: RADIUS Accounting
2058:: PS:: Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)
2057:: I:: Source directed access control on the Internet.
2040:: I:: The RC5, RC5-CBC, RC5-CBC-Pad, and RC5-CTS Algorithms
2025:: PS:: The Simple Public-Key GSS-API Mechanism (SPKM)
2015:: ::: MIME Security with Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
1984:: I:: IAB and IESG Statement on Cryptographic Technology and
the Internet
1969:: I:: The PPP DES Encryption Protocol (DESE)
1968:: PS:: The PPP Encryption Control Protocol (ECP)
1964:: PS:: The Kerberos Version 5 GSS-API Mechanism
1961:: PS:: GSS-API Authentication Method for SOCKS Version 5
1949:: E:: Scalable Multicast Key Distribution
1948:: I:: Defending Against Sequence Number Attacks
1938:: PS:: A One-Time Password System
1929:: PS:: Username/Password Authentication for SOCKS V5
1928:: PS:: SOCKS Protocol Version 5
1898:: I:: CyberCash Credit Card Protocol Version 0.8
1858:: I:: Security Considerations for IP Fragment Filtering
1852:: E:: IP Authentication using Keyed SHA
1851:: E:: The ESP Triple DES-CBC Transform
1829:: PS:: The ESP DES-CBC Transform
1828:: PS:: IP Authentication using Keyed MD5
1827:: PS:: IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)
1826:: PS:: IP Authentication Header
1825:: PS:: Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol
1824:: I:: The Exponential Security System TESS
1760:: I:: The S/KEY One-Time Password System
1751:: I:: A Convention for Human-Readable 128-bit Keys
1750:: I:: Randomness Recommendations for Security
1704:: I:: On Internet Authentication
1675:: I:: Security Concerns for IPng
1579:: I:: Firewall-Friendly FTP
1535:: I:: A Security Problem and Proposed Correction With Widely
Deployed DNS Software
1511:: I:: Common Authentication Technology Overview
1510:: PS:: The Kerberos Network Authentication Service (V5)

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- 1509:: PS:: Generic Security Service API
- 1508:: PS:: Generic Security Service Application Program Interface
- 1507:: E:: DASS - Distributed Authentication Security Service
- 1492:: I:: An Access Control Protocol, Sometimes Called TACACS
- 1457:: I:: Security Label Framework for the Internet
- 1455:: E:: Physical Link Security Type of Service
- 1424:: PS:: Privacy Enhancement for Internet Electronic Mail
- 1423:: PS:: Privacy Enhancement for Internet Electronic Mail
- 1422:: PS:: Privacy Enhancement for Internet Electronic Mail
- 1421:: PS:: Privacy Enhancement for Internet Electronic Mail
- 1416:: E:: Telnet Authentication Option
- 1412:: E:: Telnet Authentication
- 1411:: E:: Telnet Authentication
- 1409:: E:: Telnet Authentication Option
- 1408:: H:: Telnet Environment Option
- 1321:: I:: The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm
- 1320:: I:: The MD4 Message-Digest Algorithm
- 1319:: I:: The MD2 Message-Digest Algorithm
- 1281:: I:: Guidelines for the Secure Operation of the Internet
- 1244:: I:: Site Security Handbook
- 1186:: I:: The MD4 Message Digest Algorithm
- 1170:: I:: Public Key Standards and Licenses
- 1156:: S:: Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets
- 1115:: H:: Privacy enhancement for Internet electronic mail
- 1114:: H:: Privacy enhancement for Internet electronic mail
- 1113:: H:: Privacy enhancement for Internet electronic mail
- 1108:: PS:: U.S. Department of Defense Security Options for the Internet Protocol
- 1040:: :: Privacy enhancement for Internet electronic mail
- 1038:: :: Draft revised IP security option
- 1004:: E:: Distributed-protocol authentication scheme
- 989:: :: Privacy enhancement for Internet electronic mail
- 972:: :: Password Generator Protocol
- 931:: E:: Authentication server
- 927:: :: TACACS user identification Telnet option
- 912:: :: Authentication service
- 644:: :: On the problem of signature authentication for network mail

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- 2066:: E:: TELNET CHARSET Option
- 1647:: PS:: TN3270 Enhancements
- 1646:: I:: TN3270 Extensions for LUsername and Printer Selection
- 1576:: I:: TN3270 Current Practices
- 1572:: PS:: Telnet Environment Option
- 1571:: I:: Telnet Environment Option Interoperability Issues
- 1372:: PS:: Telnet Remote Flow Control Option

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1282:: I:: BSD Rlogin
1258:: I:: BSD Rlogin
1221::  :: Host Access Protocol (HAP) Specification - Version 2
1205::  :: 5250 Telnet Interface
1184:: DS:: Telnet Linemode Option
1143::  :: The Q Method of Implementing TELNET Option Negotiation
1116:: PS:: Telnet Linemode option
1097::  :: Telnet subliminal-message option
1096::  :: Telnet X display location option
1091::  :: Telnet terminal-type option
1080::  :: Telnet remote flow control option
1079::  :: Telnet terminal speed option
1073::  :: Telnet window size option
1053::  :: Telnet X.3 PAD option
1043::  :: Telnet Data Entry Terminal option
1041::  :: Telnet 3270 regime option
1013::  :: X Window System Protocol, version 11
1005::  :: ARPANET AHIP-E Host Access Protocol enhanced AHIP
 946::  :: Telnet terminal location number option
 933::  :: Output marking Telnet option
 930::  :: Telnet terminal type option
 929::  :: Proposed Host-Front End Protocol
 907:: S:: Host Access Protocol specification
 885::  :: Telnet end of record option
 884::  :: Telnet terminal type option
 878::  :: ARPANET 1822L Host Access Protocol
 861::  :: Telnet extended options
 860:: S:: Telnet timing mark option
 859:: S:: Telnet status option
 858:: S:: Telnet Suppress Go Ahead option
 857:: S:: Telnet echo option
 856:: S:: Telnet binary transmission
 855:: S:: Telnet option specifications
 854:: S:: Telnet Protocol specification
 851::  :: ARPANET 1822L Host Access Protocol
 818:: H:: Remote User Telnet service
 802::  :: ARPANET 1822L Host Access Protocol
 782::  :: Virtual Terminal management model
 779::  :: Telnet send-location option
 764::  :: Telnet Protocol specification
 749::  :: Telnet SUPDUP-Output option
 748::  :: Telnet randomly-lose option
 747::  :: Recent extensions to the SUPDUP Protocol
 746::  :: SUPDUP graphics extension
 736::  :: Telnet SUPDUP option
 735::  :: Revised Telnet byte macro option
 734:: H:: SUPDUP Protocol
 732::  :: Telnet Data Entry Terminal option

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731:: :: Telnet Data Entry Terminal option  
729:: :: Telnet byte macro option  
728:: :: Minor pitfall in the Telnet Protocol  
727:: :: Telnet logout option  
726:: :: Remote Controlled Transmission and Echoing Telnet option  
721:: :: Out-of-band control signals in a Host-to-Host Protocol  
719:: :: Discussion on RCTE  
718:: :: Comments on RCTE from the Tenex implementation experience  
703:: :: July, 1975, survey of New-Protocol Telnet Servers  
702:: :: September, 1974, survey of New-Protocol Telnet servers  
701:: :: August, 1974, survey of New-Protocol Telnet servers  
698:: :: Telnet extended ASCII option  
688:: :: Tentative schedule for the new Telnet implementation for  
the TIP  
679:: :: February, 1975, survey of New-Protocol Telnet servers  
669:: :: November, 1974, survey of New-Protocol Telnet servers  
659:: :: Announcing additional Telnet options  
658:: :: Telnet output linefeed disposition  
657:: :: Telnet output vertical tab disposition option  
656:: :: Telnet output vertical tabstops option  
655:: :: Telnet output formfeed disposition option  
654:: :: Telnet output horizontal tab disposition option  
653:: :: Telnet output horizontal tabstops option  
652:: :: Telnet output carriage-return disposition option  
651:: :: Revised Telnet status option  
647:: :: Proposed protocol for connecting host computers to  
ARPA-like networks via front end processors  
636:: :: TIP/Tenex reliability improvements  
600:: :: Interfacing an Illinois plasma terminal to the ARPANET  
596:: :: Second thoughts on Telnet Go-Ahead  
595:: :: Second thoughts in defense of the Telnet Go-Ahead  
587:: :: Announcing new Telnet options  
563:: :: Comments on the RCTE Telnet option  
562:: :: Modifications to the Telnet specification  
560:: :: Remote Controlled Transmission and Echoing Telnet option  
559:: :: Comments on the new Telnet Protocol and its implementation  
513:: :: Comments on the new Telnet specifications  
495:: :: Telnet Protocol specifications  
470:: :: Change in socket for TIP news facility  
466:: :: Telnet logger/server for host LL-67  
461:: :: Telnet Protocol meeting announcement  
447:: :: IMP/TIP memory retrofit schedule  
435:: :: Telnet issues  
431:: :: Update on SMFS login and logout  
399:: :: SMFS login and logout  
393:: :: Comments on Telnet Protocol changes  
386:: :: Letter to TIP users-2  
377:: :: Using TSO via ARPA Network Virtual Terminal

- 365:: :: Letter to all TIP users
- 364:: :: Serving remote users on the ARPANET
- 352:: :: TIP site information form
- 340:: :: Proposed Telnet changes
- 339:: :: MLTNET
- 328:: :: Suggested Telnet Protocol changes
- 318:: :: [Ad hoc Telnet Protocol]
- 311:: :: New console attachments to the USCB host
- 297:: :: TIP message buffers
- 296:: :: DS-1 display system
- 231:: :: Service center standards for remote usage
- 230:: :: Toward reliable operation of minicomputer-based terminals on a TIP
- 216:: :: Telnet access to UCSB's On-Line System
- 215:: :: NCP, ICP, and Telnet
- 206:: :: User Telnet - description of an initial implementation
- 205:: :: NETCRT - a character display protocol
- 177:: :: Device independent graphical display description
- 158:: :: Telnet Protocol
- 139:: :: Discussion of Telnet Protocol
- 137:: :: Telnet Protocol - a proposed document
- 110:: :: Conventions for using an IBM 2741 terminal as a user console for access to network server hosts
- 97:: :: First cut at a proposed Telnet Protocol

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Other

- 2123:: I:: Traffic Flow Measurement
- 2121:: I:: Issues affecting MARS Cluster Size
- 2119:: BC:: Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels
- 2101:: I:: IPv4 Address Behaviour Today
- 2100:: I:: The Naming of Hosts
- 2099:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 2000-2099
- 2083:: I:: PNG (Portable Network Graphics) Specification Version 1.0
- 2071:: I:: Network Renumbering Overview
- 2050:: BC:: INTERNET REGISTRY IP ALLOCATION GUIDELINES
- 2036:: I:: Observations on the use of Components of the Class A Address Space within the Internet
- 2031:: I:: IETF-ISOC relationship
- 2028:: BC:: The Organizations Involved in the IETF Standards Process
- 2027:: BC:: IAB and IESG Selection, Confirmation, and Recall Process
- 2026:: BC:: The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3
- 2014:: BC:: IRTF Research Group Guidelines and Procedures
- 2007:: I:: Catalogue of Network Training Materials
- 2000:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS
- 1999:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1900-1999
- 1988:: I:: Conditional Grant of Rights to Specific Hewlett-Packard Patents In Conjunction With the Internet Engineering Task Force's Internet-Standard Network Management

## Framework

1983:: I:: Internet Users' Glossary  
 1958:: I:: Architectural Principles of the Internet  
 1952:: I:: GZIP file format specification version 4.3  
 1951:: I:: DEFLATE Compressed Data Format Specification version 1.3  
 1950:: I:: ZLIB Compressed Data Format Specification version 3.3  
 1941:: I:: Frequently Asked Questions for Schools  
 1935:: I:: What is the Internet, Anyway?  
 1920:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1900:: I:: Renumbering Needs Work  
 1899:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1800-1899  
 1882:: I:: The 12-Days of Technology Before Christmas  
 1880:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1879:: I:: Class A Subnet Experiment Results and Recommendations  
 1875:: I:: UNINETT PCA Policy Statements  
 1871:: BC:: Addendum to RFC 1602 -- Variance Procedure  
 1855:: I:: Netiquette Guidelines  
 1822:: I:: A Grant of Rights to Use a Specific IBM patent with  
 Photuris  
 1818:: S:: Best Current Practices  
 1816:: I:: U.S. Government Internet Domain Names  
 1814:: I:: Unique Addresses are Good  
 1811:: I:: U.S. Government Internet Domain Names  
 1810:: I:: Report on MD5 Performance  
 1805:: I:: Location-Independent Data/Software Integrity Protocol  
 1802:: I:: Introducing Project Long Bud  
 1800:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1799:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1700-1799  
 1797:: E:: Class A Subnet Experiment  
 1796:: I:: Not All RFCs are Standards  
 1790:: I:: An Agreement between the Internet Society and Sun  
 Microsystems, Inc. in the Matter of ONC RPC and  
 XDR Protocols  
 1780:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1776:: I:: The Address is the Message  
 1775:: I:: To Be "On" the Internet  
 1758:: I:: NADF Standing Documents  
 1746:: I:: Ways to Define User Expectations  
 1739:: I:: A Primer On Internet and TCP/IP Tools  
 1720:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1718:: I:: The Tao of IETF - A Guide for New Attendees of the  
 Internet Engineering Task Force  
 1715:: I:: The H Ratio for Address Assignment Efficiency  
 1709:: I:: K-12 Internetworking Guidelines  
 1700:: S:: ASSIGNED NUMBERS  
 1699:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1600-1699  
 1691:: I:: The Document Architecture for the Cornell Digital Library  
 1690:: I:: Introducing the Internet Engineering and Planning

Group (IEPG)

1689:: I:: A Status Report on Networked Information Retrieval

1640:: I:: The Process for Organization of Internet Standards Working Group (POISED)

1636:: I:: Report of IAB Workshop on Security in the Internet Architecture - February 8-10, 1994

1635:: I:: How to Use Anonymous FTP

1627:: I:: Network 10 Considered Harmful (Some Practices Shouldn't be Codified)

1610:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

1607:: I:: A VIEW FROM THE 21ST CENTURY

1606:: I:: A Historical Perspective On The Usage Of IP Version 9

1603:: I:: IETF Working Group Guidelines and Procedures

1602:: I:: The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 2

1601:: I:: Charter of the Internet Architecture Board (IAB)

1600:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

1599:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1500 - 1599

1597:: I:: Address Allocation for Private Internets

1594:: I:: FYI on Questions and Answer Answers to Commonly asked "New Internet User" Questions

1580:: I:: Guide to Network Resource Tools

1578:: I:: FYI on Questions and Answers

1574:: I:: Essential Tools for the OSI Internet

1550:: I:: IP

1543:: I:: Instructions to RFC Authors

1540:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

1539:: I:: The Tao of IETF - A Guide for New Attendees of the Internet Engineering Task Force

1527:: I:: What Should We Plan Given the Dilemma of the Network?

1501:: I:: OS/2 User Group

1500:: S:: INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

1499:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1400-1499

1481:: I:: IAB Recommendation for an Intermediate Strategy to Address the Issue of Scaling

1467:: I:: Status of CIDR Deployment in the Internet

1463:: I:: FYI on Introducing the Internet--A Short Bibliography of Introductory Internetworking Readings for the Network Novice

1462:: I:: FYI on "What is the Internet?"

1438:: I:: Internet Engineering Task Force Statements Of Boredom (SOBs)

1432:: I:: Recent Internet Books

1417:: I:: NADF Standing Documents

1410:: S:: IAB OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

1402:: I:: There's Gold in them thar Networks! Searching for Treasure in all the Wrong Places

1401:: I:: Correspondence between the IAB and DISA on the use of DNS throughout the Internet

1399:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1300-1399  
 1396:: I:: The Process for Organization of Internet Standards  
 Working Group (POISED)  
 1392:: I:: Internet Users' Glossary  
 1391:: I:: The Tao of IETF  
 1367:: I:: Schedule for IP Address Space Management Guidelines  
 1366:: I:: Guidelines for Management of IP Address Space  
 1360:: S:: IAB OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1359:: I:: Connecting to the Internet What Connecting  
 Institutions Should Anticipate  
 1358:: I:: Charter of the Internet Architecture Board (IAB)  
 1349:: PS:: Type of Service in the Internet Protocol Suite  
 1340:: S:: ASSIGNED NUMBERS  
 1336:: I:: Who's Who in the Internet Biographies of IAB,  
 IESG and IRSG Members  
 1325:: I:: FYI on Questions and Answers Answers to Commonly  
 asked "New Internet User" Questions  
 1324:: I:: A Discussion on Computer Network Conferencing  
 1311:: I:: Introduction to the STD Notes  
 1310:: I:: The Internet Standards Process  
 1300:: I:: Remembrances of Things Past  
 1299:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1200-1299  
 1297:: I:: NOC Internal Integrated Trouble Ticket System  
 Functional Specification Wishlist  
 ("NOC TT REQUIREMENTS")  
 1296:: I:: Internet Growth (1981-1991)  
 1295:: I:: User Bill of Rights for entries and listings in the  
 Public Directory  
 1291:: I:: Mid-Level Networks  
 1290:: I:: There's Gold in them thar Networks! or Searching for  
 Treasure in all the Wrong Places  
 1287:: I:: Towards the Future Internet Architecture  
 1280:: S:: IAB OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS  
 1261:: I:: Transition of NIC Services  
 1259:: I:: Building The Open Road  
 1251:: :: Who's Who in the Internet  
 1250:: S:: IAB Official Protocol Standards  
 1249:: I:: DIXIE Protocol Specification  
 1217:: :: Memo from the Consortium for Slow Commotion Research (CSCR)  
 1216:: :: Gigabit Network Economics and Paradigm Shifts  
 1208:: :: A Glossary of Networking Terms  
 1207:: :: Answers to Commonly asked "Experienced Internet User"  
 Questions  
 1206:: :: FYI on Questions and Answers - Answers to Commonly  
 asked "New Internet User" Questions  
 1200:: S:: IAB Official Protocol Standards  
 1199:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1100-1199  
 1198:: I:: FYI on the X Window System

1192:: :: Commercialization of the Internet Summary Report  
 1181:: :: RIPE Terms of Reference  
 1180:: :: A TCP/IP Tutorial  
 1178:: :: Choosing a Name for Your Computer  
 1177:: :: FYI on Questions and Answers - Answers to Commonly  
 Asked "New Internet User" Questions  
 1175:: :: FYI on Where to Start - A Bibliography of  
 Internetworking Information  
 1174:: I:: IAB Recommended Policy on Distributing Internet  
 Identifier Assignment and IAB Recommended Policy Change  
 to Internet "Connected" Status  
 1173:: :: Responsibilities of Host and Network Managers  
 Summary of the "Oral Tradition" of the Internet  
 1169:: :: Explaining the Role of GOSIP  
 1167:: :: Thoughts on the National Research and Education Network  
 1160:: :: The Internet Activities Board  
 1152:: :: Workshop Report  
 1150:: I:: F.Y.I. on F.Y.I.  
 1149:: :: A Standard for the Transmission of IP Datagrams  
 on Avian Carriers  
 1147:: I:: FYI on a Network Management Tool Catalog  
 1140:: S:: IAB Official Protocol Standards  
 1135:: :: Helminthiasis of the Internet  
 1130:: S:: IAB official protocol standards  
 1127:: :: Perspective on the Host Requirements RFCs  
 1121:: :: Act one - the poems  
 1120:: :: Internet Activities Board  
 1118:: :: Hitchhikers guide to the Internet  
 1117:: :: Internet numbers  
 1111:: :: Request for comments on Request for Comments  
 1100:: S:: IAB official protocol standards  
 1099:: I:: Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1000-1099  
 1093:: :: NSFNET routing architecture  
 1087:: :: Ethics and the Internet  
 1083:: S:: IAB official protocol standards  
 1077:: :: Critical issues in high bandwidth networking  
 1076:: :: HEMS monitoring and control language  
 1060:: S:: ASSIGNED NUMBERS  
 1039:: :: DoD statement on Open Systems Interconnection protocols  
 1020:: :: Internet numbers  
 1019:: :: Report of the Workshop on Environments for  
 Computational Mathematics  
 1018:: :: Some comments on SQuID  
 1017:: :: Network requirements for scientific research  
 1015:: :: Implementation plan for interagency research Internet  
 1014:: :: XDR  
 1000:: :: Request For Comments reference guide  
 999:: :: Requests For Comments summary notes

997:: :: Internet numbers  
 992:: :: On communication support for fault tolerant process groups  
 991:: S:: Official ARPA-Internet protocols  
 990:: :: Assigned numbers  
 980:: :: Protocol document order information  
 979:: :: PSN End-to-End functional specification  
 968:: :: Twas the night before start-up  
 967:: :: All victims together  
 961:: S:: Official ARPA-Internet protocols  
 960:: :: Assigned numbers  
 945:: :: DoD statement on the NRC report  
 944:: S:: Official ARPA-Internet protocols  
 943:: :: Assigned numbers  
 939:: :: Executive summary of the NRC report on transport  
 protocols for Department of Defense data networks  
 938:: E:: Internet Reliable Transaction Protocol functional  
 and interface specification  
 928:: :: Introduction to proposed DoD standard H-FP  
 923:: :: Assigned numbers  
 909:: E:: Loader Debugger Protocol  
 908:: E:: Reliable Data Protocol  
 902:: :: ARPA Internet Protocol policy  
 901:: S:: Official ARPA-Internet protocols  
 900:: :: Assigned Numbers  
 899:: :: Request For Comments summary notes  
 880:: S:: Official protocols  
 873:: :: Illusion of vendor support  
 870:: :: Assigned numbers  
 869:: H:: Host Monitoring Protocol  
 852:: :: ARPANET short blocking feature  
 847:: :: Summary of Smallberg surveys  
 846:: :: Who talks TCP? - survey of 22 February 1983  
 845:: :: Who talks TCP? - survey of 15 February 1983  
 844:: :: Who talks ICMP, too? - Survey of 18 February 1983  
 843:: :: Who talks TCP? - survey of 8 February 83  
 842:: :: Who talks TCP? - survey of 1 February 83  
 840:: S:: Official protocols  
 839:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 838:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 837:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 836:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 835:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 834:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 833:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 832:: :: Who talks TCP?  
 831:: :: Backup access to the European side of SATNET  
 828:: :: Data communications  
 825:: :: Request for comments on Requests For Comments

820:: :: Assigned numbers  
 817:: :: Modularity and efficiency in protocol implementation  
 816:: :: Fault isolation and recovery  
 806:: :: Proposed Federal Information Processing Standard  
 800:: :: Request For Comments summary notes  
 794:: :: Pre-emption  
 790:: :: Assigned numbers  
 776:: :: Assigned numbers  
 774:: :: Internet Protocol Handbook  
 770:: :: Assigned numbers  
 766:: :: Internet Protocol Handbook  
 762:: :: Assigned numbers  
 758:: :: Assigned numbers  
 755:: :: Assigned numbers  
 750:: :: Assigned numbers  
 745:: :: JANUS interface specifications  
 739:: :: Assigned numbers  
 717:: :: Assigned network numbers  
 716:: :: Interim revision to Appendix F of BBN 1822  
 708:: :: Elements of a distributed programming system  
 705:: :: Front-end Protocol B6700 version  
 700:: :: Protocol experiment  
 699:: :: Request For Comments summary notes  
 694:: :: Protocol information  
 686:: :: Leaving well enough alone  
 684:: :: Commentary on procedure calling as a network protocol  
 681:: :: Network UNIX  
 678:: :: Standard file formats  
 677:: :: Maintenance of duplicate databases  
 672:: :: Multi-site data collection facility  
 671:: :: Note on Reconnection Protocol  
 667:: :: BBN host ports  
 666:: :: Specification of the Unified User-Level Protocol  
 663:: :: Lost message detection and recovery protocol  
 661:: :: Protocol information  
 645:: :: Network Standard Data Specification syntax  
 643:: :: Network Debugging Protocol  
 642:: :: Ready line philosophy and implementation  
 638:: :: IMP/TIP preventive maintenance schedule  
 637:: :: Change of network address for SU-DSL  
 635:: :: Assessment of ARPANET protocols  
 634:: :: Change in network address for Haskins Lab  
 631:: :: International meeting on minicomputers and data  
       communication  
 629:: :: Scenario for using the Network Journal  
 628:: :: Status of RFC numbers and a note on pre-assigned  
       journal numbers  
 621:: :: NIC user directories at SRI ARC

617:: :: Note on socket number assignment  
609:: :: Statement of upcoming move of NIC/NLS service  
604:: :: Assigned link numbers  
603:: :: Response to RFC 597  
602:: :: The stockings were hung by the chimney with care  
598:: :: RFC index - December 5, 1973  
597:: :: Host status  
590:: :: MULTICS address change  
588:: :: London node is now up  
585:: :: ARPANET users interest working group meeting  
584:: :: Charter for ARPANET Users Interest Working Group  
582:: :: Comments on RFC 580  
581:: :: Corrections to RFC 560  
580:: :: Note to protocol designers and implementers  
578:: :: Using MIT-Mathlab MACSYMA from MIT-DMS Muddle  
569:: H:: NETED  
552:: :: Single access to standard protocols  
547:: :: Change to the Very Distant Host specification  
544:: :: Locating on-line documentation at SRI-ARC  
537:: :: Announcement of NGG meeting July 16-17  
530:: :: Report on the Survey project  
529:: :: Note on protocol synch sequences  
527:: :: ARPAWOCKY  
526:: :: Technical meeting  
523:: :: SURVEY is in operation again  
519:: :: Resource evaluation  
518:: :: ARPANET accounts  
515:: :: Specifications for datalanguage  
503:: :: Socket number list  
496:: :: TNLS quick reference card is available  
494:: :: Availability of MIX and MIXAL in the Network  
492:: :: Response to RFC 467  
491:: :: What is "Free"?  
483:: :: Cancellation of the resource notebook framework meeting  
474:: :: Announcement of NGWG meeting  
464:: :: Resource notebook framework  
462:: :: Responding to user needs  
457:: :: TIPUG  
456:: :: Memorandum  
441:: :: Inter-Entity Communication - an experiment  
440:: :: Scheduled network software maintenance  
439:: :: PARRY encounters the DOCTOR  
433:: :: Socket number list  
432:: :: Network logical map  
425:: :: But my NCP costs \$500 a day  
419:: :: To  
405:: :: Correction to RFC 404  
404:: :: Host address changes involving Rand and ISI

403:: :: Desirability of a network 1108 service  
402:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
401:: :: Conversion of NGP-0 coordinates to device specific  
coordinates  
390:: :: TSO scenario  
379:: :: Using TSO at CCN  
376:: :: Network host status  
372:: :: Notes on a conversation with Bob Kahn on the ICCC  
371:: :: Demonstration at International Computer Communications  
Conference  
370:: :: Network host status  
363:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
356:: :: ARPA Network Control Center  
355:: :: Response to NWG/RFC 346  
350:: :: User accounts for UCSB On-Line System  
349:: :: Proposed standard socket numbers  
345:: :: Interest in mixed integer programming MPSX on NIC  
360/91 at CCN  
334:: :: Network use on May 8  
331:: :: IMP System change notification  
330:: :: Network host status  
329:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
327:: :: Data and File Transfer workshop notes  
322:: :: Well known socket numbers  
321:: :: CBI networking activity at MITRE  
320:: :: Workshop on hard copy line printers  
319:: :: Network host status  
317:: :: Official Host-Host Protocol modification  
316:: :: ARPA Network Data Management Working Group  
315:: :: Network host status  
313:: :: Computer based instruction  
305:: :: Unknown host numbers  
303:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
295:: :: Report of the Protocol Workshop, 12 October 1971  
291:: :: Data management meeting announcement  
290:: :: Computer networks and data sharing  
282:: :: Graphics meeting report  
276:: :: NIC course  
270:: :: Correction to BBN Report No. 1822 NIC NO 7958  
269:: :: Some experience with file transfer  
263:: :: Very Distant Host interface  
256:: :: IMPSYS change notification  
254:: :: Scenarios for using ARPANET computers  
253:: :: Second Network Graphics meeting details  
249:: :: Coordination of equipment and supplies purchase  
246:: :: Network Graphics meeting  
245:: :: Reservations for Network Group meeting  
243:: :: Network and data sharing bibliography

242:: :: Data descriptive language for shared data  
 240:: :: Site status  
 239:: :: Host mnemonics proposed in RFC 226 NIC 7625  
 235:: :: Site status  
 234:: :: Network Working Group meeting schedule  
 232:: :: Postponement of network graphics meeting  
 228:: :: Clarification  
 225:: :: Rand/UCSB network graphics experiment  
 223:: :: Network Information Center schedule for network users  
 219:: :: User's view of the datacomputer  
 218:: :: Changing the IMP status reporting facility  
 214:: :: Network checkpoint  
 213:: :: IMP System change notification  
 211:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
 209:: :: Host/IMP interface documentation  
 208:: :: Address tables  
 207:: :: September Network Working Group meeting  
 204:: :: Sockets in use  
 200:: :: RFC list by number  
 198:: :: Site certification - Lincoln Labs 360/67  
 195:: :: Data computers-data descriptions and access language  
 194:: :: Data Reconfiguration Service - compiler/interpreter  
       implementation notes  
 187:: :: Network/440 protocol concept  
 186:: :: Network graphics loader  
 185:: :: NIC distribution of manuals and handbooks  
 182:: :: Compilation of list of relevant site reports  
 180:: :: File system questionnaire  
 179:: :: Link number assignments  
 173:: :: Network data management committee meeting announcement  
 171:: :: Data Transfer Protocol  
 170:: :: RFC list by number  
 169:: :: Computer networks  
 168:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
 167:: :: Socket conventions reconsidered  
 164:: :: Minutes of Network Working Group meeting, 5/16  
       through 5/19/71  
 162:: :: NETBUGGER3  
 160:: :: RFC brief list  
 157:: :: Invitation to the Second Symposium on Problems in the  
       Optimization of Data Communications Systems  
 155:: :: ARPA Network mailing lists  
 154:: :: Exposition style  
 149:: :: Best laid plans  
 148:: :: Comments on RFC 123  
 147:: :: Definition of a socket  
 140:: :: Agenda for the May NWG meeting  
 138:: :: Status report on proposed Data Reconfiguration Service

136:: :: Host accounting and administrative procedures  
 135:: :: Response to NWG/RFC 110  
 132:: :: Typographical error in RFC 107  
 131:: :: Response to RFC 116  
 130:: :: Response to RFC 111  
 129:: :: Request for comments on socket name structure  
 126:: :: Graphics facilities at Ames Research Center  
 124:: :: Typographical error in RFC 107  
 121:: :: Network on-line operators  
 120:: :: Network PL1 subprograms  
 119:: :: Network Fortran subprograms  
 118:: :: Recommendations for facility documentation  
 117:: :: Some comments on the official protocol  
 116:: :: Structure of the May NWG meeting  
 115:: :: Some Network Information Center policies on handling documents  
 113:: :: Network activity report  
 112:: :: User/Server Site Protocol  
 111:: :: Pressure from the chairman  
 109:: :: Level III Server Protocol for the Lincoln Laboratory NIC 360/67 Host  
 108:: :: Attendance list at the Urbana NWG meeting, February 17-19, 1971  
 107:: :: Output of the Host-Host Protocol glitch cleaning committee  
 106:: :: User/Server Site Protocol network host questionnaire  
 104:: :: Link 191  
 103:: :: Implementation of interrupt keys  
 102:: :: Output of the Host-Host Protocol glitch cleaning committee  
 101:: :: Notes on the Network Working Group meeting, Urbana, Illinois, February 17, 1971  
 100:: :: Categorization and guide to NWG/RFCs  
 99:: :: Network meeting  
 95:: :: Distribution of NWG/RFC's through the NIC  
 90:: :: CCN as a network service center  
 89:: :: Some historic moments in networking  
 87:: :: Topic for discussion at the next Network Working Group meeting  
 85:: :: Network Working Group meeting  
 84:: :: List of NWG/RFC's 1-80  
 82:: :: Network meeting notes  
 81:: :: Request for reference information  
 78:: :: NCP status report  
 77:: :: Network meeting report  
 76:: :: Connection by name  
 75:: :: Network meeting  
 74:: :: Specifications for network use of the UCSB On-Line System  
 73:: :: Response to NWG/RFC 67  
 72:: :: Proposed moratorium on changes to network protocol

71:: :: Reallocation in case of input error  
 69:: :: Distribution list change for MIT  
 68:: :: Comments on memory allocation control commands  
 66:: :: NIC - third level ideas and other noise  
 64:: :: Getting rid of marking  
 63:: :: Belated network meeting report  
 61:: :: Note on interprocess communication in a resource  
       sharing computer network  
 57:: :: Thoughts and reflections on NWG/RFC 54  
 52:: :: Updated distribution list  
 51:: :: Proposal for a Network Interchange Language  
 50:: :: Comments on the Meyer proposal  
 49:: :: Conversations with S. Crocker UCLA  
 48:: :: Possible protocol plateau  
 47:: :: BBN's comments on NWG/RFC #33  
 46:: :: ARPA Network protocol notes  
 45:: :: New protocol is coming  
 44:: :: Comments on NWG/RFC 33 and 36  
 43:: :: Proposed meeting [LIL]  
 40:: :: More comments on the forthcoming protocol  
 39:: :: Comments on protocol re  
 37:: :: Network meeting epilogue, etc  
 36:: :: Protocol notes  
 35:: :: Network meeting  
 34:: :: Some brief preliminary notes on the Augmentation  
       Research Center clock  
 31:: :: Binary message forms in computer  
 30:: :: Documentation conventions  
 27:: :: Documentation conventions  
 25:: :: No high link numbers  
 24:: :: Documentation conventions  
 21:: :: Network meeting  
 16:: :: M.I.T  
 15:: :: Network subsystem for time sharing hosts  
 13:: :: [Referring to NWG/RFC 11]  
 11:: :: Implementation of the Host-Host software procedures  
       in GORDO  
 10:: :: Documentation conventions  
   9:: :: Host software  
   8:: :: Functional specifications for the ARPA Network  
   7:: :: Host-IMP interface  
   6:: :: Conversation with Bob Kahn  
   5:: :: Decode Encode Language  
   4:: :: Network timetable  
   3:: :: Documentation conventions  
   2:: :: Host software  
   1:: :: Host software

## Appendix B: Automatic Script to Implement Methodology

```
#!/usr/bin/perl

# Program to read text files (such as RFCs and Internet Drafts) and
#   output items that might relate to year 2000 issues, particularly
#   2-digit years.

# Version 1.1a. Slight modification by Philip J. Nesser
#   (phil@nesser.com) to split lines from old RFC's that are
#   too wide to conform with current RFC standards.

# Version 1.1. By Paul Hoffman (phoffman@imc.org). This is a
#   quick-and-dirty hack and could be written more elegantly and
#   more efficiently. There may be bugs in this software. For
#   example, there was an off-by-one-line bug in version 1.0.
#   Use this code at your own risk. This code may be freely
#   redistributed.

# Some people like using disk files, others like STDIN and STDOUT.
#   This program accomodates both types by setting the $UsageType
#   variable. 'file' means input comes from the first argument on
#   the command line, output goes to that filename with a ".out"
#   extension; 'std' means STDIN and STDOUT.
$UsageType = 'file'; # Should be 'file' or 'std'

# @CheckWords is a list of words to look for. This list is used in
#   addition to the automatic checking for "yy" on a line without "YYYY".
#   You might want to add "year yyyy" to this list, but then a large
#   proportion of the RFCs and drafts get selected

@CheckWords = qw(UTCTime two-digit 2-digit 2digit century 1900 2000);

if($UsageType eq 'file') {
    if($ARGV[0] eq '')
        { die "You must specify the name of the file to open.\n" }
    $InName = $ARGV[0];
    unless(-r $InName) { die "Could not read $InName.\n" }
    open(IN, $InName) or die "Could not open $InName.\n";
    $OutName = "$InName.out";
    open(OUT, ">$OutName") or die "Could not write to $OutName.\n";
    $OutStuff = ''; # Holder for what we're going to print out
} else { # Do STDIN and STDOUT
    open(IN, "-"); open(OUT, ">-");
}

# Read the whole file into an array. This is a tad wasteful of memory
#   but makes the output easier.
```

```

@All = ();
while(<IN>) { push(@All, $_) }
$LastLine = $#All;

# Process the instance of "yy" not followed by "YY"
for($i = 0; $i <= $LastLine; $i += 1 ) {
    next unless(grep(/yy/i, $All[$i]));
    next if(grep(/yyyy/i, $All[$i]));
    &PrintFive($i, "'yy' on a line without 'yyyy'");
}

# Next do the words that should cause extra concern
foreach $Word (@CheckWords) {
    for($i = 0; $i <= $LastLine; $i += 1 ) {
        next unless(grep(/$Word/i, $All[$i]));
        &PrintFive($i, "$Word");
    }
}

# All done. If writing to a file, and nothing got written, delete the
# file so that you can quickly scan for the ".out" files.
# (A better-written program would have waited to do the opens
# until here so the unlink wouldn't be necessary. Oh, well.)
if($UsageType eq 'file') {
    if(length($OutStuff) > 0) {
        $OutStuff = "++++++ File $InName +++++++ \n$OutStuff\n
n
        print OUT $OutStuff; close(OUT);
    } else { # Nothing to put in the .out
        close(OUT);
        unlink($OutName) or die "Couldn't unlink $OutName\n";
    }
}
exit;

# Print the five lines around the word found
sub PrintFive {
    my $Where = shift(@_); my $Msg = shift(@_);
    my ($WhereRealLine, $Start, $End, $j);

    $WhereRealLine = $Where + 1;
    $OutStuff .= "$Msg found at line $WhereRealLine:\n";
    $Start = $WhereRealLine - 2; $End = $WhereRealLine + 2;
    if($Where < 2) { $Start = 0 }
    if($Where > $LastLine - 2) { $End = $LastLine }
    for($j = $Start; $j <= $End; $j += 1) {
        if (length($All[$j-1]) > 64) {
            $FirstHalf = substr($All[$j-1], 0, 64) . "\n";
            $LastHalf = "$j(continued):\t\t" . substr($All[$j-1], 64);

```

```

        $OutStuff .= "$j: " . $FirstHalf . $LastHalf;
    }
    else {
        $OutStuff .= "$j: " . $All[$j-1]
    }
}
$OutStuff .= "\n";
}

```

Appendix C: Output of the script in Appendix B on all RFC's from 1 through 2479

+++++ File rfc0052.txt +++++

2000 found at line 141:

```

139:
140:      Chuck Rose                      Case University
141:      Jennings Computing Center      (216) 368-2000
142:      Case Western Reserve University x2808
143:      10900 Euclid Avenue

```

+++++ File rfc0090.txt +++++

2000 found at line 71:

```

69:                                     consoles);
70:
71:                                     j) Six data communication ports (3 dial @
71(continued):                        2000 baud,
72:                                     1 dedicated @ 4800 baud, and 2 dedicate
72(continued):                        d @ 50,000
73:                                     baud) for remote batch entry terminals;
73(continued):

```

+++++ File rfc0230.txt +++++

2000 found at line 92:

```

90: as for conventional synchronous block communication, since start
90(continued):                        and
91: stop bits for each character would need to be transmitted. This
91(continued):                        loss
92: is not substantial and does occur now for 2000 bps TIP-terminal
93: communication.
94:

```

2000 found at line 134:

```

132: 92 transmitting sites in the U.S. and Canada were used with stan
132(continued):                        dard
133: Bell System Dataphone datasets used at both ends. At both 1200
133(continued):                        and
134: 2000 bps, approximately 82% of the calls had error rates of 1 er
134(continued):                        ror in

```

135: 10^5 bits or better, assuming an equal number of short, medium,  
135(continued): and  
136: long hauls.

+++++ File rfc0241.txt +++++

2000 found at line 32:

30: justifiable on the basis that the IMP and Host computers were  
30(continued):  
31: expected to be either in the same room (up to 30 feet of cabl  
31(continued): e) or,  
32: via the Distant Host option, within 2000 feet on well- contro  
32(continued): lled,  
33: shielded cables. A connection through common carrier facilit  
33(continued): ies is  
34: not comparably free of errors. Usage of common- carrier line  
34(continued): s for

+++++ File rfc0263.txt +++++

2000 found at line 22:

20: of the occasional desire to interface a Host to some IMP via a  
21: long-distance connection (where long-distance, in this context,  
22: is any cable run longer than 2000 feet but may typically be tens  
22(continued):  
23: of miles) via either a hard-wire or telephone circuit. We belie  
23(continued): ve  
24: that any good solution to the general problem of interfacing Hos  
24(continued): ts

+++++ File rfc0662.txt +++++

2000 found at line 143:

141: by a rather short cable (approximately 100 feet long.) The CISL  
141(continued): Multics is  
142: connected to the IMP number 6 (port 0) by an approximately 1500  
142(continued): feet long cable.  
143: 80th IMPs are in close physical proximity (approximately 2000 fe  
143(continued): et,) and are  
144: connected to each other by a 50 kilobits per second line. The re  
144(continued): sults given  
145: above show considerable improvement in the performance with the  
145(continued): new IMP DIM.

+++++ File rfc0713.txt +++++

2000 found at line 830:

828: succeeding bytes in the stream used to encode the object.  
829:  
830: A data object requiring 20000 (47040 octal) bytes would  
831: appear in the stream as follows.

832:

2000 found at line 837:

835: 10000010 -- specifying that the next 2 bytes  
 836: contain the stream length  
 837: 01001110 -- first byte of number 20000  
 838: 00100000 -- second byte  
 839: .

2000 found at line 845:

843: .  
 844:  
 845: Interpretation of the contents of the 20000 bytes in  
 846: the stream can be performed by a module which knows the  
 847: specific format of the non-atomic type specified by DEFGH in

+++++ File rfc0724.txt +++++

2-digit found at line 1046:

1044: <4-digit-year>  
 1045: <slash-date> ::= <numeric-month> "/" <date-of-mo  
 1045(continued): nth>  
 1046: "/" <2-digit-ye  
 1046(continued): ar>  
 1047: <numeric-month> ::= <one or two decimal digits>  
 1048: <day-of-month> ::= <one or two decimal digits>

2-digit found at line 1062:

1060: | "December" | "Dec"  
 1061: <4-digit-year> ::= <four decimal digits>  
 1062: <2-digit-year> ::= <two decimal digits>  
 1063: <time> ::= <24-hour-time> "-" <time-zone>  
 1064: <24-hour-time> ::= <hour> <minute>

2-digit found at line 1675:

1673: A. ALPHABETICAL LISTING OF SYNTAX RULES  
 1674:  
 1675: <2-digit-year> ::= <two decimal digits>  
 1676: <4-digit-year> ::= <four decimal digits>  
 1677: <24-hour-time> ::= <hour> <minute>

2-digit found at line 1829:

1827:  
 1828: <slash-date> ::= <numeric-month> "/" <date-of-month>  
 1828(continued):  
 1829: "/" <2-digit-year>  
 1830: <space> ::= <TELNET ASCII space (decimal 32)>  
 1831:

==== File rfc0731.txt =====

2000 found at line 1571:  
1569: RFC 728, 1977.  
1570:  
1571: 9. Hazeltine 2000 Desk Top Display Operating Instructions.  
1571(continued):  
1572: Hazeltine IB-1866A, 1870.  
1573:

==== File rfc0732.txt =====

2000 found at line 1681:  
1679: 1977.  
1680:  
1681: 9. Hazeltine 2000 Desk Top Display Operating Instructions. H  
1681(continued): azeltine  
1682: IB-1866A, 1870.  
1683:

==== File rfc0733.txt =====

2-digit found at line 333:  
331:  
332: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is  
332(continued): ,  
333: exactly <n> occurrences of (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digi  
333(continued): t  
334: number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic characters.  
335:

2digit found at line 333:

331:  
332: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is  
332(continued): ,  
333: exactly <n> occurrences of (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digi  
333(continued): t  
334: number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic characters.  
335:

2digit found at line 947:

945: / "Sunday" / "Sun"  
946:  
947: date = 1\*2DIGIT ["-"] month ; day month year  
948: ["-"] (2DIGIT /4DIGIT) ; e.g. 20 Aug [19]7  
948(continued): 7  
949:

2digit found at line 948:

946:  
947: date = 1\*2DIGIT ["-"] month ; day month year

948: ["-"] (2DIGIT /4DIGIT) ; e.g. 20 Aug [19]7  
948(continued): 7  
949:  
950: month = "January" / "Jan" / "February" / "Feb"

2digit found at line 967:  
965: ; (seconds optional  
965(continued): )  
966:  
967: hour = 2DIGIT [":" ] 2DIGIT [ [":" ] 2DIGIT ]  
968: ; 0000[00] - 2359[59  
968(continued): ]  
969:

2digit found at line 1718:  
1716: CTL = <any TELNET ASCII control character and DEL>  
1717:  
1718: date = 1\*2DIGIT ["-"] month ["-"] (2DIGIT /4DIGIT)  
1719: date-field = "Date" ":" date-time  
1720: date-time = [ day-of-week "," ] date time

2digit found at line 1754:  
1752: host-indicator = 1\*( "at" / "@" ) node )  
1753: host-phrase = phrase host-indicator  
1754: hour = 2DIGIT [":" ] 2DIGIT [ [":" ] 2DIGIT ]  
1755: HTAB = <TELNET ASCII horizontal-tab>  
1756:

+++++= File rfc0734.txt +=+=+=+

2000 found at line 184:  
182: Bit name Value Meaning  
183:  
184: %TOALT 200000,,0 characters 175 and 176 are  
184(continued): converted to  
185: altmode (033) on input.  
186:

2000 found at line 264:  
262: NORMALLY OFF.  
263:  
264: %TOSA1 2000,,0 characters 001-037 should  
264(continued): be displayed  
265: using the Stanford/ITS extended  
265(continued): ASCII  
266: graphics character set instead of  
266(continued): uparrow

2000 found at line 354:

352: %TXTOP 4000 This character has the [TOP] key depressed.  
353:  
354: %TXSFL 2000 Reserved, must be zero.  
355:  
356: %TXSFT 1000 Reserved, must be zero.

2000 found at line 634:

632:	Value	Key
633:		
634:	2000	Reserved
635:	1000	Reserved
636:	0400	<META>

==== File rfc0738.txt =====

1900 found at line 41:

39: without sending anything.  
40:  
41: The time is the number of seconds since 0000 (midnight) 1 Januar  
41(continued): y 1900  
42: GMT, such that the time 1 is 12:00:01 am on 1 January 1900 GMT;  
42(continued): this  
43: base will serve until the year 2036. As a further example, the  
43(continued): most

1900 found at line 42:

40:  
41: The time is the number of seconds since 0000 (midnight) 1 Januar  
41(continued): y 1900  
42: GMT, such that the time 1 is 12:00:01 am on 1 January 1900 GMT;  
42(continued): this  
43: base will serve until the year 2036. As a further example, the  
43(continued): most  
44: recent leap year as of this writing began from the time 2,398,29  
44(continued): 1,200

==== File rfc0745.txt =====

2000 found at line 562:

560: Circuits, EIA standard RS-422," April 1975; Engineering Dept.,  
561: Electronic Industries Assn., 2001 Eye St., N.W., Washington, D.C  
561(continued): .,  
562: 20006.  
563:  
564: REA bulletin 345-67, Rural Electrification Admin., U.S. Dept. of  
564(continued):

==== File rfc0746.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 341:  
339: %TDGRF ;Enter graphics.

```

340:          %GOCLR          ;Clear the screen.
341:          %GOMVA xx yy    ;Set cursor.
342:          %GODLA xx yy    ;Draw line from there.
343:          << repeat last two commands for each line >>

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 342:

```

340:          %GOCLR          ;Clear the screen.
341:          %GOMVA xx yy    ;Set cursor.
342:          %GODLA xx yy    ;Draw line from there.
343:          << repeat last two commands for each line >>
344:          %TDNOP          ;Exit graphics.

```

2000 found at line 859:

```

857:  %TRGIN  0,,400000  terminal can provide graphics input.
858:
859:  %TRGHC  0,,200000  terminal has a hard-copy device to which outp
859(continued):      ut can
860:                  be diverted.
861:

```

+++++= File rfc0752.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 218:

```

216: word 4          The name of the site in SIXBIT.
217: word 5          The user name who compiled the file, usually in
217(continued):      SIXBIT.
218: word 6          Date of compilation as SIXBIT YYMMDD.
219: word 7          Time of compilation as SIXBIT HHMMSS.
220: word 8          Address in file of NAME table.

```

+++++= File rfc0754.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 76:

```

74:
75:  Messages are transmitted as a character string to an address whi
75(continued):      ch is
76:  specified "outside" the message.  The destination host ("YYY") i
76(continued):      s
77:  specified to the sending (or user) FTP as the argument of the "o
77(continued):      pen
78:  connection" command, and the destination user ("XXX") is specifi
78(continued):      ed to

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 81:

```

79:  the receiving (or server) FTP as the argument of the "MAIL" (or
79(continued):      "MLFL")
80:  command.  In Tenex, when mail is queued this outside information
80(continued):      is
81:  saved in the file name ("[---].XXX@YYY").
82:

```

83: The proposed solutions are briefly characterized.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 239:

```

237:
238:
239:      "[---].XXX@YYY", not anything from the header.  Only the stri
239(continued):      ng "XXX"
240:      is passed to the FTP server.
241:

```

==== File rfc0759.txt ====

```

two-digit found at line 1414:
1412:      yyyy-mm-dd-hh:mm:ss,fff+hh:mm
1413:
1414:      Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month
1414(continued):      , dd is
1415:      the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,
1415(continued):      mm is
1416:      the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is
1416(continued):      the

```

two-digit found at line 1415:

```

1413:
1414:      Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month
1414(continued):      , dd is
1415:      the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,
1415(continued):      mm is
1416:      the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is
1416(continued):      the
1417:      decimal fraction of the second.  To this basic date and time
1417(continued):      is

```

two-digit found at line 1416:

```

1414:      Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month
1414(continued):      , dd is
1415:      the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,
1415(continued):      mm is
1416:      the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is
1416(continued):      the
1417:      decimal fraction of the second.  To this basic date and time
1417(continued):      is
1418:      appended the offset from Greenwich as plus or minus hh hours
1418(continued):      and mm

```

==== File rfc0767.txt ====

```

two-digit found at line 710:
708:      yyyy-mm-dd-hh:mm:ss,fff+hh:mm
709:

```

710: Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month  
710(continued): , dd is  
711: the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,  
711(continued): mm is  
712: the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is  
712(continued): the

two-digit found at line 711:

709:  
710: Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month  
710(continued): , dd is  
711: the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,  
711(continued): mm is  
712: the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is  
712(continued): the  
713: decimal fraction of the second. To this basic date and time  
713(continued): is

two-digit found at line 712:

710: Where yyyy is the four-digit year, mm is the two-digit month  
710(continued): , dd is  
711: the two-digit day, hh is the two-digit hour in 24 hour time,  
711(continued): mm is  
712: the two-digit minute, ss is the two-digit second, and fff is  
712(continued): the  
713: decimal fraction of the second. To this basic date and time  
713(continued): is  
714: appended the offset from Greenwich as plus or minus hh hours  
714(continued): and mm

+++++= File rfc0786.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 71:

69:  
70: The date-time will be in the default TOPS20 ODTIM forma  
70(continued): t  
71: "dd-mmm-yy hh:mm:ss" (24 hour time).  
72:  
73: The files will named "arbitrary.NIMAIL.-1", where "arbitra  
73(continued): ry" will

+++++= File rfc0788.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1592:

1590: <daytime> ::= "at" <SP> <date> <SP> <time>  
1591:  
1592: <date> ::= <dd> "-" <mon> "-" <yy>  
1593:  
1594: <time> ::= <hh> ":" <mm> ":" <ss> "-" <zone>

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1602:  
 1600: "JUL" | "AUG" | "SEP" | "OCT" | "NOV" | "D  
 1600(continued): EC"  
 1601:  
 1602: <yy> ::= the two decimal integer year of the century  
 1602(continued): in the  
 1603: range 01 to 99.  
 1604:

century found at line 1602:  
 1600: "JUL" | "AUG" | "SEP" | "OCT" | "NOV" | "D  
 1600(continued): EC"  
 1601:  
 1602: <yy> ::= the two decimal integer year of the century  
 1602(continued): in the  
 1603: range 01 to 99.  
 1604:

+++++= File rfc0809.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 3349:  
 3347:  
 3348: #define WID 0000000 /\* Write Image Data \*/  
 3349: #define WGD 0020000 /\* Write Graphic Data \*/  
 3350: #define WAC 0022000 /\* Write AlphanumCh \*/  
 3351:

2000 found at line 3350:  
 3348: #define WID 0000000 /\* Write Image Data \*/  
 3349: #define WGD 0020000 /\* Write Graphic Data \*/  
 3350: #define WAC 0022000 /\* Write AlphanumCh \*/  
 3351:  
 3352: #define LWM 0024000 /\* Load Write Mode \*/

2000 found at line 3379:  
 3377:  
 3378: #define ERS 0030000 /\* Erase \*/  
 3379: #define ERL 0032000 /\* Erase Line \*/  
 3380: #define SLU 0034000 /\* Special Location Update \*/  
 3381: #define SCRL\_ZAP 0100 /\* unlimited scroll speed \*/

2000 found at line 3392:  
 3390: #define LLB 0070000 /\* Load Lb \*/  
 3391: #define LLC 0074000 /\* Load Lc \*/  
 3392: #define LGW 02000 /\* perform write \*/  
 3393:  
 3394: #define NOP 0110000 /\* No-Operation \*/

2000 found at line 3396:

```

3394:      #define NOP      0110000  /* No-Operation */
3395:
3396:      #define SPD        0120000  /* Select Special Device */
3397:      #define LPA        0130000  /* Load Peripheral Address */
3398:      #define LPR        0140000  /* Load Peripheral Register */

```

2000 found at line 3405:

```

3403:      #define ALPHA     06000  /* LPR - Alphanumeric data */
3404:      #define GRAPH      04000  /* LPR - Graphic data */
3405:      #define IMAGE      02000  /* LPR - Image data */
3406:      #define LTHENH     01000  /* take lo byte then hi byte */
3407:      #define DROPBYTE  0400  /* drop last byte */

```

2000 found at line 3408:

```

3406:      #define LTHENH     01000  /* take lo byte then hi byte */
3407:      #define DROPBYTE  0400  /* drop last byte */
3408:      #define INTERR     02000  /* SPD - Interrupt Enable */
3409:      #define TEST       04000  /* SPD - Diagnostic Test */
3410:

```

+++++= File rfc0810.txt ++++++=

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 146:
144:      , (comma)          is used as a data element delimiter
145:
146:      XXX/YY             indicates protocol information of the type
146(continued):
147:      TRANSPORT/SERVICE.
148:

```

+++++= File rfc0820.txt ++++++=

```

2000 found at line 674:
672:      014.000.000.001   311031700035 00   PURDUE-TN
672(continued):          [CXK]
673:      014.000.000.002   311060800027 00   UWISC-TN
673(continued):          [CXK]
674:      014.000.000.003   311030200024 00   UDEL-TN
674(continued):          [CXK]
675:      014.000.000.004   234219200149 23   UCL-VTEST
675(continued):          [PK]
676:      014.000.000.005   234219200300 23   UCL-TG
676(continued):          [PK]

```

+++++= File rfc0821.txt ++++++=

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1944:
1942:      <daytime> ::= <SP> <date> <SP> <time>
1943:
1944:      <date> ::= <dd> <SP> <mon> <SP> <yy>
1945:

```

1946: <time> ::= <hh> ":" <mm> ":" <ss> <SP> <zone>

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1954:

1952: "JUL" | "AUG" | "SEP" | "OCT" | "NOV" | "D  
1952(continued): EC"  
1953:  
1954: <yy> ::= the two decimal integer year of the century  
1954(continued): in the  
1955: range 00 to 99.  
1956:

century found at line 1954:

1952: "JUL" | "AUG" | "SEP" | "OCT" | "NOV" | "D  
1952(continued): EC"  
1953:  
1954: <yy> ::= the two decimal integer year of the century  
1954(continued): in the  
1955: range 00 to 99.  
1956:

+++++= File rfc0822.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1635:

1633: 5.1. SYNTAX  
1634:  
1635: date-time = [ day "," ] date time ; dd mm yy  
1636: ; hh:mm:ss zzz  
1636(continued):  
1637:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2701:

2699: dates = orig-date ; Original  
2700: [ resent-date ] ; Forwarded  
2701: date-time = [ day "," ] date time ; dd mm yy  
2702: ; hh:mm:ss zzz  
2702(continued):  
2703: day = "Mon" / "Tue" / "Wed" / "Thu"

2-digit found at line 344:

342:  
343: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to "<n>\*<n>(element)"; th  
343(continued): at is,  
344: exactly <n> occurrences of (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2  
344(continued): -digit  
345: number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic characte  
345(continued): rs.  
346:

2digit found at line 344:

342:  
 343:                "<n>(element)" is equivalent to "<n>\*<n>(element)"; th  
 343(continued):                at is,  
 344:                exactly <n> occurrences of (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2  
 344(continued):                -digit  
 345:                number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic characte  
 345(continued):                rs.  
 346:

2digit found at line 1641:

1639:                / "Fri" / "Sat" / "Sun"  
 1640:  
 1641:                date                = 1\*2DIGIT month 2DIGIT                ; day month yea  
 1641(continued):                r  
 1642:                               ; e.g. 20 Jun  
 1642(continued):                82  
 1643:

2digit found at line 1650:

1648:                time                = hour zone                ; ANSI and Mili  
 1648(continued):                tary  
 1649:  
 1650:                hour                = 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT [":" 2DIGIT]  
 1651:                               ; 00:00:00 - 23  
 1651(continued):                :59:59  
 1652:

2digit found at line 2697:

2695:                CTL                = <any ASCII control                ; ( 0- 37, 0.  
 2695(continued):                - 31.)  
 2696:                character and DEL>                ; ( 177,  
 2696(continued):                127.)  
 2697:                date                = 1\*2DIGIT month 2DIGIT                ; day month yea  
 2697(continued):                r  
 2698:                               ; e.g. 20 Jun  
 2698(continued):                82  
 2699:                dates                = orig-date                ; Original

2digit found at line 2747:

2745:                field-name        = 1\*<any CHAR, excluding CTLs, SPACE, and ":">  
 2745(continued):  
 2746:                group                = phrase ":" [#mailbox] ";"  
 2747:                hour                = 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT [":" 2DIGIT]  
 2748:                               ; 00:00:00 - 23  
 2748(continued):                :59:59  
 2749:                HTAB                = <ASCII HT, horizontal-tab>                ; ( 11,  
 2749(continued):                9.)

=====  
File rfc0850.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 227:  
225: network. One format that is acceptable to both is  
226:  
227:           Weekday, DD-Mon-YY HH:MM:SS TIMEZONE  
228:  
229: Several examples of valid dates appear in the sample

=====  
File rfc0867.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 67:  
65:           Another popular syntax is that used in SMTP:  
66:  
67:           dd mmm yy hh:mm:ss zzz  
68:  
69:           Example:

=====  
File rfc0868.txt  
=====  
1900 found at line 19:  
17: This protocol provides a site-independent, machine readable date  
17(continued):           and  
18: time. The Time service sends back to the originating source the  
18(continued):           time in  
19: seconds since midnight on January first 1900.  
20:  
21: One motivation arises from the fact that not all systems have a

1900 found at line 83:  
81: The Time  
82:  
83: The time is the number of seconds since 00:00 (midnight) 1 Janua  
83(continued):           ry 1900  
84: GMT, such that the time 1 is 12:00:01 am on 1 January 1900 GMT;  
84(continued):           this  
85: base will serve until the year 2036.

1900 found at line 84:  
82:  
83: The time is the number of seconds since 00:00 (midnight) 1 Janua  
83(continued):           ry 1900  
84: GMT, such that the time 1 is 12:00:01 am on 1 January 1900 GMT;  
84(continued):           this  
85: base will serve until the year 2036.  
86:

=====  
File rfc0869.txt  
=====  
2000 found at line 1639:  
1637:           400           HDH  
1638:           1000          Cassette Writer

1639: 2000 Propagation Delay Measurement  
1640: 4000 X25  
1641: 10000 Profile Measurements

2000 found at line 1642:

1640: 4000 X25  
1641: 10000 Profile Measurements  
1642: 20000 Self Authenticating Password  
1643: 40000 Host traffic Matrix  
1644: 100000 Experimental/Special

2000 found at line 1669:

1667: 200 Trace ON  
1668: 1000 Statistics ON  
1669: 2000 Message Generator ON  
1670: 4000 Packet Trace ON  
1671: 10000 Host Data Checksum is BAD

2000 found at line 1672:

1670: 4000 Packet Trace ON  
1671: 10000 Host Data Checksum is BAD  
1672: 20000 Reload Location SET  
1673:  
1674:

+++++= File rfc0884.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 236:

234: GENERAL-TERMINAL-100A  
235: HAZELTINE-1500  
236: HAZELTINE-2000  
237: HP-2621  
238: HP-2640A

+++++= File rfc0899.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 337:

335: provides a site-independent, machine readable date and time.  
335(continued): The  
336: Time service sends back to the originating source the time in  
336(continued): seconds  
337: since midnight on January first 1900.  
338:  
339: 867 Postel May 83 Daytime Protocol

+++++= File rfc0900.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 1595:

1593: HAZELTINE-1510  
1594: HAZELTINE-1520  
1595: HAZELTINE-2000

1596: HP-2621  
 1597: HP-2621A

+++++= File rfc0909.txt ++++++=  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 859:  
 857: responses from the target. A session begins when a host op  
 857(continued): ens a  
 858: transport connection to a target listening on a well known  
 858(continued): port.  
 859: LDP uses RDP port number zzz or TCP port number yyy. Whe  
 859(continued): n the  
 860: connection has been established, the host sends a HELLO co  
 860(continued): mmand,  
 861: and the target replies with a HELLO\_REPLY. The HELLO  
 861(continued): \_REPLY

+++++= File rfc0923.txt ++++++=  
 2000 found at line 1769:  
 1767: HAZELTINE-1510  
 1768: HAZELTINE-1520  
 1769: HAZELTINE-2000  
 1770: HP-2621  
 1771: HP-2621A

+++++= File rfc0937.txt ++++++=  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 327:  
 325: FOLD mailbox - Error  
 326: READ [n] #xxx  
 327: RETR =yyy  
 328: ACKS  
 329: ACKD

+++++= File rfc0943.txt ++++++=  
 2000 found at line 1829:  
 1827: HAZELTINE-1510  
 1828: HAZELTINE-1520  
 1829: HAZELTINE-2000  
 1830: HP-2621  
 1831: HP-2621A

+++++= File rfc0952.txt ++++++=  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 159:  
 157: ,(comma) is used as a data element delimiter  
 158:  
 159: XXX/YYY indicates protocol information of the type  
 160: TRANSPORT/SERVICE.  
 161:



144(continued): s, as  
145: shown in the following diagram.

==== File rfc0960.txt =====

2000 found at line 1659:  
1657: 014.000.000.018 2624-522-80900 52 DFVLR5-X25  
1657(continued): [HDC1]  
1658: 014.000.000.019 2041-170-10000 00 SHAPE-X25  
1658(continued): [JFW]  
1659: 014.000.000.020 5052-737-20000 50 UQNET  
1659(continued): [AXH]  
1660: 014.000.000.021 3020-801-00057 50 DMC-CRC1  
1660(continued): [JR17]  
1661: 014.000.000.022-014.255.255.254 Unassigned  
1661(continued): [JBP]

2000 found at line 1984:

1982: AEGIS  
1983: APOLLO  
1984: BS-2000  
1985: CEDAR  
1986: CGW

2000 found at line 2350:

2348: HAZELTINE-1510  
2349: HAZELTINE-1520  
2350: HAZELTINE-2000  
2351: HP-2621  
2352: HP-2621A

==== File rfc0973.txt =====

2000 found at line 377:  
375: We might add the following to the parent zone:  
376:  
377: 99.128.IN-ADDR.ARPA. 2000 NS Q.ISI.EDU.  
378: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
379: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>

2000 found at line 378:

376:  
377: 99.128.IN-ADDR.ARPA. 2000 NS Q.ISI.EDU.  
378: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
379: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>  
380: XX.MIT.EDU. 2000 A <address of XX.MIT.EDU.>

2000 found at line 379:

377: 99.128.IN-ADDR.ARPA. 2000 NS Q.ISI.EDU.  
378: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.

379: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>  
380: XX.MIT.EDU. 2000 A <address of XX.MIT.EDU.>  
381:

2000 found at line 380:

378: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
379: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>  
380: XX.MIT.EDU. 2000 A <address of XX.MIT.EDU.>  
381:

382: and the following to the child zone:

2000 found at line 384:

382: and the following to the child zone:

383:  
384: 99.128.IN-ADDR.ARPA. 2000 NS Q.ISI.EDU.  
385: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
386: 5000 SOA <SOA information>

2000 found at line 385:

383:  
384: 99.128.IN-ADDR.ARPA. 2000 NS Q.ISI.EDU.  
385: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
386: 5000 SOA <SOA information>  
387: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>

2000 found at line 387:

385: 2000 NS XX.MIT.EDU.  
386: 5000 SOA <SOA information>  
387: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>  
388: XX.MIT.EDU. 2000 A <address of XX.MIT.EDU.>  
389:

2000 found at line 388:

386: 5000 SOA <SOA information>  
387: Q.ISI.EDU. 2000 A <address of Q.ISI.EDU.>  
388: XX.MIT.EDU. 2000 A <address of XX.MIT.EDU.>  
389:

390: SOA serials

==== File rfc0977.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 814:

812: the same format as the LIST command.

813:

814: The date is sent as 6 digits in the format YYMMDD, where YY i

814(continued): s the

815: last two digits of the year, MM is the two digits of the mont

815(continued): h (with

816: leading zero, if appropriate), and DD is the day of the month

816(continued): (with  
century found at line 817:  
815: last two digits of the year, MM is the two digits of the month  
815(continued): h (with  
816: leading zero, if appropriate), and DD is the day of the month  
816(continued): (with  
817: leading zero, if appropriate). The closest century is assumed  
817(continued): d as  
818: part of the year (i.e., 86 specifies 1986, 30 specifies 2030,  
818(continued): 99 is  
819: 1999, 00 is 2000).

2000 found at line 819:  
817: leading zero, if appropriate). The closest century is assumed  
817(continued): d as  
818: part of the year (i.e., 86 specifies 1986, 30 specifies 2030,  
818(continued): 99 is  
819: 1999, 00 is 2000).  
820:  
821: Time must also be specified. It must be as 6 digits HHMMSS with  
821(continued): ith HH

2000 found at line 1190:  
1188:  
1189: (client asks for new newsgroups since April 3, 1985)  
1190: C: NEWGROUPS 850403 020000  
1191:  
1192: S: 231 New newsgroups since 03/04/85 02:00:00 follow

2000 found at line 1275:  
1273:  
1274: (client asks for new newsgroups since 2 am, May 15, 1985)  
1275: C: NEWGROUPS 850515 020000  
1276: S: 235 New newsgroups since 850515 follow  
1277: S: net.fluff

2000 found at line 1282:  
1280:  
1281: (client asks for new news articles since 2 am, May 15, 1985)  
1282: C: NEWNEWS \* 850515 020000  
1283: S: 230 New news since 850515 020000 follows  
1284: S: <1772@foo.UUCP>

2000 found at line 1283:  
1281: (client asks for new news articles since 2 am, May 15, 1985)  
1282: C: NEWNEWS \* 850515 020000  
1283: S: 230 New news since 850515 020000 follows

1284: S: <1772@foo.UUCP>  
1285: S: <87623@baz.UUCP>

==== File rfc0985.txt ====  
2000 found at line 505:  
503: Very Distant Host (VDH) methods are not recommended for ne  
503(continued): w  
504: implementations. The Distant Host (DH) method is used whe  
504(continued): n the  
505: host and IMP are separated by not more than about 2000 fee  
505(continued): t of  
506: cable, while the HDLC Distant Host is used for greater dis  
506(continued): tances  
507: where a modem is required. Retransmission, resequencing a  
507(continued): nd flow

==== File rfc0987.txt ====  
UTCTime found at line 1100:  
1098: X.408 (sections 4.2.2 and 5.2.2).  
1099:  
1100: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1101:  
1102: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax conta  
1102(continued): in: Year

UTCTime found at line 1102:  
1100: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1101:  
1102: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax conta  
1102(continued): in: Year  
1103: (lowest two digits), Month, Day of Month, hour, minute,  
1103(continued): second  
1104: (optional), and Timezone. 822.date-time also contains  
1104(continued): an

UTCTime found at line 1107:  
1105: optional day of the week, but this is redundant. There  
1105(continued): fore a  
1106: symmetrical mapping can be made between these construct  
1106(continued): s <5>.  
1107: The UTCTime format which specifies the timezone offset  
1107(continued): should  
1108: be used, in line with CEN/CENELEC recommendations.  
1109:

UTCTime found at line 3395:  
3393:

3394: The extended syntax of zone defined in the JNT Mail Protoc  
3394(continued): ol  
3395: should be used in the mapping of UTCTime defined in chapte  
3395(continued): r 3.  
3396:  
3397: 5. Lack of separate 822-P1 originator specification

UTCTime found at line 3910:

3908: <5> In practice, a gateway will need to parse various illega  
3908(continued): l  
3909: variants on 822.date-time. In cases where 822.date-time  
3909(continued): cannot  
3910: be parsed, it is recommended that the derived UTCTime is  
3910(continued): set to  
3911: the value at the time of translation.  
3912:

2digit found at line 2785:

2783: last-trace ";"  
2784: "ext" 1\*DIGIT  
2785: "flags" 2DIGIT  
2786: [ "intended" mailbox ] ";"  
2787: [ "info" printablestring ]

+++++= File rfc0990.txt +=+=+=+=

2000 found at line 2265:

2263: 014.000.000.018 2624-522-80900 52 DFVLR5-X25  
2263(continued): [GB7]  
2264: 014.000.000.019 2041-170-10000 00 SHAPE-X25  
2264(continued): [JFW]  
2265: 014.000.000.020 5052-737-20000 50 UQNET  
2265(continued): [AXH]  
2266: 014.000.000.021 3020-801-00057 50 DMC-CRC1  
2266(continued): [JR17]  
2267: 014.000.000.022 2624-522-80902 77 DFVLRVAX-X25  
2267(continued): [GB7]

2000 found at line 2584:

2582: AEGIS  
2583: APOLLO  
2584: BS-2000  
2585: CEDAR  
2586: CGW

2000 found at line 2945:

2943: HAZELTINE-1510  
2944: HAZELTINE-1520  
2945: HAZELTINE-2000

2946: HP-2621  
2947: HP-2621A

+++++ File rfc0996.txt +++++

2000 found at line 76:

74:  
75: Process type: 000027 options: 040000  
76: Subnet: DMV status: 376 hello: 15 timeout: 2000  
77: Foreign address: [192.5.39.87] max size: 576  
78: Input packets 3645 Output packets 3690

+++++ File rfc1000.txt +++++

1900 found at line 3105:

3103: protocol provides a site-independent, machine readable dat  
3103(continued): e and  
3104: time. The Time service sends back to the originating sour  
3104(continued): ce the  
3105: time in seconds since midnight on January first 1900.  
3106:  
3107: 867 Postel May 83 Daytime Protocol

+++++ File rfc1009.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1412:

1410: method is used when the host and IMP (the Defense Communic  
1410(continued): ation  
1411: Agency calls it a Packet Switch Node or PSN) are separated  
1411(continued): by not  
1412: more than about 2000 feet of cable, while the HDLC Distant  
1412(continued): Host  
1413: (HDH) is used for greater distances where a modem is requi  
1413(continued): red.  
1414: Under HDH, retransmission, resequencing and flow control a  
1414(continued): re

+++++ File rfc1010.txt +++++

2000 found at line 969:

967: 014.000.000.018 2624-522-80900 52 DFVLR5-X25  
967(continued): [GB7]  
968: 014.000.000.019 2041-170-10000 00 SHAPE-X25  
968(continued): [JFW]  
969: 014.000.000.020 5052-737-20000 50 UQNET  
969(continued): [AXH]  
970: 014.000.000.021 3020-801-00057 50 DMC-CRC1  
970(continued): [JR17]  
971: 014.000.000.022 2624-522-80902 77 DFVLRVAX-X25  
971(continued): [GB7]

2000 found at line 1353:

1351: AEGIS  
1352: APOLLO  
1353: BS-2000  
1354: CEDAR  
1355: CGW

2000 found at line 1719:  
1717: HAZELTINE-1510  
1718: HAZELTINE-1520  
1719: HAZELTINE-2000  
1720: HP-2621  
1721: HP-2621A

==== File rfc1024.txt =====

1900 found at line 535:  
533:  
534: The local system clock, measured in milliseconds since 00:00  
534(continued): 1  
535: January 1900 UTC. Assumed to be only a local estimate of the  
535(continued): time.  
536: The value 0 is reserved for an uninitialized clock (For exampl  
536(continued): le, an  
537: uninitialized time-of-day chip.)

1900 found at line 546:

544: A network synchronized clock, which is assumed to be synchron  
544(continued): ized  
545: across some part of a network. The clock value is measured i  
545(continued): n  
546: milliseconds since 00:00 1 January 1900 UTC. Specific inform  
546(continued): ation  
547: about the synchronization protocol is found in the system var  
547(continued): iable  
548: dictionary. The value 0 is used to indicate an uninitialized  
548(continued): clock.

==== File rfc1036.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 196:  
194: both is:  
195:  
196: Wdy, DD Mon YY HH:MM:SS TIMEZONE  
197:  
198: Several examples of valid dates appear in the sample message  
198(continued): above.

==== File rfc1037.txt =====

1900 found at line 541:  
539: Date A numeric data token. The date is expre

539(continued): ssed in  
 540: Universal Time format, which measures a  
 540(continued): time as  
 541: the number of seconds since January 1, 1  
 541(continued): 900, at  
 542: midnight GMT.  
 543:

1900 found at line 2544:  
 2542: The creation date of the file. The date is expressed in Univ  
 2542(continued): ersal  
 2543: Time format, which measures a time as the number of seconds s  
 2543(continued): ince  
 2544: January 1, 1900, at midnight GMT. Creation date does not nec  
 2544(continued): essarily  
 2545: mean the time the file system created the directory entry or  
 2545(continued): records  
 2546: of the file. For systems that support modification or append  
 2546(continued): ing to

+++++= File rfc1038.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 317:  
 315:  
 316: The values of this field are assigned by DCA Code R130, Washi  
 316(continued): ngton,  
 317: D.C. 20305-2000. Each value corresponds to a requestor who,  
 317(continued): once  
 318: assigned, becomes the authority for the remainder of the opti  
 318(continued): on  
 319: definition for that value.

+++++= File rfc1050.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 323:  
 321: 7.3 Program Number Assignment  
 322:  
 323: Program numbers are given out in groups of hexadecimal 200000  
 323(continued): 00  
 324: (decimal 536870912) according to the following chart:  
 325:

2000 found at line 327:  
 325:  
 326: 0 - 1fffffff defined by Sun  
 327: 20000000 - 3fffffff defined by user  
 328: 40000000 - 5fffffff transient  
 329: 60000000 - 7fffffff reserved

+++++= File rfc1057.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 339:  
337: 7.3 Program Number Assignment  
338:  
339: Program numbers are given out in groups of hexadecimal 200000  
339(continued): 00  
340: (decimal 536870912) according to the following chart:  
341:

2000 found at line 343:  
341:  
342: 0 - 1fffffff defined by Sun  
343: 20000000 - 3fffffff defined by user  
344: 40000000 - 5fffffff transient  
345: 60000000 - 7fffffff reserved

==== File rfc1059.txt ====  
century found at line 142:  
140: mechanisms to synchronize time in principle to precisions in  
140(continued): the  
141: order of nanoseconds while preserving a non-ambiguous date we  
141(continued): ll into  
142: the next century. The protocol includes provisions to specif  
142(continued): y the  
143: characteristics and estimate the error of the local clock and  
143(continued): the  
144: time server to which it may be synchronized. It also include  
144(continued): s

1900 found at line 574:  
572: frequency to the TA time scale. At 0000 hours on 1 January 1  
572(continued): 972 the  
573: NTP time scale was set to 2,272,060,800, representing the num  
573(continued): ber of  
574: TA seconds since 0000 hours on 1 January 1900. The insertion  
574(continued): of leap  
575: seconds in UTC does not affect the oscillator itself, only th  
575(continued): e  
576: translation between TA and UTC, or conventional civil time.  
576(continued): However,

1900 found at line 649:  
647: main product of the protocol, a special timestamp format has  
647(continued): been  
648: established. NTP timestamps are represented as a 64-bit unsi  
648(continued): gned  
649: fixed-point number, in seconds relative to 0000 UT on 1 Janua  
649(continued): ry 1900.  
650: The integer part is in the first 32 bits and the fraction par

650(continued): t in the  
 651: last 32 bits, as shown in the following diagram.

1900 found at line 690:

688: the Integer Part) has been set and that the 64-bit field will  
 688(continued):  
 689: overflow some time in 2036. Should NTP be in use in 2036, so  
 689(continued): me  
 690: external means will be necessary to qualify time relative to  
 690(continued): 1900 and  
 691: time relative to 2036 (and other multiples of 136 years).  
 692: Timestamped data requiring such qualification will be so prec  
 692(continued): ious

+++++= File rfc1060.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2324:

2322: AB-00-03-00-00-00 6004 DEC Local Area Transport  
 2322(continued): (LAT) - old  
 2323: AB-00-04-00-xx-xx ???? Reserved DEC customer private  
 2323(continued): use  
 2324: AB-00-04-01-xx-yy 6007 DEC Local Area VAX Cluster gr  
 2324(continued): oups  
 2325: System Communication Architec  
 2325(continued): ture (SCA)  
 2326: CF-00-00-00-00-00 9000 Ethernet Configuration Test  
 2326(continued): protocol (Loopback)

2000 found at line 2729:

2727: 014.000.000.018 2624-522-80900 52 FGAN-SIEMENS-X25  
 2727(continued): [GB7]  
 2728: 014.000.000.019 2041-170-10000 00 SHAPE-X25  
 2728(continued): [JFW]  
 2729: 014.000.000.020 5052-737-20000 50 UQNET  
 2729(continued): [AXH]  
 2730: 014.000.000.021 3020-801-00057 50 DMC-CRC1  
 2730(continued): [VXT]  
 2731: 014.000.000.022 2624-522-80329 02 FGAN-FGANFFMVAX-X25  
 2731(continued): [GB7]

2000 found at line 3155:

3153:	AEGIS	MACOS	TP3010
3154:	APOLLO	MINOS	TRSDOS
3155:	BS-2000	MOS	ULTRIX
3156:	CEDAR	MPE5	UNIX
3157:	CGW	MSDOS	UNIX-BSD

2000 found at line 3508:

3506: HAZELTINE-1520 IBM-3278-5-E

```

3507:      HAZELTINE-1552                IBM-3279-2-E
3508:      HAZELTINE-2000                IBM-3279-3-E
3509:      HAZELTINE-ESPRIT              IMLAC
3510:      HP-2392                        INFOTON-100

```

```

+++++= File rfc1064.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1321:
1319:      "NO" SP text_line / "BAD" SP text_line)
1320:
1321:      date                ::= string in form "dd-mmm-yy hh:mm:ss-zzz"
1322:
1323:      envelope              ::= "(" env_date SP env_subject SP env_from S
1323(continued):              P

```

```

+++++= File rfc1085.txt ++++++=
UTCTime found at line 1501:
1499:
1500:      commonReference
1501:      UTCTime,
1502:
1503:      additionalReferenceInformation[0]

```

```

+++++= File rfc1094.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 878:
876:
877:      0040000 This is a directory; "type" field should be NFDIR.
877(continued):
878:      0020000 This is a character special file; "type" field sho
878(continued):      uld
879:      be NFCHR.
880:      0060000 This is a block special file; "type" field should
880(continued):      be

```

```

2000 found at line 883:
881:      NFBLK.
882:      0100000 This is a regular file; "type" field should be NFR
882(continued):      EG.
883:      0120000 This is a symbolic link file; "type" field should
883(continued):      be
884:      NFLNK.
885:      0140000 This is a named socket; "type" field should be NFN
885(continued):      ON.

```

```

2000 found at line 887:
885:      0140000 This is a named socket; "type" field should be NFN
885(continued):      ON.
886:      0004000 Set user id on execution.

```

887: 0002000 Set group id on execution.  
888: 0001000 Save swapped text even after use.  
889: 0000400 Read permission for owner.

+++++= File rfc1108.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 187:

185: throughout DoD common user data networks, users of these netw  
185(continued): orks  
186: should submit requirements for additional Protection Authorit  
186(continued): y Flags  
187: to DISA DISDB, Washington, D.C. 20305-2000, for review and a  
187(continued): pproval.  
188: Such review and approval should be sought prior to design,  
189: development or deployment of any system which would make use  
189(continued): of

2000 found at line 774:

772: data networks, and to maximize interoperability, each activit  
772(continued): y should  
773: submit its plans for the definition and use of an Additional  
773(continued): Security  
774: Info Format Code to DISA DISDB, Washington, D.C. 20305-2000  
774(continued): for  
775: review and approval. DISA DISDB will forward plans to the In  
775(continued): ternet  
776: Activities Board for architectural review and, if required, a  
776(continued): cleared

+++++= File rfc1114.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 922:

920: issuer Name,  
921: list SEQUENCE RCLEntry,  
922: lastUpdate UTCTime,  
923: nextUpdate UTCTime}  
924:

UTCTime found at line 923:

921: list SEQUENCE RCLEntry,  
922: lastUpdate UTCTime,  
923: nextUpdate UTCTime}  
924:

925: RCLEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

UTCTime found at line 927:

925: RCLEntry ::= SEQUENCE {  
926: subject CertificateSerialNumber,

927: revocationDate UTCTime}  
928:  
929: 3.4 Certificate Definition and Usage

UTCTime found at line 1296:

1294:  
1295: Validity ::= SEQUENCE{  
1296: notBefore UTCTime,  
1297: notAfter UTCTime}  
1298:

UTCTime found at line 1297:

1295: Validity ::= SEQUENCE{  
1296: notBefore UTCTime,  
1297: notAfter UTCTime}  
1298:  
1299: SubjectPublicKeyInfo ::= SEQUENCE{

+++++ File rfc1117.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4965:

4963: jwmanly%amherst.bitnet@MITVMA.MIT.EDU  
4964: [JWN10] Norris, James W a02jwn1%niu.bitnet@CUNYVM.CUNY.E  
4964(continued): DU  
4965: [JY24] Yu, Jessica jyy@MERIT.EDU  
4966: [JY33] Yoshida, Jun ---none---  
4967: [KA4] Auerbach, Karl auerbach@CSL.SRI.COM

+++++ File rfc1123.txt +++++

2digit found at line 3239:

3237: The syntax for the date is hereby changed to:  
3238:  
3239: date = 1\*2DIGIT month 2\*4DIGIT  
3240:  
3241:

century found at line 3253:

3251:  
3252: All mail software SHOULD use 4-digit years in dates, to  
3252(continued): ease  
3253: the transition to the next century.  
3254:  
3255: There is a strong trend towards the use of numeric time  
3255(continued): zone

+++++ File rfc1133.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 493:

491: Telephone: 313 936-2655  
492: Fax: 313 747-3745  
493: EMail: jyy@merit.edu  
494:  
495: Hans-Werner Braun

+++++= File rfc1138.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 1471:  
1469: the full BNF easier to parse.  
1470:  
1471: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1472:  
1473: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1473(continued): ear

UTCTime found at line 1473:  
1471: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1472:  
1473: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1473(continued): ear  
1474: (lowest two digits), Month, Day of Month, hour, minute, secon  
1474(continued): d  
1475: (optional), and Timezone. 822.date-time also contains an opt  
1475(continued): ional

UTCTime found at line 1482:  
1480: In practice, a gateway will need to parse various illeg  
1480(continued): l  
1481: variants on 822.date-time. In cases where 822.date-time  
1481(continued):  
1482: cannot be parsed, it is recommended that the derived UTC  
1482(continued): Time  
1483: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1484:

UTCTime found at line 1485:  
1483: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1484:  
1485: The UTCTime format which specifies the timezone offset should  
1485(continued): be  
1486: used.  
1487:

UTCTime found at line 4469:  
4467:  
4468: The extended syntax of zone defined in the JNT Mail Protocol  
4468(continued): should  
4469: be used in the mapping of UTCTime defined in Chapter 3.

4470:  
4471: 6. Lack of 822-MTS originator specification

=====  
File rfc1147.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 9715:  
9713: cerns to security and management personnel at DDN faci  
9713(continued): li-  
9714: ties. It is available online, via kermit or anonymous  
9714(continued): FTP,  
9715: from nic.ddn.mil, in SCC:DDN-SECURITY-yy-nn.TXT (where  
9715(continued): "yy"  
9716: is the year and "nn" is the bulletin number). The SCC  
9716(continued): pro-  
9717: vides immediate assistance with DDN-related host secur  
9717(continued): ity

century found at line 1096:  
1094: "NETMON." These tools were independently developed, ar  
1094(continued): e  
1095: functionally different, run in different environments,  
1095(continued): and  
1096: are no more related than Richard Burton the 19th centu  
1096(continued): ry  
1097: explorer and Richard Burton the 20th century actor. B  
1097(continued): YU's  
1098: tool "NETMON" is listed as "NETMON (I)," MITRE's as "N  
1098(continued): ETMON

century found at line 1097:  
1095: functionally different, run in different environments,  
1095(continued): and  
1096: are no more related than Richard Burton the 19th centu  
1096(continued): ry  
1097: explorer and Richard Burton the 20th century actor. B  
1097(continued): YU's  
1098: tool "NETMON" is listed as "NETMON (I)," MITRE's as "N  
1098(continued): ETMON  
1099: (II)," and the tool from SNMP Research as "NETMON (III  
1099(continued): )."

2000 found at line 4134:  
4132: libraries), but this has not been done. Curses i  
4132(continued): s very  
4133: slow and cpu intensive on VMS, but the tool has b  
4133(continued): een

4134: run in a window on a VAXstation 2000. Just don't  
4134(continued): try  
4135: to run it on a terminal connected to a 11/750.  
4136:

+++++= File rfc1148.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 1475:  
1473: the full BNF easier to parse.  
1474:  
1475: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1476:  
1477: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1477(continued): ear

UTCTime found at line 1477:  
1475: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1476:  
1477: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1477(continued): ear  
1478: (lowest two digits), Month, Day of Month, hour, minute, secon  
1478(continued): d  
1479: (optional), and Timezone. 822.date-time also contains an opt  
1479(continued): ional

UTCTime found at line 1486:  
1484: In practice, a gateway will need to parse various illeg  
1484(continued): l  
1485: variants on 822.date-time. In cases where 822.date-time  
1485(continued):  
1486: cannot be parsed, it is recommended that the derived UTC  
1486(continued): Time  
1487: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1488:

UTCTime found at line 1489:  
1487: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1488:  
1489: The UTCTime format which specifies the timezone offset should  
1489(continued): be  
1490: used.  
1491:

UTCTime found at line 4566:

4564:  
4565:       The extended syntax of zone defined in the JNT Mail Protocol  
4565(continued):                    should  
4566:       be used in the mapping of UTCTime defined in Chapter 3.  
4567:  
4568: 6. Lack of 822-MTS originator specification

==== File rfc1152.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 937:  
935:       Reservation Multiple-Access).  
936:  
937:       Finally, Yechiam Yemini (YY, Columbia University) discussed h  
937(continued):                    is work  
938:       on a protocol silicon compiler. In order to exploit the pote  
938(continued):                    ntial  
939:       parallelism, he is planning to use one processor per connecti  
939(continued):                    on.

==== File rfc1153.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 119:  
117:  
118:  
119: Date: ddd, dd mmm yy hh:mm:ss zzz  
120: From: listname-REQUEST@fqhn  
121: Reply-To: listname@fqhn

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 122:  
120: From: listname-REQUEST@fqhn  
121: Reply-To: listname@fqhn  
122: Subject: listname Digest Vyy #nn  
123: To: listname@fqhn  
124:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 125:  
123: To: listname@fqhn  
124:  
125: listname Digest                   ddd, dd mmm yy           Volume yy : Iss  
125(continued):                    ue    nn  
126:  
127: Today's Topics:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 137:  
135: -----  
135(continued):                    -----  
136:

137: Date: ddd, dd mmm yy hh:mm:ss zzz  
138: From: Joe User <username@fqhn>  
139: Subject: Message One Subject

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 147:

145: -----  
146:  
147: Date: ddd, dd mmm yy hh:mm:ss zzz  
148: From: Jane User <username@fqhn>  
149: Subject: Message Two Subject

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 157:

155: -----  
156:  
157: End of listname Digest Vyy Issue #nn  
158: \*\*\*\*\*  
159:

+++++= File rfc1161.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 322:  
320: on the protocol-ID  
321:  
322: 03019000  
323:  
324: 5. Acknowledgements

2000 found at line 210:

208: (1) <nsap> is a hex string defining the nsap, e.g.,  
209:  
210: "snmp"/NS+4900590800200038baf00  
211:  
212: Similarly, SNMP traps are, by convention, sent to a manager l  
212(continued): istening

2000 found at line 291:

289: (1) <nsap> is a hex string defining the nsap, e.g.,  
290:  
291: "snmp"/NS+4900590800200038baf00  
292:  
293: Similarly, SNMP traps are, by convention, sent to a manager l  
293(continued): istening

+++++= File rfc1164.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1267:  
1265: Phone: (313) 936-3000

1266:  
1267: Email: JYY@MERIT.EDU  
1268:  
1269:

=====  
File rfc1166.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 8270:  
8268: [JWN10] Norris, James W.  
8269: a02jwn1%niu.bitnet@CUNYVM.CUNY.EDU  
8270: [JY24] Yu, Jessica jyy@MERIT.EDU  
8271: [JY33] Yoshida, Jun ---none---  
8272: [JY35] Young, Jeff ---none---

=====  
File rfc1167.txt  
=====  
2000 found at line 89:  
87: are also likely play a role along with Switched Multi-megabit  
87(continued): Data  
88: Service (SMDS) provided by telecommunications carriers. It a  
88(continued): lso  
89: would be fair to ask what role FTS-2000 might play in the sys  
89(continued): tem, at  
90: least in support of government access to the NREN, and possib  
90(continued): ly in  
91: support of national agency network facilities.

=====  
File rfc1173.txt  
=====  
century found at line 72:  
70: only choice; I don't see any prospect of either the governmen  
70(continued): t or  
71: private enterprise building a monolithic, centralized, ubiqui  
71(continued): tous "Ma  
72: Datagram" network provider in this century.  
73:  
74: 2. Responsibilities of Network Managers

=====  
File rfc1176.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1435:  
1433: "NO" SP text\_line / "BAD" SP text\_line)  
1434:  
1435: date ::= string in form "dd-mmm-yy hh:mm:ss-zzz"  
1436:  
1437: envelope ::= "(" env\_date SP env\_subject SP env\_from S  
1437(continued): P

=====  
File rfc1185.txt  
=====  
2000 found at line 208:  
206: 1.1Mbps, no matter how high the theoretical transfer rate  
206(continued): of the

207: path. This corresponds to cycling the sequence number spa  
207(continued): ce in  
208: Twrap= 2000 secs, which is safe in today's Internet.  
209:  
210: Based on this reasoning, an earlier RFC [McKenzie89] has c  
210(continued): autioned

+++++= File rfc1190.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 7630:

7628: link failure  
7629:  
7630: 2000 DefaultRecoveryTimeout Interval between successive  
7630(continued):  
7631: HELLOs to/from active neigh  
7631(continued): bors  
7632:

+++++= File rfc1191.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 925:

923: 65535 Hyperchannel RFC 1044  
924: 65535  
925: 32000 Just in case  
926: 17914 16Mb IBM Token Ring ref. [6]  
927: 17914

+++++= File rfc1203.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2102:

2100: "NO" SP text\_line / "BAD" SP text\_line)

2101:

2102: date ::= string in form "dd-mmm-yy hh:mm:ss-zzz"

2103:

2104: envelope ::= "(" env\_date SP env\_subject SP env\_from SP

2000 found at line 2614:

2612: question. For example:

2613:

2614: tag42 FETCH 197 BODY 2000:3999

2615:

2616: would fetch the second two thousand bytes of the body of

2616(continued): message

+++++= File rfc1207.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 136:

134: directory. Information includes packet counts by NSS and

134(continued): byte

135: counts for type of use (ftp, smtp, telnet, etc.). Filenam

135(continued): es are

136: of the form 'NSFyy-mm.type'.

137:

138: Files are available for anonymous ftp; use 'guest' as the

+++++ File rfc1210.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1548:

1546: Franci Bigi (1)  
1547: CEC  
1548: Rue de la Loi 2000  
1549: B-1049  
1550: Brussels

2000 found at line 1756:

1754: Rolf Speth (1)  
1755: CEC  
1756: Rue de la Loi 2000  
1757: B-1049  
1758: Brussels

2000 found at line 1773:

1771: Jose Torcato (1), (2)  
1772: CEC, TR 61 0/10  
1773: Rue de la Loi 2000  
1774: B-1049  
1775: Brussels

2000 found at line 1801:

1799: Karel De Vriendt (1)  
1800: CEC  
1801: Rue de la Loi 2000  
1802: B-1049  
1803: Brussels

2000 found at line 1837:

1835: Rosalie Zobel (1) (2)  
1836: CEC  
1837: Rue de la Loi 2000  
1838: B-1049  
1839: Brussels

+++++ File rfc1211.txt +++++

1900 found at line 1591:

1589:  
1590: westine 49% mconnect OSI3.NCSL.NIST.GOV  
1591: connecting to host OSI3.NCSL.NIST.GOV (0x6c300681), port 0x19  
1591(continued): 00  
1592: connection open  
1593: 220 osi3.ncsl.nist.gov sendmail 4.0/NIST(rbj/doug) ready at

2000 found at line 2363:  
2361: Office Automation Division  
2362: Code H610  
2363: Washington, DC 20305-2000  
2364:  
2365: Hostname: DCA-EMS.DCA.MIL

+++++= File rfc1218.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 1249:  
1247: Rapport Communication, Inc.  
1248: 3055 Q Street NW  
1249: Washington, DC 20007  
1250:  
1251: Tel: +1 202-342-2727

+++++= File rfc1224.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 983:  
981: and placed in an ethernet packet). 120 request packets ar  
981(continued): e sent  
982: each cycle (3 for each of 40 nodes), and 120 response pack  
982(continued): ets are  
983: expected. 72000 bytes (240 packets at 300 bytes each) mus  
983(continued): t be  
984: transferred during each poll cycle, merely to determine th  
984(continued): at the  
985: network is fine.

+++++= File rfc1244.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2481:  
2479: and concerns to security and management personnel at  
2479(continued): DDN  
2480: facilities. It is available online, via kermit or a  
2480(continued): nonymous  
2481: FTP, from the host NIC.DDN.MIL, in SCC:DDN-SECURITY-  
2481(continued): yy-  
2482: nn.TXT (where "yy" is the year and "nn" is the bulle  
2482(continued): tin  
2483: number). The SCC provides immediate assistance with  
2483(continued): DDN-

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2482:  
2480: facilities. It is available online, via kermit or a  
2480(continued): nonymous  
2481: FTP, from the host NIC.DDN.MIL, in SCC:DDN-SECURITY-  
2481(continued): yy-  
2482: nn.TXT (where "yy" is the year and "nn" is the bulle  
2482(continued): tin  
2483: number). The SCC provides immediate assistance with

2483(continued): DDN-  
2484: related host security problems; call (800) 235-3155  
2484(continued): (6:00

==== File rfc1251.txt ====  
2000 found at line 316:  
314: where growing above 100 network numbers seemed excess  
314(continued): ive.  
315: Todays number of networks in the global infrastrucur  
315(continued): e  
316: exceeds 2000 connected networks, and many more if iso  
316(continued): lated  
317: network islands get included.  
318:

==== File rfc1254.txt ====  
2000 found at line 592:  
590: number of packet arrivals, over which packets are dropped wit  
590(continued): h  
591: uniform probability. For instance, in a sample implementatio  
591(continued): n, if  
592: this interval spanned 2000 packet arrivals, and a suitable  
593: probability of drop was 0.001, then two random variables woul  
593(continued): d be  
594: drawn in a uniform distribution in the range of 1 to 2,000.  
594(continued): The

2000 found at line 859:  
857: indicates that to get good, consistent performance, we may ne  
857(continued): ed to  
858: have up to 5 to 10 times the number of active source-destinat  
858(continued): ion  
859: pairs. In a typical gateway, this may require around 1000 to  
859(continued): 2000  
860: queues.  
861:

==== File rfc1255.txt ====  
2000 found at line 1361:  
1359: Rapport Communication, Inc.  
1360: 3055 Q Street NW  
1361: Washington, DC 20007  
1362:  
1363: Tel: +1 202-342-2727

==== File rfc1259.txt ====  
century found at line 345:  
343: should never go back to any monopoly arrangement like the pre

343(continued): -  
 344: divestiture AT&T which held back market-driven innovation in  
 345: telecommunications for half a century. Given the interconnec  
 345(continued): tion  
 346: technology now available, we should never again have to accep  
 346(continued): t the  
 347: argument that we have to sacrifice interoperability for effic  
 347(continued): iency,

century found at line 594:

592:  
 593: In light of the possibilities for new service offerings by  
 593(continued): the  
 594: 21st century, as well as the growing importance of  
 595: telecommunications and information services to US economic  
 595(continued): and  
 596: social development, limiting our concept of universal serv  
 596(continued): ice to

century found at line 744:

742: If we have the vision and commitment to try this, the transfo  
 742(continued): rmation  
 743: of the network frontier from wilderness to civilization need  
 743(continued): not  
 744: display the brutality of 19th century imperialism. As commer  
 744(continued): cial  
 745: opportunities to offer applications and services develop,  
 746: entrepreneurs will discover that ease of use sells. The norma  
 746(continued): l,

2000 found at line 1115:

1113: California v. FCC (9th Cir. 1990).  
 1114:  
 1115: 18. NTIA Telecomm 2000 at 79.  
 1116:  
 1117: 19. Committee on Energy and Commerce, Subcommittee on

+++++ File rfc1270.txt +++++

2000 found at line 594:

592: Hopkinton, Mass. 01748  
 593:  
 594: Phone: (508) 435-2000  
 595:  
 596: Email: kasten@europa.clearpoint.com

+++++ File rfc1274.txt +++++

UTCTime found at line 1051:

1049: lastModifiedTime ATTRIBUTE

```

1050:          WITH ATTRIBUTE-SYNTAX
1051:              uTCTimeSyntax
1052:      ::= {pilotAttributeType 23}
1053:

```

```

UTCTime found at line 2990:
2988:      lastModifiedTime ATTRIBUTE
2989:          WITH ATTRIBUTE-SYNTAX
2990:              uTCTimeSyntax
2991:      ::= {pilotAttributeType 23}
2992:

```

+++++ File rfc1276.txt +++++

```

UTCTime found at line 558:
556:      }
557:
558:  EDBVersion ::= UTCTime
558(continued):      40
559:
560:  _____Figure_2:___Replication_Protocol_____
560(continued):      _____

```

```

UTCTime found at line 938:
936:      }
937:
938:  EDBVersion ::= UTCTime
939:  END
940:

```

+++++ File rfc1283.txt +++++

```

1900 found at line 317:
315:      on the protocol-ID
316:
317:              03019000
318:
319:      This is an X.25 protocol-ID assigned for local purposes.

```

```

2000 found at line 206:
204:      (1) <nsap> is a hex string defining the nsap, e.g.,
205:
206:              "snmp"/NS+4900590800200038bafe00
207:
208:      Similarly, SNMP traps are, by convention, sent to a manager l
208(continued):      istening

```

```

2000 found at line 278:
276:      (1) <nsap> is a hex string defining the nsap, e.g.,
277:

```

278: "snmp"/NS+4900590800200038bafe00  
279:  
280:

=====  
File rfc1284.txt  
=====  
2000 found at line 1146:  
1144: Hopkinton Mass 01748  
1145:  
1146: Phone: 508-435-2000  
1147: EMail: kasten@europa.clearpoint.com  
1148:

=====  
File rfc1285.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 219:  
217: -- The unique identifier for the FDDI station. This i  
217(continued): s a  
218: -- string of 8 octets, represented as  
219: -- X' yy yy xx xx xx xx  
219(continued): xx xx'  
220: -- with the low order 6 octet (xx) from a unique IEEE  
221: -- assigned address. The high order two bits of the I  
221(continued): EEE

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 232:  
230:  
231: -- (Universal/Local) bit should both be zero. The fir  
231(continued): st two  
232: -- octets, the yy octets, are implementor-defined.  
233: --  
234: -- The representation of the address portion of the st  
234(continued): ation id

=====  
File rfc1290.txt  
=====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 549:  
547: Anonymous FTP to nis.nsf.net  
548: cd stats  
549: get nsfyy-mm.ptraffic where yy is year, 91 and mm is mont  
549(continued): h, 06  
550: get nsf91-06.ptraffic ptraffic is the packet traffic  
551:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 552:  
550: get nsf91-06.ptraffic ptraffic is the packet traffic  
551:  
552: get nsfyy-mm.btraffic where yy is year, 91 and mm is mont  
552(continued): h, 06  
553: get nsf91-06.btraffic btraffic is the byte traffic  
554:

==== File rfc1292.txt =====

UTCTime found at line 3648:

3646:

3647:

3648: When comparing attributes of UTCTime syntax, if the secon

3648(continued): ds field

3649: is omitted, QUIPU does not perform the match correctly (i

3649(continued): .e., the

3650: seconds field in the attribute values should be ignored,

3650(continued): but are

2000 found at line 4158:

4156:

4157: UCOM.X 500 runs on: Sun 3, Sun 4, IBM RS 6000, Philips P 9000

4157(continued): , DEC

4158: machines, Bull DPX 2000, HP 9000/300, Siemens IN 6000 and 386

4158(continued): -based

4159: PCs. It can easily be ported to any UNIX machine.

4160:

2000 found at line 4803:

4801: HARDWARE PLATFORMS

4802:

4803: 3Com's OSI/TCP CS/2000 and CS/2100.

4804:

4805: SOFTWARE PLATFORMS

2000 found at line 4807:

4805: SOFTWARE PLATFORMS

4806:

4807: The "SW/2000-OT Vers 1.0" software runs on 3Com's OSI/TCP CS/

4807(continued): 2000 and

4808: CS/2100, both stand-alone systems.

4809:

2000 found at line 4812:

4810: AVAILABILITY

4811:

4812: The dual-stack OSI/TCP terminal server and its "SW/2000-OT Ve

4812(continued): rs 1.0"

4813: software is available from:

4814:

=====  
File rfc1295.txt  
=====

2000 found at line 98:  
96: Rapport Communication  
97: 3055 Q Street NW  
98: Washington, DC 20007  
99:  
100: Phone: +1 202-342-2727

=====  
File rfc1303.txt  
=====

UTCTime found at line 189:  
187: TYPE NOTATION ::=  
188: "LAST-UPDATED"  
189: value(update UTCTime)  
190: "PRODUCT-RELEASE"  
191: value(release DisplayString  
191(continued): )

=====  
File rfc1305.txt  
=====

century found at line 428:  
426: mechanisms to synchronize time in principle to precisions in the  
426(continued): order  
427: of nanoseconds while preserving a non-ambiguous date well into t  
427(continued): he next  
428: century. The protocol includes provisions to specify the charact  
428(continued): eristics  
429: and estimate the error of the local clock and the time server to  
429(continued): which  
430: it may be synchronized. It also includes provisions for operatio  
430(continued): n with a

century found at line 4529:  
4527: political and ritual needs characteristic of the societies in wh  
4527(continued): ich they  
4528: flourished. Astronomical observations to establish the winter an  
4528(continued): d summer  
4529: solstices were in use three to four millennia ago. By the 14th c  
4529(continued): entury  
4530: BC the Shang Chinese had established the solar year as 365.25 da  
4530(continued): ys and  
4531: the lunar month as 29.5 days. The lunisolar calendar, in which t  
4531(continued): he

century found at line 4548:  
4546: with the Shang Chinese, the ancient Egyptians had thus establish  
4546(continued): ed the  
4547: solar year at 365.25 days, or within about 11 minutes of the pre  
4547(continued): sent  
4548: measured value. In 432 BC, about a century after the Chinese had

4548(continued): done  
 4549: so, the Greek astronomer Meton calculated there were 110 lunar m  
 4549(continued): onths of  
 4550: 29 days and 125 lunar months of 30 days for a total of 235 lunar  
 4550(continued): months

century found at line 4565:

4563: not complete until 8 AD.  
 4564:  
 4565: The seven-day Sumerian week was introduced only in the fourth ce  
 4565(continued): ntury AD  
 4566: by Emperor Constantine I. During the Roman era a 15-year census  
 4566(continued): cycle,  
 4567: called the Indiction cycle, was instituted for taxation purposes  
 4567(continued): . The

century found at line 4588:

4586: but 14 of these were removed in the Gregorian calendar. While th  
 4586(continued): e  
 4587: Gregorian calendar is in use throughout most of the world today,  
 4587(continued): some  
 4588: countries did not adopt it until early in the twentieth century.  
 4588(continued):  
 4589: While it remains a fascinating field for time historians, the ab  
 4589(continued): ove  
 4590: narrative provides conclusive evidence that conjugating calendar  
 4590(continued): dates

century found at line 4620:

4618: sometimes used to represent dates near our own era in convention  
 4618(continued): al time  
 4619: and with fewer digits, is defined as  $MJD = JD <196> 2,400,000.5$ .  
 4619(continued):  
 4620: Following the convention that our century began at 0h on 1 Janua  
 4620(continued): ry 1900,  
 4621: at which time the tropical year was already 12h old, that eclect  
 4621(continued): ic  
 4622: instant corresponds to  $MJD 15,020.0$ . Thus, the Julian timescale  
 4622(continued): ticks in

century found at line 4640:

4638: through observations of the Sun, Moon and planets. In 1958 the s  
 4638(continued): tandard  
 4639: second was defined as  $1/31,556,925.9747$  of the tropical year tha  
 4639(continued): t began  
 4640: this century. On this scale the tropical year is 365.2421987 day  
 4640(continued): s and  
 4641: the lunar month - one complete revolution of the Moon around the

4641(continued): Earth -  
4642: is 29.53059 days; however, the actual tropical year can be deter  
4642(continued): mined

1900 found at line 851:

849: product of the protocol, a special timestamp format has been  
850: established. NTP timestamps are represented as a 64-bit unsigned  
850(continued): fixed-  
851: point number, in seconds relative to 0h on 1 January 1900. The i  
851(continued): nteger  
852: part is in the first 32 bits and the fraction part in the last 3  
852(continued): 2 bits.  
853: This format allows convenient multiple-precision arithmetic and

1900 found at line 873:

871: integer part) has been set and that the 64-bit field will overfl  
871(continued): ow some  
872: time in 2036. Should NTP be in use in 2036, some external means  
872(continued): will be  
873: necessary to qualify time relative to 1900 and time relative to  
873(continued): 2036  
874: (and other multiples of 136 years). Timestamped data requiring s  
874(continued): uch  
875: qualification will be so precious that appropriate means should  
875(continued): be

1900 found at line 4620:

4618: sometimes used to represent dates near our own era in convention  
4618(continued): al time  
4619: and with fewer digits, is defined as MJD = JD <196> 2,400,000.5.  
4619(continued):  
4620: Following the convention that our century began at 0h on 1 Janua  
4620(continued): ry 1900,  
4621: at which time the tropical year was already 12h old, that eclect  
4621(continued): ic  
4622: instant corresponds to MJD 15,020.0. Thus, the Julian timescale  
4622(continued): ticks in

1900 found at line 4724:

4722: always coincident with it. At 0h on 1 January 1972 (MJD 41,317.0  
4722(continued): ), the  
4723: first tick of the UTC Era, the NTP clock was set to 2,272,060,80  
4723(continued): 0,  
4724: representing the number of standard seconds since 0h on 1 Januar  
4724(continued): y 1900

4725: (MJD 15,020.0). The insertion of leap seconds in UTC and subsequ  
4725(continued): ently  
4726: into NTP does not affect the UTC or NTP oscillator, only the con  
4726(continued): version

2000 found at line 4489:  
4487: the Mid-Continent Chain, the deployment of LORAN-C transmitters  
4487(continued): now  
4488: provides complete coverage of the U.S. LORAN-C timing receivers,  
4488(continued): such as  
4489: the Austron 2000, are specialized and extremely expensive (up to  
4489(continued):  
4490: \$20,000). They are used primarily to monitor local cesium clocks  
4490(continued): and are  
4491: not suited for unattended, automatic operation. While the LORAN-  
4491(continued): C system

+++++= File rfc1309.txt ++++++=

century found at line 48:  
46:  
47: As the pace of industry, science, and technological developme  
47(continued): nt  
48: quickened over the past century, it became increasingly proba  
48(continued): ble that  
49: someone in a geographically distant location would be trying  
49(continued): to solve  
50: the same problems you were trying to solve, or that someone i  
50(continued): n a

+++++= File rfc1314.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 1109:  
1107: 00DE YPosition 011F 0005 00000001 00  
1107(continued): 00016C  
1108: 00EA Group4Options 0125 0004 00000001 00  
1108(continued): 000002  
1109: 00F6 ResolutionUnit 0128 0003 00000001 00  
1109(continued): 020000  
1110: 0102 Software 0131 0002 00000008 00  
1110(continued): 000174  
1111: 010E DateTime 0132 0002 00000014 00  
1111(continued): 00017C

+++++= File rfc1323.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 320:  
318: 1.1MBps, no matter how high the theoretical transfer rate  
318(continued): of the  
319: path. This corresponds to cycling the sequence number spa  
319(continued): ce in

320: Twrap= 2000 secs, which is safe in today's Internet.

321:

322: It is important to understand that the culprit is not the

322(continued): larger

+++++= File rfc1325.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 611:

609: In addition, back issues of the Report are available for a

609(continued): nonymous

610: FTP from the host NIS.NSF.NET in the 'imr' directory with

610(continued): the file

611: names in the form IMRYY-MM.TXT, where YY is the last two d

611(continued): igits of

612: the year and MM two digits for the month. For example, th

612(continued): e June

613: 1991 Report is in the file IMR91-06.TXT.

+++++= File rfc1327.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2618:

2616: attributes remaining in the O/R address shall be encoded

2616(continued): on

2617: the LHS. This is to ensure a reversible mapping. For

2618: example, if the is an adres /S=XX/O=YY/ADMD=A/C=NN/ and

2618(continued): a

2619: mapping for /ADMD=A/C=NN/ is used, then /S=XX/O=YY/ is

2620: encoded on the LHS.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2619:

2617: the LHS. This is to ensure a reversible mapping. For

2618: example, if the is an adres /S=XX/O=YY/ADMD=A/C=NN/ and

2618(continued): a

2619: mapping for /ADMD=A/C=NN/ is used, then /S=XX/O=YY/ is

2620: encoded on the LHS.

2621:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2665:

2663:

2664: C = "XX"

2665: ADMD = "YY"

2666: O = "ZZ"

2667: "RFC-822" = "Smith(a)ZZ.YY.XX"

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2667:

2665: ADMD = "YY"

2666: O = "ZZ"

2667: "RFC-822" = "Smith(a)ZZ.YY.XX"  
2668:  
2669: This is mapped first to an RFC 822 address, and then back to  
2669(continued): the

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2673:

2671:  
2672: C = "XX"  
2673: ADMD = "YY"  
2674: O = "ZZ"  
2675: Surname = "Smith"

UTCTime found at line 1483:

1481: the full BNF easier to parse.  
1482:  
1483: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1484:  
1485: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1485(continued): ear

UTCTime found at line 1485:

1483: 3.3.5. UTCTime  
1484:  
1485: Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Y  
1485(continued): ear  
1486: (lowest two digits), Month, Day of Month, hour, minute, second  
1486(continued): d  
1487: (optional), and Timezone. 822.date-time also contains an optional  
1487(continued): ional

UTCTime found at line 1494:

1492: In practice, a gateway will need to parse various illegal  
1492(continued): l  
1493: variants on 822.date-time. In cases where 822.date-time  
1493(continued):  
1494: cannot be parsed, it is recommended that the derived UTC  
1494(continued): Time  
1495: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1496:

UTCTime found at line 1497:

1495: is set to the value at the time of translation.  
1496:  
1497: When mapping to X.400, the UTCTime format which specifies the  
1497(continued):  
1498: timezone offset shall be used.  
1499:

UTCTime found at line 5143:

5141:  
5142:           The extended syntax of zone defined in the JNT Mail Protoc  
5142(continued):                   ol shall  
5143:           be used in the mapping of UTCTime defined in Chapter 3.  
5144:  
5145:         7. Lack of 822-MTS originator specification

==== File rfc1330.txt ====

2000 found at line 1770:  
1768:         While ESnet will provide X.400 routing service for systems, i  
1768(continued):                   t cannot  
1769:         provide routing via commercial X.400 carriers at this time.  
1769(continued):                   The  
1770:         FTS-2000 charge for routing X.400 messages is \$.45 (US) plus  
1770(continued):                   X.25  
1771:         packet charges. This could result in a charge of several dol  
1771(continued):                   lars for  
1772:         large messages, a real possibility with the multi-media capac  
1772(continued):                   ity of

==== File rfc1336.txt ====

2000 found at line 378:  
376:         where growing above 100 network numbers seemed excess  
376(continued):                   ive.  
377:         Todays number of networks in the global infrastru  
377(continued):                   e  
378:         exceeds 2000 connected networks, and many more if iso  
378(continued):                   lated  
379:         network islands get included.  
380:

==== File rfc1338.txt ====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 401:  
399:         3.2. Historic growth rates  
400:  
401:           MM/YY         ROUTES                   MM/YY         ROUTES  
402:                         ADVERTISED                 ADVERTIS  
402(continued):                   ED  
403:           -----  
403(continued):                   -----

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1060:

1058:         1071 Beal Ave.  
1059:         Ann Arbor, MI 48109  
1060:         email: jyy@merit.edu  
1061:  
1062:

```

==== File rfc1340.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3390:
3388:    AB-00-03-00-00-00          6004    DEC Local Area Transport
3388(continued):                    (LAT) - old
3389:    AB-00-04-00-xx-xx          ?????    Reserved DEC customer private
3389(continued):                    use
3390:    AB-00-04-01-xx-yy          6007    DEC Local Area VAX Cluster
3390(continued):                    groups
3391:                                Sys. Communication Architecture (SCA)
3392:    CF-00-00-00-00-00          9000    Ethernet Configuration Test
3392(continued):                    protocol

```

```

1900 found at line 4066:
4064:    014.000.000.063          2422-650-23500 00    Tollpost-Globe AS
4064(continued):                    [OXG]
4065:    014.000.000.064          2422-330-02500 00    Tollpost-Globe AS
4065(continued):                    [OXG]
4066:    014.000.000.065          2422-350-01900 00    Tollpost-Globe AS
4066(continued):                    [OXG]
4067:    014.000.000.066          2422-410-00700 00    Tollpost-Globe AS
4067(continued):                    [OXG]
4068:    014.000.000.067          2422-539-06200 00    Tollpost-Globe AS
4068(continued):                    [OXG]

```

```

2000 found at line 1300:
1298:    nkd                        1650/tcp
1299:    nkd                        1650/udp
1300:    callbook                    2000/tcp
1301:    callbook                    2000/udp
1302:    dc                          2001/tcp

```

```

2000 found at line 1301:
1299:    nkd                        1650/udp
1300:    callbook                    2000/tcp
1301:    callbook                    2000/udp
1302:    dc                          2001/tcp
1303:    wizard                      2001/udp    curry

```

```

2000 found at line 4013:
4011:    014.000.000.018          2624-522-80900 52    FGAN-SIEMENS-X25
4011(continued):                    [GB7]
4012:    014.000.000.019          2041-170-10000 00    SHAPE-X25
4012(continued):                    [JFW]
4013:    014.000.000.020          5052-737-20000 50    UQNET
4013(continued):                    [AXH]
4014:    014.000.000.021          3020-801-00057 50    DMC-CRC1
4014(continued):                    [VXT]
4015:    014.000.000.022          2624-522-80329 02    FGAN-FGANFFMVAX-X25

```

4015(continued): [GB7]

2000 found at line 4838:

4836:	AIX/370		LOCUS		SWIFT
4837:	AIX-PS/2		MACOS		TAC
4838:	BS-2000		MINOS		TANDEM
4839:	CEDAR	MOS		TENEX	
4840:	CGW		MPE5		TOPS10

2000 found at line 5188:

5186:	HAZELTINE-1520		IBM-3278-3
5187:	HAZELTINE-1552		IBM-3278-4
5188:	HAZELTINE-2000		IBM-3278-5
5189:	HAZELTINE-ESPRIT		IBM-3279-2
5190:	HITACHI-5601		IBM-3279-3

+++++= File rfc1348.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 143:

141: Or in net 11110031f67293.nsap-in-addr.arpa:  
 142:  
 143: 67894444333322220000 NSAP-PTR host.school.de.  
 144:  
 145: The RR data is the ASCII representation of the digits. It is  
 145(continued): encoded

+++++= File rfc1357.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 260:

258:  
 259: ID (M) -- This is the second field of any record. It is also a  
 260: mandatory field. Its format is "ID:: XXX//YYY", where X  
 260(continued): XX is  
 261: the publisher-ID (the controlled symbol of the publisher  
 261(continued): )  
 262: and YYY is the ID (e.g., report number) of the publicati  
 262(continued): on as

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 262:

260: mandatory field. Its format is "ID:: XXX//YYY", where X  
 260(continued): XX is  
 261: the publisher-ID (the controlled symbol of the publisher  
 261(continued): )  
 262: and YYY is the ID (e.g., report number) of the publicati  
 262(continued): on as  
 263: assigned by the publisher. This ID is typically printed  
 263(continued): on  
 264: the cover, and may contain slashes.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 682:

680:  
681: In order to avoid conflicts among the symbols of the publishi  
681(continued): ng  
682: organizations (the XXX part of the "ID:: XXX//YYY") it is sug  
682(continued): gested  
683: that the various organizations that publish reports (such as  
684: universities, departments, and laboratories) register their

2-digit found at line 291:

289:  
290: The format for ENTRY date is "Month Day, Year". The mon  
290(continued): th must  
291: be alphabetic (spelled out). The "Day" is a 1- or 2-d  
291(continued): igit  
292: number. The "Year" is a 4-digit number.  
293:

2-digit found at line 457:

455: DATE (O) -- The publication date. The formats are "Month Year"  
455(continued): and  
456: "Month Day, Year". The month must be alphabetic (spelle  
456(continued): d out).  
457: The "Day" is a 1- or 2-digit number. The "Year" is a 4-  
457(continued): digit  
458: number.  
459:

+++++= File rfc1361.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 132:

130: main product of the protocol, a special timestamp format has  
130(continued): been  
131: established. NTP timestamps are represented as a 64-bit unsig  
131(continued): ned  
132: fixed-point number, in seconds relative to 0h on 1 January 19  
132(continued): 00. The  
133: integer part is in the first 32 bits and the fraction part in  
133(continued): the  
134: last 32 bits. This format allows convenient multiple-precisio  
134(continued): n

1900 found at line 145:

143: overflow some time in 2036. Should NTP or Sntp be in use in 2  
143(continued): 036,  
144: some external means will be necessary to qualify time relativ  
144(continued): e to

145: 1900 and time relative to 2036 (and other multiples of 136 ye  
 145(continued): ars).  
 146: Timestamped data requiring such qualification will be so prec  
 146(continued): ious  
 147: that appropriate means should be readily available. There wil  
 147(continued): l exist

==== File rfc1379.txt ====

2000 found at line 847:

845:  
 846:  
 847: objective an MSL of at least 2000 seconds. If there were no  
 847(continued): TIME-  
 848: WAIT delay, the ultimate limit on transaction rate would be s  
 848(continued): et by  
 849: speed-of-light delays in the network and by the latency of ho  
 849(continued): st

2000 found at line 988:

986: the official delay of 240 seconds, formula [1] implies a u  
 986(continued): pper  
 987: bound (as  $RTT \rightarrow 0$ ) of  $TR_{max} = 268$  Tps; with our target MS  
 987(continued): L of  
 988: 2000 sec,  $TR_{max} = 32$  Tps. These values are unacceptably l  
 988(continued): ow.  
 989:  
 990: To improve this transaction rate, we could use TCP timesta  
 990(continued): mps to

2000 found at line 1079:

1077: segment lifetime MSL. For reasonable limiting values of R  
 1077(continued): , Ts,  
 1078: and MSL, formula [6] leads to a very low value of  $TR_{max}$ .  
 1078(continued): For  
 1079: example, with  $MSL = 2000$  secs,  $R = 10^{*9}$  Bps, and  $T_s = 0.5$  se  
 1079(continued): c,  $TR_{max}$   
 1080:  $< 2 * 10^{*-3}$  Tps.  
 1081:

2000 found at line 1136:

1134:  $TR_{max} * MSL < 2^{*31}$   
 1135:  
 1136: For example, if  $MSL = 2000$  seconds then  $TR_{max} < 10^{*6}$  Tp.  
 1136(continued): These  
 1137: are acceptable limits for transaction processing. However  
 1137(continued): , if  
 1138: they are not, we could augment CC with TCP timestamps to o  
 1138(continued): btain

2000 found at line 1276:

```

1274:
1275:      (a) no timestamps      2**31/MSL      MSL      3rd seq
1275(continued):                uence
1276:                          e.g., MSL=2000 sec
1276(continued):                space
1277:                          TRmax = 10**6
1278:

```

+++++ File rfc1405.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 378:

```

376:      maps into
377:
378:      C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;
379:      DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;
380:

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 384:

```

382:
383:      xx = country code of the gateway performing the convers
383(continued):                ion
384:      yyy = Admd of the gateway performing the conversion
385:      zzz = Prmd of the gateway performing the conversion
386:      ooo = Organisation of the gateway performing the convers
386(continued):                ion

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 474:

```

472:      it is connected to. In this case the mapping is trivial:
473:
474:      C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;
475:      DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;
476:

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 477:

```

475:      DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;
476:
477:      (see sect. 5.2 for explication of 'xx', 'yyy', 'zzz', 'ooo', 'uuu
477(continued):                ', 'net')
478:
479:      maps into

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 487:

```

485:      described into section 5.4 apply:
486:
487:      C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=www; DD.Dnet=net;
488:      DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;
489:

```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 492:
490:     maps into
491:
492:         gwnode::gw%"C=xx;ADMD=yyy;PRMD=www;DD.Dnet=net;
493:         DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;"
494:
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 595:
593:     maps into
594:
595:         C=xx; ADMD=yyy; DD.Dnet=net;
596:         DD.Mail-11=route::gwnode::gw(p)(q)x400-text-address(q);
597:
```

```
+++++= File rfc1409.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 311:
309:                                     IAC SB AUTHENTICATION RE
309(continued):                         PLY
310:                                     KERBEROS_V4 CLIENT|MUTUA
310(continued):                         L
311:                                     RESPONSE YY YY YY YY YY
311(continued):                         YY YY YY
312:                                     IAC SE
313:
```

```
+++++= File rfc1411.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 163:
161:                                     IAC SB AUTHENTICATION RE
161(continued):                         PLY
162:                                     KERBEROS_V4 CLIENT|MUTUA
162(continued):                         L
163:                                     RESPONSE YY YY YY YY YY
163(continued):                         YY YY YY
164:                                     IAC SE
165:
```

```
+++++= File rfc1415.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 2814:
2812:         2           1016 Grouping threshold violation      |      503
2812(continued):
2813:         2           1017 Inconsistent PDU request          |      503
2813(continued):
2814:         2           2000 Association with user not allowed  |      532
2814(continued):
2815:         2           2002 Unsupported service class          |      504
2815(continued):
2816:         0           2003 Unsupported functional unit         |      211
2816(continued):
```

```

==== File rfc1416.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 318:
316: IAC SB AUTHENTICATION RE
316(continued): PLY
317: KERBEROS_V4 CLIENT|MUTUA
317(continued): L
318: RESPONSE YY YY YY YY YY
318(continued): YY YY YY
319: IAC SE
320:

```

```

==== File rfc1417.txt ====
2000 found at line 156:
154: c/o Rapport Communication
155: 3055 Q Street NW
156: Washington, DC 20007
157: US
158:

```

```

2000 found at line 198:
196: Rapport Communication
197: 3055 Q Street NW
198: Washington, DC 20007
199:
200: Phone: +1 202-342-2727

```

```

==== File rfc1421.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1148:
1146: BAoTF1JTSBEYXRhIFNlY3VyaXR5LCBJbmMuMQ8wDQYDVQQLewZCZXRhIDEx
1146(continued): DTAL
1147: BgNVBAsTBFRMQ0EwHhcNOTeWOTAxMDgwMDAwWhcNOTIwOTAxMDE1OTU5WjBR
1147(continued): MQsw
1148: CQYDVQQGEwJVUzEgMB4GA1UEChMXU1NBIERhdGEgU2VjdXJpdHksIEluYy4x
1148(continued): DzAN
1149: BgNVBAsTBkJldGEgMTEPMA0GA1UECXMGTk9UQVJZMHAwCgYEVQgBAQICArwD
1149(continued): YgAw
1150: XwJYCsnp6lQCxYykn1ODwutF/jmJ3kL+3PjYyH0wk+/9rLg6X65B/LD4bJHT
1150(continued): O5XW

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1150:
1148: CQYDVQQGEwJVUzEgMB4GA1UEChMXU1NBIERhdGEgU2VjdXJpdHksIEluYy4x
1148(continued): DzAN
1149: BgNVBAsTBkJldGEgMTEPMA0GA1UECXMGTk9UQVJZMHAwCgYEVQgBAQICArwD
1149(continued): YgAw
1150: XwJYCsnp6lQCxYykn1ODwutF/jmJ3kL+3PjYyH0wk+/9rLg6X65B/LD4bJHT
1150(continued): O5XW
1151: cqAz/7R7XhjYcm0PcqbdzoACZtIleTrKrcJiDY0P+DkZ8k1gCk7hQHpbIwID
1151(continued): AQAB

```

1152: MA0GCSqGSIB3DQEBAgUAA38AAICPv4f9Gx/tY4+p+4DB7MV+tKZnvBoy8zgo  
1152(continued): MGOx

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1256:

1254: BAoTF1JTQSBeyXRhIFNly3VyaXR5LCBJbmMuMQ8wDQYDVQQLewZCZXRhIDEx  
1254(continued): DTAL  
1255: BgNVBAsTBFRMQ0EwHhcNOTewOTAxMDgwMDAwWhcNOTIwOTAxMDc1OTU5WjBR  
1255(continued): MQsw  
1256: CQYDVQGEwJVUzEgMB4GA1UEChMXU1NBIERhdGEgU2VjdXJpdHksIEluYy4x  
1256(continued): DzAN  
1257: BgNVBAsTBkldGEgMTEPMA0GA1UECXMGTk9UQVJZMHAwCgYEVQgBAQICArwD  
1257(continued): YgAw  
1258: XwJYCSnp6lQCxYykn1ODwutF/jmJ3kL+3PjYyH0wk+/9rLg6X65B/LD4bJHT  
1258(continued): O5XW

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1258:

1256: CQYDVQGEwJVUzEgMB4GA1UEChMXU1NBIERhdGEgU2VjdXJpdHksIEluYy4x  
1256(continued): DzAN  
1257: BgNVBAsTBkldGEgMTEPMA0GA1UECXMGTk9UQVJZMHAwCgYEVQgBAQICArwD  
1257(continued): YgAw  
1258: XwJYCSnp6lQCxYykn1ODwutF/jmJ3kL+3PjYyH0wk+/9rLg6X65B/LD4bJHT  
1258(continued): O5XW  
1259: cqAz/7R7XhjYcm0PcqbdzoACZtIleTrKrcJiDYoP+DkZ8k1gCk7hQHpbIwID  
1259(continued): AQAB  
1260: MA0GCSqGSIB3DQEBAgUAA38AAICPv4f9Gx/tY4+p+4DB7MV+tKZnvBoy8zgo  
1260(continued): MGOx

+++++= File rfc1422.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 1596:

1594:  
1595: Validity ::= SEQUENCE{  
1596:       notBefore       UTCTime,  
1597:       notAfter        UTCTime}  
1598:

UTCTime found at line 1597:

1595: Validity ::= SEQUENCE{  
1596:       notBefore       UTCTime,  
1597:       notAfter        UTCTime}  
1598:

1599: SubjectPublicKeyInfo ::= SEQUENCE{

UTCTime found at line 1640:

1638:       signature        AlgorithmIdentifier,  
1639:       issuer            Name,  
1640:       lastUpdate        UTCTime,  
1641:       nextUpdate        UTCTime,  
1642:       revokedCertificates

```

UTCTime found at line 1641:
1639:      issuer          Name,
1640:      lastUpdate      UTCTime,
1641:      nextUpdate      UTCTime,
1642:      revokedCertificates
1643:      SEQUENCE OF CRLentry OPTIONAL}
    
```

```

UTCTime found at line 1647:
1645:      CRLentry ::= SEQUENCE{
1646:          userCertificate SerialNumber,
1647:          revocationDate UTCTime}
1648:
1649: References
    
```

```

century found at line 463:
461:      confusion relating to daylight savings time. Note that UTCT
462:      expresses the value of a year modulo 100 (with no indication
462(continued):      of
463:      century), hence comparisons involving dates in different cent
463(continued):      uries
464:      must be performed with care.
465:
    
```

```

+++++= File rfc1432.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 711:
709:      Digital Press
710:      buddenhagen@cecv01.enet.dec.com McGraw-Hill
711:      617-276-1498                212-512-2000
712:      fax: 617-276-4314          1221 Ave. of the Ameri
712(continued):      cas
713:      Digital Equipment Corporation New York, NY 10020
    
```

```

+++++= File rfc1437.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 185:
183:      generation of the X.400 specification, X.400-1996. This will
183(continued):      give
184:      the community ample time to define a more complete specificat
184(continued):      ion for
185:      matter transport as part of X.400-2000, and possibly even a r
185(continued):      eadily-
186:      implementable specification as part of X.400-2004, although s
186(continued):      ome will
187:      no doubt argue that this would be too strong a break with tra
187(continued):      dition.
    
```

```

+++++= File rfc1440.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 332:
330:      The time stamp on the file as it appears at the sending site
    
```



1035: Phone: (617) 942-2000  
1036: EMail: gszabele@tasc.com  
1037:

==== File rfc1465.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 499:  
497: Switzerland  
498:  
499: <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \  
500: "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
501: ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 500:  
498:  
499: <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \  
500: "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
501: ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>  
502: The <Update-info> contains also the format ident  
502(continued): ifier.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 501:  
499: <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \  
500: "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
501: ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>  
502: The <Update-info> contains also the format ident  
502(continued): ifier.  
503:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 512:  
510:  
511: The date of the last update of a document is giv  
511(continued): en in  
512: the form 'yymmdd'.  
513: A start date must be set. A document can be pub  
513(continued): lished  
514: this way before the information in it is valid.  
514(continued): (This

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1673:  
1671: | <DirectoryName> )  
1672:  
1673: <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \  
1674: "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
1675: ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1674:  
1672:  
1673: <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \

```
1674:                "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
1675:                ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>  
1676:
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1675:

```
1673:    <Update-info> ::= "Update: FORMAT=V3; DATE=" 'yymmdd' \  
1674:                "; START=" 'yymmdd' \  
1675:                ["; END=" 'yymmdd'] <CR>  
1676:  
1677:    <window-size> ::= "RTS-window-size: " \  

```

```
+++++= File rfc1467.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 408:  
406:  
407: [6] Solensky, F., Internet Growth Charts, "big-internet" mail  
407(continued): ing  
408: list, munnari.oz.au:big-internet/nsf-netnumbers-<yyymm>.ps  
408(continued):  
409:  
410: 9. Other relevant documents
```

```
+++++= File rfc1470.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 247:  
245:  
246: DATE OF MOST RECENT UPDATE TO THIS CATALOG ENTRY  
247: <YYMMDD>  
248:  
249: Keywords
```

```
2000 found at line 4696:  
4694: libraries), but this has not been done. Curses i  
4694(continued): s very  
4695: slow and cpu intensive on VMS, but the tool has b  
4695(continued): een  
4696: run in a window on a VAXstation 2000. Just don't  
4696(continued): try  
4697: to run it on a terminal connected to a 11/750.  
4698:
```

```
+++++= File rfc1479.txt ++++++=  
century found at line 752:  
750: We note that none of the IDPR protocols contain explicit prov  
750(continued): isions  
751: for dealing with an exhausted timestamp space. As timestamp  
751(continued): space  
752: exhaustion will not occur until well into the next century, w  
752(continued): e expect  
753: timestamp space viability to outlast the IDPR protocols.  
754:
```

```
+++++= File rfc1486.txt ++++++=  
2000 found at line 745:  
743: Date: Sun, 11 Apr 1993 20:34:12 -0800  
744: Subject: Comments on "An Experiment in Remote Printing"  
745: Message-ID: <19930411203412000.123@tpd.org>  
746: MIME-Version: 1.0  
747: Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
```

+++++ File rfc1488.txt +++++

UTCTime found at line 302:

300: 2.21. UTC Time

301:

302: Values of type uTCTimeSyntax are encoded as if they were Prin

302(continued): table

303: Strings with the strings containing a UTCTime value.

304:

UTCTime found at line 303:

301:

302: Values of type uTCTimeSyntax are encoded as if they were Prin

302(continued): table

303: Strings with the strings containing a UTCTime value.

304:

305: 2.22. Guide (search guide)

UTCTime found at line 377:

375: <algorithm-id> ::= <oid> '#' <algorithm-parameters>

376:

377: <utc-time> ::= an encoded UTCTime value

378:

379: <hex-string> ::= <hex-digit> | <hex-digit> <hex-string>

+++++ File rfc1500.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1950:

1948: The text version is sent.

1948(continued):

1949:

1950: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n

1950(continued): umber.

1951: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps

1951(continued): '.

1952:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1951:

1949:

1950: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n

1950(continued): umber.

1951: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps

1951(continued): '.

1952:

1953: help to get information on how

1953(continued): to use

+++++ File rfc1507.txt +++++

UTCTime found at line 5111:

5109:

```

5110:      Validity ::= SEQUENCE {
5111:          NotBefore      UTCTime,
5112:          NotAfter       UTCTime
5113:          }

```

UTCTime found at line 5112:

```

5110:      Validity ::= SEQUENCE {
5111:          NotBefore      UTCTime,
5112:          NotAfter       UTCTime
5113:          }
5114:

```

UTCTime found at line 6297:

```

6295:      Version ::= INTEGER { 1988(0) } SerialNumber ::= INTEGER
6295(continued):          Validity
6296:      ::= SEQUENCE{
6297:          notBefore      UTCTime,
6298:          notAfter       UTCTime}
6299:

```

UTCTime found at line 6298:

```

6296:      ::= SEQUENCE{
6297:          notBefore      UTCTime,
6298:          notAfter       UTCTime}
6299:
6300:      SubjectPublicKeyInfo ::= SEQUENCE {

```

+++++ File rfc1512.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 243:

```

241:      FddiSMTStationIdType ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (8))
242:      -- The unique identifier for the FDDI station. This i
242(continued):          s a
243:      -- string of 8 octets, represented as X' yy yy xx xx x
243(continued):          x xx
244:      -- xx xx' with the low order 6 octet (xx) from a uniqu
244(continued):          e IEEE
245:      -- assigned address. The high order two bits of the I
245(continued):          EEE

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 248:

```

246:      -- address, the group address bit and the administrati
246(continued):          on bit
247:      -- (Universal/Local) bit should both be zero. The fir
247(continued):          st two
248:      -- octets, the yy octets, are implementor-defined.
249:      --
250:      -- The representation of the address portion of the st
250(continued):          ation id

```

==== File rfc1519.txt ====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 401:

```

399:      3.2  Historic growth rates
400:
401:      MM/YY      ROUTES      MM/YY      ROUTES
402:      ADVERTISED      ADVERTIS
402(continued):      ED
403:      -----
403(continued):      -----

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1318:

```

1316:      Ann Arbor, MI 48109
1317:
1318:      EMail: jyy@merit.edu
1319:
1320:

```

==== File rfc1527.txt ====

century found at line 793:

```

791:      ubiquitous as the current telephone network and provides all
792:      Americans with access to information in much the same way as
792(continued):      public
793:      libraries were created for a similar purpose a century ago.
794:
795:      Congress must understand that the NREN is not just a new tech
795(continued):      nology

```

century found at line 875:

```

873:      regulated companies from becoming viable players.  We must re
873(continued):      alize
874:      that we are about to enter a power struggle for the control o
874(continued):      f the
875:      information resources of the 21st century that promises to be
875(continued):      every
876:      bit as harsh and bruising as the power struggle for natural r
876(continued):      esources
877:      was at the end of the last century.

```

century found at line 877:

```

875:      information resources of the 21st century that promises to be
875(continued):      every
876:      bit as harsh and bruising as the power struggle for natural r
876(continued):      esources
877:      was at the end of the last century.
878:
879:      While the intentions of most appear to be good, as this study
879(continued):      has

```

```
==== File rfc1537.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 165:
163:   Example: zone file for foo.xx:
164:
165:   pqr           MX 100  relay.yy.
166:   xyz           MX 100  relay.yy          (no trailing dot!)
167:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 166:
164:
165:   pqr           MX 100  relay.yy.
166:   xyz           MX 100  relay.yy          (no trailing dot!)
167:
168:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 177:
175:   When fully written out this stands for:
176:
177:   pqr.foo.xx.  MX 100  relay.yy.
178:   xyz.foo.xx.  MX 100  relay.yy.foo.xx.  (name extension!)
179:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 178:
176:
177:   pqr.foo.xx.  MX 100  relay.yy.
178:   xyz.foo.xx.  MX 100  relay.yy.foo.xx.  (name extension!)
179:
180:  6. Missing secondary servers

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 256:
254:
255:   foo.xx.       MX 100  gateway.xx.
256:               MX 200  fallback.yy.
257:   *.foo.xx.    MX 100  gateway.xx.
258:               MX 200  fallback.yy.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 258:
256:               MX 200  fallback.yy.
257:   *.foo.xx.    MX 100  gateway.xx.
258:               MX 200  fallback.yy.
259:  8. Hostnames
260:

2000 found at line 89:
87:   86400 ; Refresh      24 hours
88:   7200  ; Retry        2 hours
```

89: 2592000 ; Expire 30 days  
90: 345600 ; Minimum TTL 4 days  
91:

==== File rfc1540.txt ====  
1836: The text version is sent.  
1836(continued):  
1837:  
1838: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
1838(continued): umber.  
1839: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
1839(continued): '  
1840:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1839:  
1837:  
1838: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
1838(continued): umber.  
1839: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
1839(continued): '  
1840:  
1841: help to get information on how  
1841(continued): to use

==== File rfc1555.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 155:  
153: In addition, Listserv usually maintains automatic archives of  
153(continued): all  
154: postings to a list. These archives, contained in the file "l  
154(continued): istname  
155: LOGyymm", do not contain the MIME headers, so all encoding  
156: information will be lost. This is a limitation of the Listse  
156(continued): rv  
157: software.

==== File rfc1564.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 811:  
809:  
810: The following searches should be tried. Unless otherwise sta  
810(continued): ted, the  
811: "XXX" or "YYY" part of the search filter should be chosen in  
811(continued): such a  
812: way as to return a single result. Unless stated otherwise th  
812(continued): e  
813: results should return all attributes for the entry.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 848:  
 846:  
 847:                   objectClass=person AND  
 848:                   (commonName=XXX\* OR telephoneNumber=\*YYY)  
 849:  
 850:         75. Search returning all entries (i.e., 100 entries in the si  
 850(continued):           ngle

2000 found at line 527:  
 525:  
 526:         42. If the DSA runs as a static server, state the start-up ti  
 526(continued):           me for a  
 527:            DSA with a database of 20000 entries. If this varies wid  
 527(continued):           ely  
 528:            according to configuration options, give figures for the  
 528(continued):           various  
 529:            options. ....  
 529(continued):           .....

2000 found at line 709:  
 707:  
 708:         i. The tests should be made against an organisational databa  
 708(continued):           se of  
 709:            20000 entries. Some tests are against subsets of this da  
 709(continued):           ta, and  
 710:            so the database should be set up according to the followi  
 710(continued):           ng  
 711:            instructions.

2000 found at line 713:  
 711:            instructions.  
 712:  
 713:            Create an organisational DSA with 20000 entries below the  
 713(continued):  
 714:            organisation node. Sub-divide this data into a number of  
 714(continued):  
 715:            organisational units, one of which should contain 1000 en  
 715(continued):           tries,

2000 found at line 808:  
 806:            unit.  
 807:  
 808:         ii. An organisation subtree search, on the subtree of 20000 e  
 808(continued):           ntries.  
 809:  
 810:         The following searches should be tried. Unless otherwise sta  
 810(continued):           ted, the

```

2000 found at line 851:
849:
850:      75. Search returning all entries (i.e., 100 entries in the si
850(continued):      ngle
851:      level search, and all 20000 entries in the subtree search
851(continued):      :
852:
853:      objectClass=*

```

```

+++++= File rfc1578.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1946:
1944:      700 13th Street, NW
1945:      Suite 950
1946:      Washington, DC 20005
1947:      USA
1948:

```

```

+++++= File rfc1589.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1979:
1977:      presumably with negligible frequency error.
1978:
1979:      #define MAXPHASE 512000      /* max phase error (us) */
1980:      #ifdef PPS_SYNC
1981:      #define MAXFREQ 100          /* max frequency error (ppm)
1981(continued):      */

```

```

+++++= File rfc1593.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1088:
1086:      response(6)
1087:
1088:      -- enumeration values between 2000 and 3999 are r
1088(continued):      eserved
1089:      -- for IP socket traces,
1090:

```

```

2000 found at line 1149:
1147:      testReq(26),
1148:
1149:      -- enumeration values between 2000 and 3999 are r
1149(continued):      eserved
1150:      -- for IP socket traces.
1151:      ipTestFrame(2001),

```

```

+++++= File rfc1594.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 379:
377:      The text version is sent.
377(continued):
378:

```

379: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
379(continued): umber.  
380: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
380(continued): '.  
381:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 380:

378:  
379: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
379(continued): umber.  
380: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
380(continued): '.  
381:  
382: help to get information on how  
382(continued): to use

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 574:

572: In addition, back issues of the Report are available for a  
572(continued): nonymous  
573: FTP from the host ftp.isi.edu in the in-notes/imr director  
573(continued): y, with  
574: the file names in the form imryymm.txt, where yy is the la  
574(continued): st two  
575: digits of the year and mm two digits for the month. For e  
575(continued): xample,  
576: the July 1992 Report is in the file imr9207.txt.

+++++= File rfc1595.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 300:

298:  
299: ifSpeed Speed of line rate for SONET/SDH,  
300: (e.g., 155520000 bps).  
301:  
302: ifPhysAddress The value of the Circuit Identifier  
302(continued): .

2000 found at line 357:

355: ifSpeed set to speed of SONET/SDH path  
356: (e.g., an STS-1 path has a  
357: rate of 50112000 bps.)  
358:  
359: ifPhysAddress Circuit Identifier or OCTET STRING  
359(continued): of

+++++= File rfc1600.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1950:

1948: The text version is sent.  
1948(continued):

1949:  
 1950: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
 1950(continued): umber.  
 1951: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
 1951(continued): '.  
 1952:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1951:

1949:  
 1950: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
 1950(continued): umber.  
 1951: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
 1951(continued): '.  
 1952:  
 1953: help to get information on how  
 1953(continued): to use

+++++= File rfc1607.txt ++++++=

century found at line 12:

10:  
 11:  
 12: A VIEW FROM THE 21ST CENTURY  
 13:  
 14: Status of this Memo

century found at line 60:

58: Cerf  
 58(continued): [Page 1]  
 59:  
 60: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
 60(continued): ril 1994  
 61:  
 62:

century found at line 116:

114: Cerf  
 114(continued): [Page 2]  
 115:  
 116: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
 116(continued): ril 1994  
 117:  
 118:

century found at line 172:

170: Cerf  
 170(continued): [Page 3]  
 171:  
 172: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap

172(continued): ril 1994  
173:  
174:

century found at line 228:

226: Cerf  
226(continued): [Page 4]  
227:  
228: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
228(continued): ril 1994  
229:  
230:

century found at line 284:

282: Cerf  
282(continued): [Page 5]  
283:  
284: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
284(continued): ril 1994  
285:  
286:

century found at line 340:

338: Cerf  
338(continued): [Page 6]  
339:  
340: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
340(continued): ril 1994  
341:  
342:

century found at line 396:

394: Cerf  
394(continued): [Page 7]  
395:  
396: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
396(continued): ril 1994  
397:  
398:

century found at line 452:

450: Cerf  
450(continued): [Page 8]  
451:  
452: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
452(continued): ril 1994  
453:  
454:

century found at line 508:

506: Cerf  
506(continued): [Page 9]  
507:  
508: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
508(continued): ril 1994  
509:  
510:

century found at line 564:

562: Cerf [  
562(continued): Page 10]  
563:  
564: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
564(continued): ril 1994  
565:  
566:

century found at line 620:

618: Cerf [  
618(continued): Page 11]  
619:  
620: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
620(continued): ril 1994  
621:  
622:

century found at line 676:

674: Cerf [  
674(continued): Page 12]  
675:  
676: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
676(continued): ril 1994  
677:  
678:

century found at line 732:

730: Cerf [  
730(continued): Page 13]  
731:  
732: RFC 1607 A View from the 21st Century 1 Ap  
732(continued): ril 1994  
733:  
734:

2000 found at line 663:

661: transmission, switching and computing in a cost-effective  
662: way. For a long time, this technology involved rather

663: bulky equipment - some of the early 3DV clips from 2000-  
 664: 2005 showed rooms full of gear required to steer beams  
 665: around. A very interesting combination of fiber optics and

==== File rfc1608.txt =====

UTCTime found at line 240:

```
238: provider      :: DistinguishedNameSyntax,
239: /* points to network provider */
240: onlineDate    :: uTCTimeSyntax
241: /* date when network got connected to the Internet */
242:
```

UTCTime found at line 370:

```
368: asGuardian    :: DistinguishedNameSyntax, */
369: /* DN of guardian of this AS */
370: lastModifiedDate :: UTCTimeSyntax */
371: /* important as routes change frequently */
372:
```

UTCTime found at line 423:

```
421: that the number was assigned to. This does not
422: imply that assTo "owns" this number now. */
423: assDate      :: uTCTimeSyntax,
424: /* date of assignment for this number */
425: nicHandle    :: CaseIgnoreStringSyntax,
```

UTCTime found at line 1048:

```
1046: speed:          id-nw-at.10      :numericString
1047: traffic:        id-nw-at.11      :numericString
1048: configurationDate: id-nw-at.12      :utcTime
1049: configurationHistory: id-nw-at.13      :caseIgnoreString
1049(continued):
1050: nodeName,nd:    id-nw-at.14      :caseIgnoreString
1050(continued):
```

UTCTime found at line 1071:

```
1069:
1070:
1071: onlineDate:     id-nw-at.27      :utcTime
1072: ipNodeName,IPnd: id-nw-at.28      :caseIgnoreString
1072(continued):
1073: protocol:       id-nw-at.29      :caseIgnoreString
1073(continued):
```

UTCTime found at line 1083:

```
1081: assBy:          id-nw-at.37      :DN
1082: assTo:          id-nw-at.38      :DN
1083: assDate:        id-nw-at.39      :utcTime
```

```
1084:      nicHandle:                id-nw-at.40      :caseIgnoreString
1084(continued):
1085:      relNwElement:              id-nw-at.41      :DN
```

==== File rfc1609.txt =====

```
UTCTime found at line 588:
586:      /* (average) use in percent of nominal bandwidth
587:      [ this needs more specification later ] */
588:      configurationDate :: uTCTimeSyntax,
589:      /* date when network was configured in current
590:      shape */
```

==== File rfc1610.txt =====

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1950:
1948:                                     The text version is sent.
1948(continued):
1949:
1950:      file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
1950(continued):          umber.
1951:                                     and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
1951(continued):          '.
1952:
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1951:

```
1949:
1950:      file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
1950(continued):          umber.
1951:                                     and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
1951(continued):          '.
1952:
1953:      help                            to get information on how
1953(continued):          to use
```

century found at line 926:

```
924:      An Experimental protocol.
925:
926:      1607 - A View from the 21st Century
927:
928:      This is an information document and does not specif
928(continued):          y any
```

==== File rfc1614.txt =====

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1565:
1563:      The general format of a Gopher+ view descriptor is:
1564:
```

1565: xxx/yyy zzz: <nnnK>  
1566:  
1567:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1575:

1573:  
1574:  
1575: where xxx is a general type-of-information advisory, yyy is w  
1575(continued): hat  
1576: information format you need understand to interpret this info  
1576(continued): rmation,  
1577: zzz is a language advisory (coded using POSIX definitions), a  
1577(continued): nd nnn

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1584:

1582: the need to be consistent in the use of type/encoding attribu  
1582(continued): tes with  
1583: the MIME specification. The Gopher+ Type Registry may thus  
1584: eventually disappear, together with the set of xxx/yyy values  
1584(continued): it  
1585: currently contains.)  
1586:

+++++= File rfc1625.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 255:  
253: ( use = "wb", relation = "ro", term = 0 )  
254: AND  
255: ( use = "wb", relation = "ro", term = 2000 )  
256: )  
257:

+++++= File rfc1632.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 3795:  
3793: association is rejected. However, if a chain operation is r  
3793(continued): equired  
3794: to check the DN, the bind IS allowed.  
3795: - When comparing attributes of UTctime syntax, if the seconds  
3795(continued): field  
3796: is omitted, QUIPU does not perform the match correctly (i.e  
3796(continued): ., the  
3797: seconds field in the attribute values should be ignored, bu  
3797(continued): t are

2000 found at line 1214:  
1212: 1-800-257-OPEN (U.S. and Canada)  
1213: 1-612-482-6736 (worldwide)  
1214: FAX: 1-612-482-2000 (worldwide)  
1215: EMAIL: info@cdc.com  
1216: or

+++++= File rfc1635.txt ++++++=  
1900 found at line 605:  
603: Most archive machines perform other functions as well. Pleas  
603(continued): e  
604: respect the needs of their primary users and restrict your FT  
604(continued): P access  
605: to non-prime hours (generally between 1900 and 0600 hours loc  
605(continued): al time  
606: for that site) whenever possible. It is especially important  
606(continued): to  
607: remember this for sites located on another continent or across  
607(continued): s a

+++++= File rfc1645.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 590:  
588: 554 Error, failed (technical reason)  
589:  
590: 4.4.6 HOLDuntil <YMMDDHHMMSS> [+/-GMTdifference]  
591:  
592: The HOLDuntil command allows for the delayed delivery of a me  
592(continued): ssage,

+++++= File rfc1646.txt ++++++=  
2000 found at line 428:  
426:  
427: Command Rejected 0X10030000  
428: Intervention Required 0X08020000  
429: Data Check 0X10010000  
430: Operation Check 0X10050000

2000 found at line 431:  
429: Data Check 0X10010000  
430: Operation Check 0X10050000  
431: Component Disconnected (LU) 0X08020000  
432:  
433: Note 2\*: Device End - A positive response to the Server's  
433(continued): data

+++++= File rfc1647.txt ++++++=  
2000 found at line 1355:  
1353: 0x00 Command Reject 0x10030000

1353(continued):  
 1354:  
 1355:                           0x01                    Intervention Required            0x08020000  
 1355(continued):  
 1356:  
 1357:                           0x02                    Operation Check                 0x10050000  
 1357(continued):

+++++= File rfc1671.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 410:  
 408:     Phone: +41 22 767-4967  
 409:     Fax: +41 22 767-7155  
 410:     Telex: 419000 cer ch  
 411:     EMail: brian@dxcoms.cern.ch  
 412:

+++++= File rfc1679.txt ++++++=

century found at line 95:  
 93:     examined below. The time frame for design, development, and  
 94:     deployment of HPN based systems and subsystems is 1996 into t  
 94(continued):                   he  
 95:     twenty first century.  
 96:  
 97:     Three general problem domains have been identified by the HPN  
 97(continued):                   working

+++++= File rfc1689.txt ++++++=

century found at line 6899:  
 6897:     vision of how information management must change in the 1990s  
 6897(continued):                   to meet  
 6898:     the social and economic opportunities and challenges of the 2  
 6898(continued):                   1st  
 6899:     century. Members of the Coalition Task Force include, among  
 6899(continued):                   others,  
 6900:     higher education institutions, publishers, network service pr  
 6900(continued):                   viders,  
 6901:     computer hardware, software, and systems companies, library n  
 6901(continued):                   etworks

2000 found at line 421:

419:     archie did for the world of ftp. A central server periodi  
 419(continued):                   cally  
 420:     scans the complete menu hierarchies of Gopher servers appe  
 420(continued):                   aring on

421: an ever-expanding list (over 2000 sites as of November 1993)  
421(continued): 3). The  
422: resulting index is provided by a veronica server and can be  
422(continued): e  
423: accessed by any gopher client.

2000 found at line 471:

469:  
470: There are currently (as of November 1993) some 500 registered  
470(continued): WAIS  
471: databases with an estimated 2000 additional databases that  
471(continued): are not  
472: yet registered. There are approximately another 100 commercial  
472(continued): WAIS  
473: WAIS databases.

==== File rfc1693.txt ====

2000 found at line 574:

572: 4 Baker Boston \$849 Sportswea  
572(continued): r  
573: 5 Baker Washington \$3,100 Weights  
574: 6 Baker Washington \$2000 Camping G  
574(continued): ear  
575: 7 Baker Atlanta \$290 Baseball  
575(continued): Gloves  
576: 8 Baker Boston \$1,500 Sportswea  
576(continued): r

==== File rfc1696.txt ====

2000 found at line 109:

107:  
108: mdmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY  
109: LAST-UPDATED "9406120000Z"  
110: ORGANIZATION "IETF Modem Management Working Group"  
111:

==== File rfc1698.txt ====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 513:

511: 31 80 {1 - RDN, [SET OF]  
512: 30 80 {2 - AttributeValueAssertion, [SEQUENCE]  
513: 06 03 5504yy -- OID identifying an attribute named in  
514: -- the Directory standard  
515: -- which one is determined by yy

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 515:

513: 06 03 5504yy -- OID identifying an attribute named in  
514: -- the Directory standard  
515: -- which one is determined by yy

516: 13 La xxxxxx -- [Printable string]  
517: -- could be T61 string, with tag 14

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 522:

520:  
521: The most likely attributes for an RDN have the following hex  
521(continued): values  
522: for yy.  
523:  
524: CommonName 03

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 903:

901:  
902:  
903: yy is exactly one octet (i.e., one hex digit per y) holdin  
903(continued): g part  
904: of the length  
905:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 918:

916: innermost nest of construction)  
917:  
918: yy - as part of a value - a variable value, each y represe  
918(continued): nts one  
919: hex digit  
920:

+++++= File rfc1699.txt ++++++=

century found at line 1050:  
1048:  
1049:  
1050: 1607 Cerf Apr 94 A VIEW FROM THE 21ST CENTURY  
1051:  
1052: This document is a composition of letters discussing a possible  
1052(continued): future.

+++++= File rfc1700.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 9905:  
9903: AB-00-03-00-00-00 6004 DEC Local Area Transport (LAT) -  
9903(continued): old  
9904: AB-00-04-00-xx-xx ???? Reserved DEC customer private us  
9904(continued): e  
9905: AB-00-04-01-xx-yy 6007 DEC Local Area VAX Cluster group  
9905(continued): s  
9906: Sys. Communication Architecture  
9906(continued): (SCA)  
9907: CF-00-00-00-00-00 9000 Ethernet Configuration Test prot  
9907(continued):ocol

1900 found at line 10173:

```

10171: 014.000.000.063 2422-650-23500 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10171(continued): G]
10172: 014.000.000.064 2422-330-02500 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10172(continued): G]
10173: 014.000.000.065 2422-350-01900 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10173(continued): G]
10174: 014.000.000.066 2422-410-00700 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10174(continued): G]
10175: 014.000.000.067 2422-539-06200 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10175(continued): G]

```

1900 found at line 10255:

```

10253:
10254:
10255: 014.000.000.131 2422-190-41900 00 T-G Airfreight AS [OX
10255(continued): G]
10256: 014.000.000.132 2422-616-16100 00 Tollpost-Globe AS [OX
10256(continued): G]
10257: 014.000.000.133 2422-150-50700-00 Tollpost-Globe Int. [OX
10257(continued): G]

```

1900 found at line 11112:

```

11110: 1569 621 ?? Something from Emulex
11111: 1571 623 UNKNOWN?? Running on a Novell Server
11112: 1900 076C Xerox
11113: 2857 0b29 Site Lock
11114: 3113 0c29 Site Lock Applications

```

2000 found at line 2822:

```

2820: tcp-id-port 1999/tcp cisco identification port
2821: tcp-id-port 1999/udp cisco identification port
2822: callbook 2000/tcp
2823: callbook 2000/udp
2824: dc 2001/tcp

```

2000 found at line 2823:

```

2821: tcp-id-port 1999/udp cisco identification port
2822: callbook 2000/tcp
2823: callbook 2000/udp
2824: dc 2001/tcp
2825: wizard 2001/udp curry

```

2000 found at line 10120:

```

10118: 014.000.000.018 2624-522-80900 52 FGAN-SIEMENS-X25 [GB
10118(continued): 7]
10119: 014.000.000.019 2041-170-10000 00 SHAPE-X25 [JF
10119(continued): W]

```

10120: 014.000.000.020 5052-737-20000 50 UQNET [AX  
10120(continued): H]  
10121: 014.000.000.021 3020-801-00057 50 DMC-CRC1 [VX  
10121(continued): T]  
10122: 014.000.000.022 2624-522-80329 02 FGAN-FGANFFMVAX-X25 [GB  
10122(continued): 7]

2000 found at line 11572:

11570: AMIGA-1200/LC040  
11571: AMIGA-1200/040  
11572: AMIGA-2000  
11573: AMIGA-2000/010  
11574: AMIGA-2000/020

2000 found at line 11573:

11571: AMIGA-1200/040  
11572: AMIGA-2000  
11573: AMIGA-2000/010  
11574: AMIGA-2000/020  
11575: AMIGA-2000/EC030

2000 found at line 11574:

11572: AMIGA-2000  
11573: AMIGA-2000/010  
11574: AMIGA-2000/020  
11575: AMIGA-2000/EC030  
11576: AMIGA-2000/030

2000 found at line 11575:

11573: AMIGA-2000/010  
11574: AMIGA-2000/020  
11575: AMIGA-2000/EC030  
11576: AMIGA-2000/030  
11577: AMIGA-2000/LC040

2000 found at line 11576:

11574: AMIGA-2000/020  
11575: AMIGA-2000/EC030  
11576: AMIGA-2000/030  
11577: AMIGA-2000/LC040  
11578: AMIGA-2000/EC040

2000 found at line 11577:

11575: AMIGA-2000/EC030  
11576: AMIGA-2000/030  
11577: AMIGA-2000/LC040  
11578: AMIGA-2000/EC040  
11579: AMIGA-2000/040

2000 found at line 11578:

- 11576: AMIGA-2000/030
- 11577: AMIGA-2000/LC040
- 11578: AMIGA-2000/EC040
- 11579: AMIGA-2000/040
- 11580: AMIGA-3000

2000 found at line 11579:

- 11577: AMIGA-2000/LC040
- 11578: AMIGA-2000/EC040
- 11579: AMIGA-2000/040
- 11580: AMIGA-3000
- 11581: AMIGA-3000/EC040

2000 found at line 12014:

- 12012: AIX/370
- 12013: AIX-PS/2
- 12014: BS-2000
- 12015: CEDAR
- 12016: CGW

2000 found at line 12356:

- 12354: HAZELTINE-1520
- 12355: HAZELTINE-1552
- 12356: HAZELTINE-2000
- 12357: HAZELTINE-ESPRIT
- 12358: HITACHI-5601

+++++ File rfc1705.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1166:

- 1164: will be made.
- 1165:
- 1166: node.sub.domain.name IN TA xx.yy.zz.aa.bb.cc.dd.ee
- 1167:
- 1168: ee.dd.cc.bb.aa.zz.yy.aa.in-addr.tcp IN PTR node.sub.domain.n
- 1168(continued): ame.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1168:

- 1166: node.sub.domain.name IN TA xx.yy.zz.aa.bb.cc.dd.ee
- 1167:
- 1168: ee.dd.cc.bb.aa.zz.yy.aa.in-addr.tcp IN PTR node.sub.domain.n
- 1168(continued): ame.
- 1169:
- 1170: Using these entries, along with the existing DNS A records, a
- 1170(continued):

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1172:  
 1170: Using these entries, along with the existing DNS A records, a  
 1170(continued):  
 1171: requesting node can determine where the remote node is locate  
 1171(continued): d. The  
 1172: format xx.yy.zz is the IEEE assigned portion and aa.bb.cc.dd.  
 1172(continued): ee is  
 1173: the encoded machine serial number as described in section 4.1  
 1173(continued): .  
 1174:

+++++ File rfc1712.txt +++++  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 208:  
 206: @ IN SOA marsh.cs.curtin.edu.au. postmaster.cs.curtin  
 206(continued): .edu.au.  
 207: (  
 208: 94070503 ; Serial (yymmddnn)  
 209: 10800 ; Refresh (3 hours)  
 210: 3600 ; Retry (1 hour)

+++++ File rfc1713.txt +++++  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 104:  
 102: University, but then Eric Wassenaar from Nikhef did a major r  
 102(continued): ewrite  
 103: and still seems to be actively working on improving it. The  
 103(continued): program  
 104: is available from ftp://ftp.nikhef.nl/pub/network/host\_YYMMDD  
 104(continued): .tar.Z  
 105: (YYMMDD is the date of the latest release).  
 106:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 105:  
 103: and still seems to be actively working on improving it. The  
 103(continued): program  
 104: is available from ftp://ftp.nikhef.nl/pub/network/host\_YYMMDD  
 104(continued): .tar.Z  
 105: (YYMMDD is the date of the latest release).  
 106:  
 107: By default, host just maps host names to Internet addresses,  
 107(continued): querying

+++++ File rfc1714.txt +++++  
 2000 found at line 414:  
 412: Example of use:  
 413:  
 414: -limit 2000  
 415:  
 416: 2.3.3 schema

```

==== File rfc1718.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 969:
967: mailing list. File names beginning with "l" (one) contain ge
967(continued): neral
968: IETF information. This is only a partial list of the availab
968(continued): le
969: files. (The 'yymm' below refers to the year and month.)
970:
971: o Omtg-agenda.txt Agenda for the meeting

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 972:
970:
971: o Omtg-agenda.txt Agenda for the meeting
972: o Omtg-at-a-glance-yymm.txt Logistics information for t
972(continued): he meeting
973: o Omtg-rsvp.txt Meeting registration form
974: o Omtg-sites.txt Future meeting sites and da
974(continued): tes

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 975:
973: o Omtg-rsvp.txt Meeting registration form
974: o Omtg-sites.txt Future meeting sites and da
974(continued): tes
975: o Omtg-multicast-guide-yymm.txt Schedule for Mbone-multicas
975(continued): t sessions
976: o Omtg-traveldirections-yymm.txt Directions to the meeting s
976(continued): ite
977: o Otao.txt This document

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 976:
974: o Omtg-sites.txt Future meeting sites and da
974(continued): tes
975: o Omtg-multicast-guide-yymm.txt Schedule for Mbone-multicas
975(continued): t sessions
976: o Omtg-traveldirections-yymm.txt Directions to the meeting s
976(continued): ite
977: o Otao.txt This document
978:

```

```

==== File rfc1720.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2230:
2228: The text version is sent.
2228(continued):
2229:

```

```

2230:          file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2230(continued):          umber.
2231:          and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
2231(continued):          '.
2232:

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2231:

```

2229:
2230:          file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2230(continued):          umber.
2231:          and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
2231(continued):          '.
2232:
2233:          help                            to get information on how
2233(continued):          to use

```

+++++ File rfc1730.txt +++++

2digit found at line 3334:

```

3332:      date          ::= date_text / <"> date_text <">
3333:
3334:      date_day        ::= 1*2digit
3335:                      ;; Day of month
3336:

```

2digit found at line 3337:

```

3335:                      ;; Day of month
3336:
3337:      date_day_fixed  ::= (SPACE digit) / 2digit
3338:                      ;; Fixed-format version of date_day
3339:

```

2digit found at line 3348:

```

3346:      date_year       ::= 4digit
3347:
3348:      date_year_old   ::= 2digit
3349:                      ;; OBSOLETE, (year - 1900)
3350:

```

2digit found at line 3657:

```

3655:      TEXT_CHAR       ::= <any CHAR except CR and LF>
3656:
3657:      time            ::= 2digit ":" 2digit ":" 2digit
3658:                      ;; Hours minutes seconds
3659:

```

1900 found at line 3349:

```

3347:
3348:      date_year_old   ::= 2digit

```

3349: ; ; OBSOLETE, (year - 1900)  
3350:  
3351: date\_time ::= <"> (date\_time\_new / date\_time\_old) <">

==== File rfc1732.txt ====

century found at line 254:  
252:  
253: The format of dates and times has changed due to the impen  
253(continued): ding end  
254: of the century. Clients that fail to accept a four-digit  
254(continued): year or  
255: a signed four-digit timezone value will not work properly  
255(continued): with  
256: IMAP4.

==== File rfc1733.txt ====

2000 found at line 94:  
92: message or part of a message. For example, a user connected  
92(continued): to an  
93: IMAP4 server via a dialup link can determine that a message h  
93(continued): as a  
94: 2000 byte text segment and a 40 megabyte video segment, and e  
94(continued): lect to  
95: fetch only the text segment.  
96:

==== File rfc1739.txt ====

century found at line 1044:  
1042: 1.EDU Reserved Domain  
1043: 2.EDU Reserved Domain  
1044: 22CF.EDU 22nd Century Foundation  
1045: 3.EDU Reserved Domain  
1046: \*\* There are 1499 more matches. Show them? N

==== File rfc1740.txt ====

2000 found at line 383:  
381: This field denotes the version of AppleSingle format in th  
381(continued): e event  
382: the format evolves (more fields may be added to the header  
382(continued): ). The  
383: version described in this note is version \$00020000 or  
384: 0x00020000.  
385:

2000 found at line 384:

382: the format evolves (more fields may be added to the header  
382(continued): ). The  
383: version described in this note is version \$00020000 or

```
384:          0x00020000.
385:
386:      Filler
```

2000 found at line 590:

```
588:      #define F_fStationary    0x0800 /* file is a stationary pad */
588(continued):
589:      #define F_fNameLocked     0x1000 /* file can't be renamed by Fi
589(continued):          nder */
590:      #define F_fHasBundle      0x2000 /* file has a bundle */
591:      #define F_fInvisible      0x4000 /* file's icon is invisible */
591(continued):
592:      #define F_fAlias          0x8000 /* file is an alias file (Syst
592(continued):          em 7) */
```

2000 found at line 624:

```
622:
623:          uint32 magicNum; /* internal file type tag */
624:          uint32 versionNum; /* format version: 2 = 0x00020000 */
625:          uchar8 filler[16]; /* filler, currently all bits 0 */
626:          uint16 numEntries; /* number of entries which follow */
```

2000 found at line 752:

```
750:
751:      /* Times are stored as a "signed number of seconds before of
751(continued):          after
752:          * 12:00 a.m. (midnight), January 1, 2000 Greenwich Mean Time
752(continued):          (GMT).
753:          * Applications must convert to their native date and time
754:          * conventions." Any unknown entries are set to 0x80000000
```

+++++= File rfc1747.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 736:

```
734:
735:          sdlcPortAdminTopology == multipoint
735(continued):      "
736:          DEFVAL { 2000 }
737:          ::= { sdlcPortAdminEntry 9 }
738:
```

+++++= File rfc1752.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1929:

```
1927:
1928:      We recommend that a new IPng Transition (NGTRANS) Working Gro
1928(continued):          up be
1929:      formed with Bob Gilligan of Sun Microsystems and xxx of yyy a
1929(continued):          s co-
1930:      chairs to design the mechanisms and procedures to support the
```

1930(continued):  
1931: transition of the Internet from IPv4 to IPv6 and to give advi  
1931(continued): ce on

+++++ File rfc1758.txt +++++

2000 found at line 180:

178: c/o Rapport Communication  
179: 2721 N Street NW  
180: Washington, DC 20007  
181: US  
182:

2000 found at line 205:

203: Rapport Communication  
204: 2721 N Street NW  
205: Washington, DC 20007  
206:  
207: Phone: +1 202-342-2727

+++++ File rfc1759.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1488:

1486: -- on Unicode in the MIBenum range of 1000-1999.  
1487: -- See IANA Registry for vendor developed character sets  
1488: -- in the MIBenum range of 2000-xxxx.  
1489: }  
1490:

+++++ File rfc1769.txt +++++

1900 found at line 218:

216: main product of the protocol, a special timestamp format has  
216(continued): been  
217: established. NTP timestamps are represented as a 64-bit unsig  
217(continued): ned  
218: fixed-point number, in seconds relative to 0h on 1 January 19  
218(continued): 00. The  
219: integer part is in the first 32 bits and the fraction part in  
219(continued): the  
220: last 32 bits. In the fraction part, the non-significant low-o  
220(continued): rder

1900 found at line 248:

246: overflow some time in 2036. Should NTP or Sntp be in use in 2  
246(continued): 036,  
247: some external means will be necessary to qualify time relativ  
247(continued): e to  
248: 1900 and time relative to 2036 (and other multiples of 136 ye  
248(continued): ars).  
249: Timestamped data requiring such qualification will be so prec

249(continued): ious  
250: that appropriate means should be readily available. There wil  
250(continued): l exist

==== File rfc1778.txt =====

UTCTime found at line 309:  
307: 2.21. UTC Time  
308:  
309: Values of type uTCTimeSyntax are encoded as if they were Prin  
309(continued): table  
310: Strings with the strings containing a UTCTime value.  
311:

UTCTime found at line 310:  
308:  
309: Values of type uTCTimeSyntax are encoded as if they were Prin  
309(continued): table  
310: Strings with the strings containing a UTCTime value.  
311:  
312: 2.22. Guide (search guide)

UTCTime found at line 399:  
397:  
398:  
399: <utc-time> ::= an encoded UTCTime value  
400:  
401: <hex-string> ::= <hex-digit> | <hex-digit> <hex-string>

==== File rfc1780.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2118:  
2116: The text version is sent.  
2116(continued):  
2117:  
2118: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
2118(continued): umber.  
2119: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
2119(continued): '.  
2120:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2119:  
2117:  
2118: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
2118(continued): umber.  
2119: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
2119(continued): '.  
2120:  
2121: help to get information on how  
2121(continued): to use

```
+++++= File rfc1786.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2992:  
2990: USA  
2991: +1 313 936 2655  
2992: jyy@merit.edu  
2993:  
2994:
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3694:  
3692:  
3693: Format:  
3694: <email-address> YMMDD  
3695:  
3696:
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3704:  
3702:  
3703: <email-address> should be the address of the person wh  
3703(continued): o made  
3704: the last change. YMMDD denotes the date this change w  
3704(continued): as made.  
3705:  
3706: Example:
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3950:  
3948:  
3949: Format:  
3950: <email-address> YMMDD  
3951:  
3952: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
3952(continued): who
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3953:  
3951:  
3952: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
3952(continued): who  
3953: made the last change. YMMDD denotes the date this  
3953(continued): change  
3954: was made.  
3955:
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4170:  
4168:  
4169: Format:  
4170: <email-address> YMMDD  
4171:  
4172: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
4172(continued): who
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4173:

4171:  
4172: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
4172(continued): who  
4173: made the last change. YYMMDD denotes the date this  
4173(continued): change  
4174: was made.  
4175:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4305:

4303:  
4304: Format:  
4305: YYMMDD  
4306:  
4307: YYMMDD denotes the date this route was withdrawn.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4307:

4305: YYMMDD  
4306:  
4307: YYMMDD denotes the date this route was withdrawn.  
4308:  
4309:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4394:

4392:  
4393: Format:  
4394: <email-address> YYMMDD  
4395:  
4396: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
4396(continued): who

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 4397:

4395:  
4396: <email-address> should be the address of the person  
4396(continued): who  
4397: made the last change. YYMMDD denotes the date this  
4397(continued): change  
4398: was made.  
4399:

+++++= File rfc1800.txt +=+=+=+=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1950:

1948: The text version is sent.  
1948(continued):  
1949:  
1950: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n



318: Its format is "ID:: XXX//YYY", where XXX is the  
 319: publisher-ID (the controlled symbol of the publisher)  
 320: and YYY is the ID (e.g., report number) of the

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 320:

318: Its format is "ID:: XXX//YYY", where XXX is the  
 319: publisher-ID (the controlled symbol of the publisher)  
 320: and YYY is the ID (e.g., report number) of the  
 321: publication as assigned by the publisher. This ID is  
 322: typically printed on the cover, and may contain slashes.  
 322(continued):

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 767:

765: in its "ID::".  
 766:  
 767: Format: END:: XXX//YYY  
 768:  
 769: Example: END:: OUKS//CS-TR-91-123

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 778:

776:  
 777: In order to avoid conflicts among the symbols of the publishi  
 777(continued): ng  
 778: organizations (the XXX part of the "ID:: XXX//YYY") it is sug  
 778(continued): gested  
 779: that the various organizations that publish reports (such as  
 780: universities, departments, and laboratories) register their

2-digit found at line 348:

346: The format for ENTRY date is "Month Day, Year". The  
 347: month must be alphabetic (spelled out). The "Day" is a  
 348: 1- or 2-digit number. The "Year" is a 4-digit number.  
 349:  
 350: Format: ENTRY:: <date>

2-digit found at line 513:

511: DATE (0) -- The publication date. The formats are "Month Year"  
 512: and "Month Day, Year". The month must be alphabetic  
 513: (spelled out). The "Day" is a 1- or 2-digit number. Th  
 513(continued): e  
 514: "Year" is a 4- digit number.  
 515:

1900 found at line 406:

404: omitted, the record is assumed to be a new record and no  
 404(continued): t  
 405: a revision. If the revision date is specified as 0, thi  
 405(continued): s

406: is assumed to be January 1, 1900 (the previous RFC, used  
406(continued):  
407: revision data of 0, 1, 2, 3, etc. this specification is  
407(continued): for  
408: programs that might process records from RFC1357).

+++++ File rfc1815.txt +++++

2000 found at line 187:  
185: 8 BASIC GREEK 0370-03CF  
186: 10 CYRILLIC 0400-04FF  
187: 32 GENERAL PUNCTUATION 2000-206F See note 1,  
187(continued): below.  
188: 39 MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS 2200-22FF See note 1,  
188(continued): below.  
189: 44 BOX DRAWING 2500-257F

+++++ File rfc1819.txt +++++

2000 found at line 5855:  
5853: 5 HelloLossFactor Number of consecutively missed H  
5853(continued): ELLO  
5854: messages before declaring link f  
5854(continued): ailure  
5855: 2000 DefaultRecoveryTimeout Interval between successive HELLO  
5855(continued): Os  
5856: to/from active neighbors  
5857:

+++++ File rfc1831.txt +++++

2000 found at line 401:  
399: 7.3 Program Number Assignment  
400:  
401: Program numbers are given out in groups of hexadecimal 200000  
401(continued): 00  
402: (decimal 536870912) according to the following chart:  
403:

2000 found at line 405:

403:  
404: 0 - 1fffffff defined by rpc@sun.com  
405: 20000000 - 3fffffff defined by user  
406: 40000000 - 5fffffff transient  
407: 60000000 - 7fffffff reserved

+++++ File rfc1848.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1881:  
1879: Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64  
1880:  
1881: AfRlWseyLhy5AtcX0ktUVlbFC1vvcoCjYWy/yYjVj48eqzUVvGTGMSV6

1881(continued): MdlynU  
1882: d4jcJgRnQIQvIxm2VRgH8W8MkAlul+RWGu7jnxjp0sNsU562+RZr0f4F  
1882(continued): 3K3n4w  
1883: onUUP265UvvMj23RSTguZ/nl/OxnFM6SzDgV39V/i/RofqI=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1994:  
1992: U6B13vzpeE8wMSVefzaCTSpXRSch08ceVEZrIYS53/CKZV2/Sga71pGNlux  
1992(continued): 8MsJpY  
1993: Lwdj5Q3NKocglLMngMo8yrMAe+avMjfOnhui49XonlGft+N5XDH/+wI9qx  
1993(continued): I9fkQv  
1994: NZVDlWIhCYEkxd5ke549tLkJjEgHQbgJW5C+K/uxdiD2dBt+nRCXcu00Px  
1994(continued): 3yKRyY  
1995: g/9BgTf36padSHuv48xBg5YaqaEWpEzLI0Qd3lvAyP23rqiPhfBn6sjhQ2  
1995(continued): KrWhiF  
1996: 2l3TV8kQsIGHHZUkaUbqkXJe6PEdWWhwsqCFPDdkpjjzQRrTuJH6xleNUFg  
1996(continued): +CG1V+

+++++= File rfc1861.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 766:  
764: 554 Error, failed (technical reason)  
765:  
766: 4.5.6 HOLDuntil <YYMDDHHMMSS> [+/-GMTdifference]  
767:  
768: The HOLDuntil command allows for the delayed delivery of a me  
768(continued): ssage,

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1061:  
1059: the current transaction should be kept in the following forma  
1059(continued): t:  
1060:  
1061: YYMDDHHMMSS+GMT (example: 950925143501+7)  
1062:  
1063:

+++++= File rfc1865.txt ++++++=  
1900 found at line 1564:  
1562:  
1563: START  
1564: GET ITU-1900  
1565: END  
1566:

2000 found at line 1745:  
1743: Logistics Management Institute  
1744: Attn. Library  
1745: 2000 Corporate Ridge  
1746: McLean, Virginia, 22102-7805  
1747:

```

+====+====+ File rfc1866.txt +====+====+
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1078:
1076:      <div class=chapter><h1>foo</h1><p>...</div>
1077:      => <H1>,"foo",</H1>,<P>,"..."
1078:      xxx <P ID=z23> yyy
1079:      => "xxx ",<P>," yyy
1080:      Let &alpha; &amp; &beta; be finite sets.

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1079:
1077:      => <H1>,"foo",</H1>,<P>,"..."
1078:      xxx <P ID=z23> yyy
1079:      => "xxx ",<P>," yyy
1080:      Let &alpha; &amp; &beta; be finite sets.
1081:      => "Let &alpha; & &beta; be finite sets."

```

```

+====+====+ File rfc1876.txt +====+====+
2000 found at line 103:
101:      exponent.
102:
103:      Since 20000000m (represented by the value 0x29) is
103(continued):      greater
104:      than the equatorial diameter of the WGS 84 ellipsoi
104(continued):      d
105:      (12756274m), it is therefore suitable for use as a

```

```

2000 found at line 219:
217:
218:  rwy04L.logan-airport.boston.  LOC   42 21 28.764 N 71 00 51.617
218(continued):      W
219:      -44m 2000m
220:
221:

```

```

+====+====+ File rfc1880.txt +====+====+
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2062:
2060:      The text version is sent.
2060(continued):
2061:
2062:      file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2062(continued):      umber.
2063:      and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
2063(continued):      '.
2064:

```

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2063:
2061:
2062:      file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy      where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2062(continued):      umber.

```

2063: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps'  
2063(continued): '  
2064:  
2065: help to get information on how  
2065(continued): to use

==== File rfc1888.txt ====

1900 found at line 859:  
857: Group Leader, Communications Systems Phone: +41 22 767-  
857(continued): 4967  
858: Computing and Networks Division Fax: +41 22 767-  
858(continued): 7155  
859: CERN Telex: 419000 cer  
859(continued): ch  
860: European Laboratory for Particle Physics Email: brian@dxcoms  
860(continued): .cern.ch  
861: 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland

==== File rfc1889.txt ====

1900 found at line 518:  
516: Wallclock time (absolute time) is represented using the times  
516(continued): tamp  
517: format of the Network Time Protocol (NTP), which is in second  
517(continued): s  
518: relative to 0h UTC on 1 January 1900 [5]. The full resolution  
518(continued): NTP  
519: timestamp is a 64-bit unsigned fixed-point number with the in  
519(continued): teger  
520: part in the first 32 bits and the fractional part in the last  
520(continued): 32

2000 found at line 1526:

1524: v ^  
1525: ntp\_sec =0xb44db705 v ^ dlsr=0x0005.4000 ( 5  
1525(continued): .250s)  
1526: ntp\_frac=0x20000000 v ^ lsr =0xb705:2000 (46853  
1526(continued): .125s)  
1527: (3024992016.125 s) v ^  
1528: r v ^ RR(n)

2000 found at line 1535:

1533: A 0xb710:8000 (46864.500 s)  
1534: DLSR -0x0005:4000 ( 5.250 s)  
1535: LSR -0xb705:2000 (46853.125 s)  
1536: -----  
1537: delay 0x 6:2000 ( 6.125 s)

```

2000 found at line 1537:
1535:      LSR  -0xb705:2000 (46853.125 s)
1536:      -----
1537:      delay 0x   6:2000 (   6.125 s)
1538:
1539:           Figure 2: Example for round-trip time computation

```

```

2000 found at line 3182:
3180:      * Big-endian mask for version, padding bit and packet type p
3180(continued):          air
3181:      */
3182:      #define RTCP_VALID_MASK (0xc000 | 0x2000 | 0xfe)
3183:      #define RTCP_VALID_VALUE ((RTP_VERSION << 14) | RTCP_SR)
3184:

```

```

+++++= File rfc1890.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 293:
291:
292:      The sampling frequency should be drawn from the set: 8000, 11
292(continued):          025,
293:      16000, 22050, 24000, 32000, 44100 and 48000 Hz. (The Apple Ma
293(continued):          cintosh
294:      computers have native sample rates of 22254.54 and 11127.27,
294(continued):          which
295:      can be converted to 22050 and 11025 with acceptable quality b
295(continued):          y

```

```

2000 found at line 568:
566:
567:      Sampling rate and channel count are contained in the payload.
567(continued):          MPEG-I
568:      audio supports sampling rates of 32000, 44100, and 48000 Hz (
568(continued):          ISO/IEC
569:      11172-3, section 1.1; "Scope"). MPEG-II additionally supports
569(continued):          ISO/IEC
570:      11172-3 Audio...").

```

```

+++++= File rfc1898.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1271:
1269:      3rWM5Ir3ier3/7WM5Ir36+v35v73ifeljOWK94n3/7T3/ffm5uD+7N339/f3
1269(continued):          9/eq3ff3
1270:      9/eFiJK5tLizsoeSmpW7uLS8/7iio7Wisfv38biio7uyufv3tfv35uH+7N3d
1270(continued):          9/exuKX3
1271:      5+z3vuu4oqO7srnsvvz8/venoqO0v7al/7iio7WisYy+iv7s3ff3p6KjtL+2
1271(continued):          pf/wi7nw
1272:      3ard3Q==
1273:      $$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-$

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1273:  
 1271: 5+z3vuu4oq07srnsvvz8/venoq00v7al/7iio7WisYy+iv7s3ff3p6KjtL+2  
 1271(continued): pf/wi7nw  
 1272: 3ard3Q==  
 1273: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==--\$\$  
 1274:  
 1275: #####  
 1275(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1328:  
 1326: merchant-date: 19950121100505.nnn  
 1327: merchant-response-code: failure/success/etc.  
 1328: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==  
 1329: pr-signed-hash:  
 1330: a/0meaMHRinNVd8nq/fKsYg5AfTZZUCX0S3gkjAhZTmcrkp6RZvppmDd/P7l  
 1330(continued): boFLFDBh

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1340:  
 1338: rHzP5YqaMnk5iRBHvwKb5MaxKXGOef5ms8M5W8lI2d0XPech4xNBn8BMAJ6  
 1338(continued): iSkZmszo  
 1339: QfDeWgga48g2tqlA6ifZGp7daDR81lumtGMCvg==  
 1340: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==--\$\$  
 1341:  
 1342: #####  
 1342(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1474:  
 1472: mjd6ickhd+SQZhbRCNerlTiQGhuL4wUAxzGh8aHk2oXjoMpVzWw2EImPu5Qa  
 1472(continued): PEC36xgr  
 1473: mNz8vCovDiuy3tZ42IGArxBweasLPLCbm0Y=  
 1474: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==--\$\$  
 1475:  
 1476: #####  
 1476(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1482:  
 1480: order-id: 12313424234242  
 1481: merchant-amount: usd 10.00  
 1482: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==  
 1483: pr-signed-hash:  
 1484: a/0meaMHRinNVd8nq/fKsYg5AfTZZUCX0S3gkjAhZTmcrkp6RZvppmDd/P7l  
 1484(continued): boFLFDBh

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1490:  
 1488: date: 19950121100505.nnn  
 1489: merchant-signature:  
 1490: v4qZMe2d7mUXztVdC3ZPMmMgYHlBA7bhR96LSehKP15ylqR/1KwwbBAX8CEq  
 1490(continued): ns55UIYY

1491: GGMwPMGoF+GDPM7GlC6fReQ5wyvV1PnETSV09/LAyRz0zzRYuyVueOjWDlr5  
1491(continued):  
1492:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1593:  
1591: mjd6ickhd+SQZhbRCNerlTiQGhuL4wUAxzGh8aHk2oXjoMpVzWw2EImPu5Qa  
1591(continued): PEC36xgr  
1592: mNz8vCovDiuy3tZ42IGArxBweasLPLCbm0Y=  
1593: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$  
1594:  
1595: #####  
1595(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1602:  
1600: order-id: 1231-3424-234242  
1601: merchant-amount: usd 10.00  
1602: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==  
1603: pr-signed-hash:  
1604: a/0meaMHRinNVd8nq/fKsYg5AftZZUCX0S3gkjAhZTmcrkp6RZvppmDd/P7l  
1604(continued): boFLFDBh

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1692:  
1690: mjd6ickhd+SQZhbRCNerlTiQGhuL4wUAxzGh8aHk2oXjoMpVzWw2EImPu5Qa  
1690(continued): PEC36xgr  
1691: mNz8vCovDiuy3tZ42IGArxBweasLPLCbm0Y=  
1692: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$  
1693:  
1694: #####  
1694(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1804:  
1802: mjd6ickhd+SQZhbRCNerlTiQGhuL4wUAxzGh8aHk2oXjoMpVzWw2EImPu5Qa  
1802(continued): PEC36xgr  
1803: mNz8vCovDiuy3tZ42IGArxBweasLPLCbm0Y=  
1804: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$  
1805:  
1806: #####  
1806(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1821:  
1819: response-code: failure/success/etc.  
1820: order-id: 1231-3424-234242  
1821: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==  
1822: pr-signed-hash:  
1823: 8zqw0ipqtLtte0tBz5/5VPNJPPonfTwkfZPbtuk5lqMykKDvThh00ycrft7e  
1823(continued): Xrn/hLUC

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1827:

1825: retrieval-reference-number: 432112344321
1826: authorization-code: a12323
1827: card-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==
1828: {
1829: card-prefix: nxxxxx [Returned if merchant is not full-PAN]

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1948:

1946: mjd6ickhd+SQZhbRCNerlTiQGhuL4wUAxzGh8aHk2oXjoMpVzWw2EImPu5Qa
1946(continued): PEc36xgr
1947: mNz8vCovDiuy3tZ42IGArxBweasLPLCbM0Y=
1948: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$
1949:
1950: #####
1950(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1958:

1956: order-id: 12313424234242
1957: merchant-amount: usd 10.00
1958: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==
1959:
1960:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2050:

2048: CEUEvQhcmruopwEeehv+bejc3fDDZ23JKrbhlZ17lSvFR14PKFsi32pXFqTO
2048(continued): 0ej9GTc5
2049: L6c8nM3tI1qdHNCe0N5f7ASdKS0tYSxAYJLIR6MqPrXjNJEaRx7Vu1odMlkg
2049(continued): rzGOV1fo
2050: 5w33BQHK3U2h+1e5zyBeHY3ZYG4nmylYYXIye4xpuPN4QU0dGrWZoImYE44Q
2050(continued): Owjd5ozl
2051: xulPBjj6cpEI/9wTwr3tpkBb4ZfYirxxnoj9JUkPK9Srv9iJ
2052: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2052:

2050: 5w33BQHK3U2h+1e5zyBeHY3ZYG4nmylYYXIye4xpuPN4QU0dGrWZoImYE44Q
2050(continued): Owjd5ozl
2051: xulPBjj6cpEI/9wTwr3tpkBb4ZfYirxxnoj9JUkPK9Srv9iJ
2052: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$
2053:
2054: #####
2054(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2064:

2062: response-code: failure/success/etc.
2063: order-id: 1231-3424-234242
2064: pr-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==
2065: pr-signed-hash:
2066: IV8gWHx1f8eCkWsCsMOE3M8mnTbQ7IBBcEmyGDAwjdbaLu5Qm/bh06OX1npe
2066(continued): 2d3Hijxy

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2068:

2066: IV8gWHx1f8eCkWsCsMOE3M8mnTbQ7IBBcEmyGDAwjdbaLu5Qm/bh06OX1npe
2066(continued): 2d3Hijxy
2067: +X8vKcVE6l6To27u7A7UmGm+po9lCUSLxgtyqyn3jWhHZpc5NZpwoTCf2pAK
2067(continued):
2068: card-hash: 7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==
2069: card-number: 4811123456781234
2070: card-type: visa

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2151:

2149: transaction: 123123213
2150: date: 19950121100505.nnn
2151: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$
2152:
2153: #####
2153(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2193:

2191: by their CyberCash application...
2192: supported-versions: 08.win, 0.81win, 0.8mac
2193: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$
2194:
2195: #####
2195(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2359:

2357:
2358:
2359: 35Xic9Yn8flE4Va14UxmF2RCR1B/XoV6AEd64KwPeCYyOYvwbRcYpRMBXFLy
2359(continued): YgWM+ME1
2360: +yp7c66SrCBhW4Q8AJYQ+5j5uyO7uKyyq7OhrV0IMpRDPjiQXZMooLZOifJP
2360(continued): mpvJ66hC
2361: VZuWMuA6LR+TJzWUm4sUP9Zb6zMQShedUyOPrtwlvkJXU1vZ5aI8OJAguCLE
2361(continued): itcD+dsY

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2360:

2358:
2359: 35Xic9Yn8flE4Va14UxmF2RCR1B/XoV6AEd64KwPeCYyOYvwbRcYpRMBXFLy
2359(continued): YgWM+ME1
2360: +yp7c66SrCBhW4Q8AJYQ+5j5uyO7uKyyq7OhrV0IMpRDPjiQXZMooLZOifJP
2360(continued): mpvJ66hC
2361: VZuWMuA6LR+TJzWUm4sUP9Zb6zMQShedUyOPrtwlvkJXU1vZ5aI8OJAguCLE
2361(continued): itcD+dsY
2362: Df4CzA00fC10POkJ58HZB/pSBfUrHAA+IqMHyZkV/HBi9TjTwmktJi+8T9or
2362(continued): XS0jSvor

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2502:

2500: lw51IHbmo1Jj7H6wyNnRpEjy4tM73jcosBfGeQDHxgyH1uaiFNr2D+WvmuYo

2500(continued): 7eun2dsy
2501: Wve2O/FwicWHvkg5aDPsgOjzetsnlJCNZzbW
2502: \$\$-CyberCash-End-7Tm/djB05pLIw3JAyy5E7A==-\$
2503:
2504: #####
2504(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2591:

2589: x-opaque: [if can't decrypt]
2590: 9/eFiJK5tLizsoeSmpW7uLS8/7iio7Wisfv38biio7uyufv3tfv35uH+7N3d
2590(continued): 9/exuKX3
2591: 5+z3vuu4oq07srnsvvz8/venoq00v7al/7iio7WisYy+iv7s3ff3p6KjtL+2
2591(continued): pf/wi7nw
2592:
2593: #####
2593(continued): #####

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2653:

2651: x-opaque: [if can't decrypt]
2652: 9/eFiJK5tLizsoeSmpW7uLS8/7iio7Wisfv38biio7uyufv3tfv35uH+7N3d
2652(continued): 9/exuKX3
2653: 5+z3vuu4oq07srnsvvz8/venoq00v7al/7iio7WisYy+iv7s3ff3p6KjtL+2
2653(continued): pf/wi7nw
2654:
2655: #####
2655(continued): #####

+=+=+=+= File rfc1900.txt +=+=+=+=

1900 found at line 8:

6:
7: Network Working Group B. C
7(continued): arpenier
8: Request for Comments: 1900 Y.
8(continued): Rekhier
9: Category: Informational
9(continued): IAB
10: Febru
10(continued): ary 1996

1900 found at line 60:

58: Carpenter & Rekhier Informational
58(continued): [Page 1]
59:
60: RFC 1900 Renumbering Needs Work Febru
60(continued): ary 1996
61:
62:

1900 found at line 116:

114: Carpenter & Rekhter Informational  
 114(continued): [Page 2]  
 115:  
 116: RFC 1900 Renumbering Needs Work Febru  
 116(continued): ary 1996  
 117:  
 118:

1900 found at line 172:

170: Carpenter & Rekhter Informational  
 170(continued): [Page 3]  
 171:  
 172: RFC 1900 Renumbering Needs Work Febru  
 172(continued): ary 1996  
 173:  
 174:

1900 found at line 207:

205: Phone: +41 22 767-4967  
 206: Fax: +41 22 767-7155  
 207: Telex: 419000 cer ch  
 208: EMail: brian@dxcoms.cern.ch  
 209:

+++++ File rfc1902.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2027:  
 2025: Several clauses defined in this document use the UTC Time for  
 2025(continued): mat:  
 2026:  
 2027: YYMMDDHHMMZ  
 2028:  
 2029: where: YY - last two digits of year

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2029:

2027: YYMMDDHHMMZ  
 2028:  
 2029: where: YY - last two digits of year  
 2030: MM - month (01 through 12)  
 2031: DD - day of month (01 through 31)

UTCTime found at line 136:

134: BEGIN  
 135: TYPE NOTATION ::=  
 136: "LAST-UPDATED" value(Update UTCTime)  
 137: "ORGANIZATION" Text  
 138: "CONTACT-INFO" Text

UTCTime found at line 152:

```

150:          | Revisions Revision
151:    Revision ::=
152:          "REVISION" value(Update UTCTime)
153:          "DESCRIPTION" Text
154:

```

+++++ File rfc1910.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1702:

```

1700:
1701:  usecMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
1702:    LAST-UPDATED "9601120000Z"
1703:    ORGANIZATION "IETF SNMPv2 Working Group"
1704:    CONTACT-INFO

```

+++++ File rfc1917.txt +++++

century found at line 259:

```

257:    should be noted that careful extrapolations of the current tr
257(continued):    ends
258:    suggest that the address space will be exhausted early in the
258(continued):    next
259:    century.
260:
261:  3. Problem

```

+++++ File rfc1920.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2174:

```

2172:          The text version is sent.
2172(continued):
2173:
2174:    file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy    where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2174(continued):    umber.
2175:          and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
2175(continued):    '.
2176:

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2175:

```

2173:
2174:    file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy    where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
2174(continued):    umber.
2175:          and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
2175(continued):    '.
2176:
2177:    help          to get information on how
2177(continued):    to use

```

1900 found at line 851:  
 849:                   An Experimental protocol.  
 850:  
 851:           1900 - Renumbering Needs Work  
 852:  
 853:                   This is an information document and does not specif  
 853(continued):                   y any

==== File rfc1941.txt ====  
 2000 found at line 2826:  
 2824:       700 13th Street, NW  
 2825:       Suite 950  
 2826:       Washington, DC 20005  
 2827:       Phone: 202-434-8954  
 2828:       EMail: sellers@quest.arc.nasa.gov

==== File rfc1945.txt ====  
 2-digit found at line 500:  
 498:       Specific repetition: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to  
 499:       "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is, exactly <n> occurrences of  
 500:       (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is  
 500(continued):                   a  
 501:       string of three alphabetic characters.  
 502:

2digit found at line 500:  
 498:       Specific repetition: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to  
 499:       "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is, exactly <n> occurrences of  
 500:       (element). Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is  
 500(continued):                   a  
 501:       string of three alphabetic characters.  
 502:

2digit found at line 872:  
 870:       asctime-date       = wkday SP date3 SP time SP 4DIGIT  
 871:  
 872:       date1               = 2DIGIT SP month SP 4DIGIT  
 873:                               ; day month year (e.g., 02 Jun 1982)  
 874:       date2               = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT

2digit found at line 874:  
 872:       date1               = 2DIGIT SP month SP 4DIGIT  
 873:                               ; day month year (e.g., 02 Jun 1982)  
 874:       date2               = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT  
 875:                               ; day-month-year (e.g., 02-Jun-82)  
 876:       date3               = month SP ( 2DIGIT | ( SP 1DIGIT ) )

2digit found at line 876:

874: date2 = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT  
875: ; day-month-year (e.g., 02-Jun-82)  
876: date3 = month SP ( 2DIGIT | ( SP 1DIGIT ) )  
877: ; month day (e.g., Jun 2)  
878:

2digit found at line 879:

877: ; month day (e.g., Jun 2)  
878:  
879: time = 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT  
880: ; 00:00:00 - 23:59:59  
881:

==== File rfc1967.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 276:

274: +-----+-----.....-----+  
275:  
276: where: C0 and 80 are representative LZS-DCP headers; nn,  
276(continued): xx, yy,  
277: and zz are values determined by the packet's conte  
277(continued): xt.  
278:

==== File rfc1980.txt =====

century found at line 301:

299: ALT="Our products">  
300: <AREA SHAPE=RECT COORDS="0,51,100,100 HREF="technology.htm  
300(continued): 1"  
301: ALT="Technology for the next century">  
302: </MAP>  
303:

==== File rfc1997.txt =====

2000 found at line 130:

128: 690 may define research, educational and commercial community  
128(continued): values  
129: that may be used for policy routing as defined by the operato  
129(continued): rs of  
130: that AS using community attribute values 0x02B20000 through  
131: 0x02B2FFFF).  
132:

+++++ File rfc1999.txt +++++

1900 found at line 14:

12: Request for Comments Summary

13:

14: RFC Numbers 1900-1999

15:

16: Status of This Memo

1900 found at line 18:

16: Status of This Memo

17:

18: This RFC is a slightly annotated list of the 100 RFCs from RF

18(continued): C 1900

19: through RFCs 1999. This is a status report on these RFCs. T

19(continued): his memo

20: provides information for the Internet community. It does not

20(continued): specify

1900 found at line 60:

58: Elliott Informational

58(continued): [Page 1]

59:

60: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu

60(continued): ary 1997

61:

62:

1900 found at line 116:

114: Elliott Informational

114(continued): [Page 2]

115:

116: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu

116(continued): ary 1997

117:

118:

1900 found at line 172:

170: Elliott Informational

170(continued): [Page 3]

171:

172: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu

172(continued): ary 1997

173:

174:

1900 found at line 228:

226: Elliott Informational

226(continued): [Page 4]

227:  
228: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
228(continued): ary 1997  
229:  
230:

1900 found at line 284:  
282: Elliott Informational  
282(continued): [Page 5]  
283:  
284: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
284(continued): ary 1997  
285:  
286:

1900 found at line 340:  
338: Elliott Informational  
338(continued): [Page 6]  
339:  
340: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
340(continued): ary 1997  
341:  
342:

1900 found at line 396:  
394: Elliott Informational  
394(continued): [Page 7]  
395:  
396: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
396(continued): ary 1997  
397:  
398:

1900 found at line 452:  
450: Elliott Informational  
450(continued): [Page 8]  
451:  
452: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
452(continued): ary 1997  
453:  
454:

1900 found at line 508:  
506: Elliott Informational  
506(continued): [Page 9]  
507:

508: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
508(continued): ary 1997  
509:  
510:

1900 found at line 564:  
562: Elliott Informational [  
562(continued): Page 10]  
563:  
564: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
564(continued): ary 1997  
565:  
566:

1900 found at line 620:  
618: Elliott Informational [  
618(continued): Page 11]  
619:  
620: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
620(continued): ary 1997  
621:  
622:

1900 found at line 676:  
674: Elliott Informational [  
674(continued): Page 12]  
675:  
676: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
676(continued): ary 1997  
677:  
678:

1900 found at line 732:  
730: Elliott Informational [  
730(continued): Page 13]  
731:  
732: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
732(continued): ary 1997  
733:  
734:

1900 found at line 788:  
786: Elliott Informational [  
786(continued): Page 14]  
787:

788: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
788(continued): ary 1997  
789:  
790:

1900 found at line 844:  
842: Elliott Informational [  
842(continued): Page 15]  
843:  
844: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
844(continued): ary 1997  
845:  
846:

1900 found at line 900:  
898: Elliott Informational [  
898(continued): Page 16]  
899:  
900: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
900(continued): ary 1997  
901:  
902:

1900 found at line 956:  
954: Elliott Informational [  
954(continued): Page 17]  
955:  
956: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
956(continued): ary 1997  
957:  
958:

1900 found at line 1012:  
1010: Elliott Informational [  
1010(continued): Page 18]  
1011:  
1012: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu  
1012(continued): ary 1997  
1013:  
1014:

1900 found at line 1068:  
1066: Elliott Informational [  
1066(continued): Page 19]  
1067:

1068: RFC 1999 Summary of 1900-1999 Janu
1068(continued): ary 1997
1069:
1070:

1900 found at line 1095:
1093:
1094:
1095: 1900 Carpenter Feb 96 Renumbering Needs Work
1096:
1097: Hosts in an IP network are identified by IP addresses, and the I
1097(continued): P

==== File rfc2000.txt ====
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3070:
3068: The text version is sent.
3068(continued):
3069:
3070: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
3070(continued): umber.
3071: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
3071(continued): '.
3072:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3071:
3069:
3070: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n
3070(continued): umber.
3071: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps
3071(continued): '.
3072:
3073: help to get information on how
3073(continued): to use

1900 found at line 1264:
1262: This memo.
1263:
1264: 1999 - Request for Comments Summary RFC Numbers 1900-1999
1265:
1266: This is an information document and does not specif
1266(continued): y any

2000 found at line 8:
6:
7: Network Working Group Internet Architectu
7(continued): re Board
8: Request for Comments: 2000 J. Postel
8(continued): , Editor

9: Obsoletes: 1920, 1880, 1800, 1780, 1720, Febru  
9(continued): ary 1997  
10: 1610, 1600, 1540, 1500, 1410, 1360,

2000 found at line 60:

58: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
58(continued): [Page 1]  
59:  
60: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
60(continued): ary 1997  
61:  
62:

2000 found at line 116:

114: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
114(continued): [Page 2]  
115:  
116: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
116(continued): ary 1997  
117:  
118:

2000 found at line 172:

170: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
170(continued): [Page 3]  
171:  
172: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
172(continued): ary 1997  
173:  
174:

2000 found at line 228:

226: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
226(continued): [Page 4]  
227:  
228: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
228(continued): ary 1997  
229:  
230:

2000 found at line 284:

282: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
282(continued): [Page 5]  
283:  
284: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
284(continued): ary 1997  
285:  
286:

2000 found at line 340:

338: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
338(continued): [Page 6]  
339:  
340: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
340(continued): ary 1997  
341:  
342:

2000 found at line 396:

394: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
394(continued): [Page 7]  
395:  
396: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
396(continued): ary 1997  
397:  
398:

2000 found at line 452:

450: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
450(continued): [Page 8]  
451:  
452: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
452(continued): ary 1997  
453:  
454:

2000 found at line 508:

506: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track  
506(continued): [Page 9]  
507:  
508: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
508(continued): ary 1997  
509:  
510:

2000 found at line 564:

562: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
562(continued): Page 10]  
563:  
564: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
564(continued): ary 1997  
565:  
566:

2000 found at line 620:

618: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
618(continued): Page 11]

619:  
620: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
620(continued): ary 1997  
621:  
622:

2000 found at line 676:  
674: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
674(continued): Page 12]  
675:  
676: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
676(continued): ary 1997  
677:  
678:

2000 found at line 732:  
730: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
730(continued): Page 13]  
731:  
732: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
732(continued): ary 1997  
733:  
734:

2000 found at line 788:  
786: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
786(continued): Page 14]  
787:  
788: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
788(continued): ary 1997  
789:  
790:

2000 found at line 844:  
842: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
842(continued): Page 15]  
843:  
844: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
844(continued): ary 1997  
845:  
846:

2000 found at line 900:  
898: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
898(continued): Page 16]  
899:

900: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
900(continued): ary 1997  
901:  
902:

2000 found at line 956:  
954: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
954(continued): Page 17]  
955:  
956: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
956(continued): ary 1997  
957:  
958:

2000 found at line 1012:  
1010: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1010(continued): Page 18]  
1011:  
1012: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1012(continued): ary 1997  
1013:  
1014:

2000 found at line 1068:  
1066: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1066(continued): Page 19]  
1067:  
1068: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1068(continued): ary 1997  
1069:  
1070:

2000 found at line 1124:  
1122: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1122(continued): Page 20]  
1123:  
1124: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1124(continued): ary 1997  
1125:  
1126:

2000 found at line 1180:  
1178: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1178(continued): Page 21]  
1179:

1180: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1180(continued): ary 1997  
1181:  
1182:

2000 found at line 1236:

1234: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1234(continued): Page 22]  
1235:  
1236: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1236(continued): ary 1997  
1237:  
1238:

2000 found at line 1260:

1258: A Proposed Standard protocol.  
1259:  
1260: 2000 - Internet Official Protocol Standards  
1261:  
1262: This memo.

2000 found at line 1292:

1290: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1290(continued): Page 23]  
1291:  
1292: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1292(continued): ary 1997  
1293:  
1294:

2000 found at line 1348:

1346: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1346(continued): Page 24]  
1347:  
1348: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1348(continued): ary 1997  
1349:  
1350:

2000 found at line 1404:

1402: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
1402(continued): Page 25]  
1403:  
1404: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1404(continued): ary 1997  
1405:  
1406:

2000 found at line 1460:

1458: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1458(continued): Page 26]  
1459:  
1460: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1460(continued): ary 1997  
1461:  
1462:

2000 found at line 1516:

1514: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1514(continued): Page 27]  
1515:  
1516: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1516(continued): ary 1997  
1517:  
1518:

2000 found at line 1572:

1570: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1570(continued): Page 28]  
1571:  
1572: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1572(continued): ary 1997  
1573:  
1574:

2000 found at line 1628:

1626: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1626(continued): Page 29]  
1627:  
1628: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1628(continued): ary 1997  
1629:  
1630:

2000 found at line 1684:

1682: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1682(continued): Page 30]  
1683:  
1684: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1684(continued): ary 1997  
1685:  
1686:

2000 found at line 1740:

1738: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
1738(continued): Page 31]

1739:  
 1740: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febr  
 1740(continued): ary 1997  
 1741:  
 1742:

2000 found at line 1796:  
 1794: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
 1794(continued): Page 32]  
 1795:  
 1796: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febr  
 1796(continued): ary 1997  
 1797:  
 1798:

2000 found at line 1852:  
 1850: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
 1850(continued): Page 33]  
 1851:  
 1852: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febr  
 1852(continued): ary 1997  
 1853:  
 1854:

2000 found at line 1859:

1857: Protocol	Name	Status	R
1857(continued):	FC STD *		
1858: =====	=====	=====	==
1858(continued):	== == =		
1859: -----	Internet Official Protocol Standards	Req	20
1859(continued):	00 1		
1860: -----	Assigned Numbers	Req	17
1860(continued):	00 2		
1861: -----	Host Requirements - Communications	Req	11
1861(continued):	22 3		

2000 found at line 1908:  
 1906: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
 1906(continued): Page 34]  
 1907:  
 1908: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febr  
 1908(continued): ary 1997  
 1909:  
 1910:

2000 found at line 1964:  
 1962: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
 1962(continued): Page 35]

1963:  
1964: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
1964(continued): ary 1997  
1965:  
1966:

2000 found at line 2020:  
2018: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2018(continued): Page 36]  
2019:  
2020: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2020(continued): ary 1997  
2021:  
2022:

2000 found at line 2076:  
2074: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2074(continued): Page 37]  
2075:  
2076: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2076(continued): ary 1997  
2077:  
2078:

2000 found at line 2132:  
2130: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2130(continued): Page 38]  
2131:  
2132: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2132(continued): ary 1997  
2133:  
2134:

2000 found at line 2188:  
2186: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2186(continued): Page 39]  
2187:  
2188: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2188(continued): ary 1997  
2189:  
2190:

2000 found at line 2244:  
2242: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2242(continued): Page 40]  
2243:  
2244: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2244(continued): ary 1997

2245:  
2246:

2000 found at line 2300:

2298: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2298(continued): Page 41]  
2299:  
2300: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2300(continued): ary 1997  
2301:  
2302:

2000 found at line 2356:

2354: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2354(continued): Page 42]  
2355:  
2356: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2356(continued): ary 1997  
2357:  
2358:

2000 found at line 2412:

2410: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2410(continued): Page 43]  
2411:  
2412: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2412(continued): ary 1997  
2413:  
2414:

2000 found at line 2468:

2466: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2466(continued): Page 44]  
2467:  
2468: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2468(continued): ary 1997  
2469:  
2470:

2000 found at line 2524:

2522: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2522(continued): Page 45]  
2523:  
2524: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2524(continued): ary 1997  
2525:  
2526:

2000 found at line 2580:

2578: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2578(continued): Page 46]  
2579:  
2580: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2580(continued): ary 1997  
2581:  
2582:

2000 found at line 2636:

2634: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2634(continued): Page 47]  
2635:  
2636: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2636(continued): ary 1997  
2637:  
2638:

2000 found at line 2692:

2690: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2690(continued): Page 48]  
2691:  
2692: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2692(continued): ary 1997  
2693:  
2694:

2000 found at line 2748:

2746: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2746(continued): Page 49]  
2747:  
2748: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2748(continued): ary 1997  
2749:  
2750:

2000 found at line 2804:

2802: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2802(continued): Page 50]  
2803:  
2804: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2804(continued): ary 1997  
2805:  
2806:

2000 found at line 2860:

2858: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [ ]  
2858(continued): Page 51]

2859:  
2860: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2860(continued): ary 1997  
2861:  
2862:

2000 found at line 2916:  
2914: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2914(continued): Page 52]  
2915:  
2916: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2916(continued): ary 1997  
2917:  
2918:

2000 found at line 2972:  
2970: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
2970(continued): Page 53]  
2971:  
2972: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
2972(continued): ary 1997  
2973:  
2974:

2000 found at line 3028:  
3026: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
3026(continued): Page 54]  
3027:  
3028: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
3028(continued): ary 1997  
3029:  
3030:

2000 found at line 3084:  
3082: Internet Architecture Board Standards Track [  
3082(continued): Page 55]  
3083:  
3084: RFC 2000 Internet Standards Febru  
3084(continued): ary 1997  
3085:  
3086:

+++++= File rfc2007.txt +=+=+=+=

2000 found at line 1156:  
1154:  
1155: Access-Type: gopher

1156: URL: <URL:gopher://gopher.cic.net:2000/11/hunt>  
 1157:  
 1158: Access-Type: www

==== File rfc2015.txt ====  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 153:  
 151:  
 152: hIwDY32hYGCE8MkBA/wOu7d45aUxF4Q0RKJprD3v5Z9K1YcRJ2fve87lMlD  
 152(continued): lx4Oj  
 153: eW4GDdBfLbJE7VUpp13N19GL8e/AqbyyjHH4aS0YoTk10QQ9nnRvjY8nZL3  
 153(continued): MPXSZ  
 154: g9VGQxFeGqzykzmykU6A26MSMexR4ApeeON6xzZWfo+0yOqAq6lb46wsvld  
 154(continued): Z96YA  
 155: AABH78hyX7YX4uT1tNCWEIIBoqqvCeIMpp7UQ2IzBrXg6GtukS8NxbukLea  
 155(continued): mqVW3

==== File rfc2025.txt ====  
 UTCTime found at line 751:  
 749: context-id Random-Integer, -- see Section 6.3  
 749(continued):  
 750: pvno BIT STRING, -- protocol versio  
 750(continued): n number  
 751: timestamp UTCTime OPTIONAL, -- mandatory for S  
 751(continued): PKM-2  
 752: randSrc Random-Integer,  
 753: targ-name Name,

UTCTime found at line 923:  
 921: context-id Random-Integer, -- see Section 6.3  
 922: pvno [0] BIT STRING OPTIONAL, -- prot. versio  
 922(continued): n number  
 923: timestamp UTCTime OPTIONAL, -- mandatory for S  
 923(continued): PKM-2  
 924: randTarg Random-Integer,  
 925: src-name [1] Name OPTIONAL,

UTCTime found at line 2159:  
 2157: context-id Random-Integer,  
 2158: pvno BIT STRING,  
 2159: timestamp UTCTime OPTIONAL, -- mandatory for S  
 2159(continued): PKM-2  
 2160: randSrc Random-Integer,  
 2161: targ-name Name,

UTCTime found at line 2248:  
 2246:  
 2247: pvno [0] BIT STRING OPTIONAL,  
 2248: timestamp UTCTime OPTIONAL, -- mandatory for S

2248(continued): PKM-2  
 2249: randTarg Random-Integer,  
 2250: src-name [1] Name OPTIONAL,

UTCTime found at line 2459:  
 2457:  
 2458: Validity ::= SEQUENCE {  
 2459: notBefore UTCTime,  
 2460: notAfter UTCTime  
 2461: }

UTCTime found at line 2460:  
 2458: Validity ::= SEQUENCE {  
 2459: notBefore UTCTime,  
 2460: notAfter UTCTime  
 2461: }  
 2462:

UTCTime found at line 2493:  
 2491: signature AlgorithmIdentifier,  
 2492: issuer Name,  
 2493: thisUpdate UTCTime,  
 2494: nextUpdate UTCTime OPTIONAL,  
 2495: revokedCertificates SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {

UTCTime found at line 2494:  
 2492: issuer Name,  
 2493: thisUpdate UTCTime,  
 2494: nextUpdate UTCTime OPTIONAL,  
 2495: revokedCertificates SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {  
 2496: userCertificate CertificateSerialNumber,

UTCTime found at line 2497:  
 2495: revokedCertificates SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {  
 2496: userCertificate CertificateSerialNumber,  
 2497: revocationDate UTCTime } OPTION  
 2497(continued): AL  
 2498: }  
 2499:

==== File rfc2028.txt ====  
 2000 found at line 320:  
 318: Digital Equipment Corporation  
 319: 1401 H Street NW  
 320: Washington DC 20005  
 321:  
 322: Phone: +1 202 383 5615

==== File rfc2030.txt =====

1900 found at line 321:

319: main product of the protocol, a special timestamp format has  
 319(continued): been  
 320: established. NTP timestamps are represented as a 64-bit unsig  
 320(continued): ned  
 321: fixed-point number, in seconds relative to 0h on 1 January 19  
 321(continued): 00. The  
 322: integer part is in the first 32 bits and the fraction part in  
 322(continued): the  
 323: last 32 bits. In the fraction part, the non-significant low o  
 323(continued): rder can

1900 found at line 362:

360: 64-bit field will overflow some time in 2036 (second 4,294,96  
 360(continued): 7,296).  
 361: Should NTP or Sntp be in use in 2036, some external means wil  
 361(continued): l be  
 362: necessary to qualify time relative to 1900 and time relative  
 362(continued): to 2036  
 363: (and other multiples of 136 years). There will exist a 200-pi  
 363(continued): cosecond  
 364: interval, henceforth ignored, every 136 years when the 64-bit  
 364(continued): field

1900 found at line 375:

373: following convention: If bit 0 is set, the UTC time is in  
 373(continued): the  
 374: range 1968-2036 and UTC time is reckoned from 0h 0m 0s UTC  
 374(continued): on 1  
 375: January 1900. If bit 0 is not set, the time is in the rang  
 375(continued): e 2036-  
 376: 2104 and UTC time is reckoned from 6h 28m 16s UTC on 7 Feb  
 376(continued): ruary  
 377: 2036. Note that when calculating the correspondence, 2000  
 377(continued): is not a

2000 found at line 377:

375: January 1900. If bit 0 is not set, the time is in the rang  
 375(continued): e 2036-  
 376: 2104 and UTC time is reckoned from 6h 28m 16s UTC on 7 Feb  
 376(continued): ruary  
 377: 2036. Note that when calculating the correspondence, 2000  
 377(continued): is not a  
 378: leap year. Note also that leap seconds are not counted in  
 378(continued): the  
 379: reckoning.

```
+++++= File rfc2048.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 738:  
736:  
737:      To: ietf-types@iana.org  
738:      Subject: Registration of MIME media type XXX/YYYY  
739:  
740:      MIME media type name:
```

```
+++++= File rfc2050.txt ++++++=  
1900 found at line 638:  
636:      [RFC 1814] Gerich, E., "Unique Addresses are Good", June 1995  
636(continued):      .  
637:  
638:      [RFC 1900] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs  
638(continued):      Work",  
639:      February 1996.  
640:
```

```
+++++= File rfc2052.txt ++++++=  
1900 found at line 420:  
418:      Errors", RFC 1912, February 1996.  
419:  
420:      RFC 1900: Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs W  
420(continued):      ork",  
421:      RFC 1900, February 1996.  
422:
```

```
1900 found at line 421:  
419:  
420:      RFC 1900: Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs W  
420(continued):      ork",  
421:      RFC 1900, February 1996.  
422:  
423:      RFC 1920: Postel, J., "INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS",  
423(continued):
```

```
+++++= File rfc2060.txt ++++++=  
2digit found at line 3782:  
3780:  date      ::= date_text / <"> date_text <">  
3781:  
3782:  date_day   ::= 1*2digit  
3783:           ;; Day of month  
3784:
```

```
2digit found at line 3785:  
3783:           ;; Day of month  
3784:
```

```
3785: date_day_fixed ::= (SPACE digit) / 2digit
3786:                ;; Fixed-format version of date_day
3787:
```

2digit found at line 4101:

```
4099: TEXT_CHAR ::= <any CHAR except CR and LF>
4100:
4101: time ::= 2digit ":" 2digit ":" 2digit
4102:        ;; Hours minutes seconds
4103:
```

+++++ File rfc2062.txt +++++

2digit found at line 330:

```
328:                ::= partial
329:
330:   date_year_old ::= 2digit
331:                ;; (year - 1900)
332:
```

1900 found at line 331:

```
329:
330:   date_year_old ::= 2digit
331:                ;; (year - 1900)
332:
333:   date_time_old ::= <"> date_day_fixed "-" date_month "-" dat
333(continued):   e_year
```

+++++ File rfc2063.txt +++++

2000 found at line 716:

```
714:
715:                start time = 1           start time =
715(continued):   1
716:   Usage record N: flow count = 2000     flow count = 200
716(continued):   0 (done)
717:
718:                start time = 1           start time =
718(continued):   5
```

2000 found at line 725:

```
723:
724:   In the continuing flow case, the same flow was reported when
724(continued):   its
725:   count was 2000, and again at 3000: the total count to date i
725(continued):   s 3000.
726:   In the OLD/NEW case, the old flow had a count of 2000. Its r
726(continued):   ecord
727:
```

2000 found at line 726:

724: In the continuing flow case, the same flow was reported when  
724(continued): its  
725: count was 2000, and again at 3000: the total count to date i  
725(continued): s 3000.  
726: In the OLD/NEW case, the old flow had a count of 2000. Its r  
726(continued): econd  
727:  
728:

+++++= File rfc2068.txt ++++++=

2-digit found at line 772:

770: Specific repetition: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to  
771: "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is, exactly <n> occurrences of (el  
771(continued): ement).  
772: Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is a string of  
772(continued): three  
773: alphabetic characters.  
774:

2digit found at line 772:

770: Specific repetition: "<n>(element)" is equivalent to  
771: "<n>\*<n>(element)"; that is, exactly <n> occurrences of (el  
771(continued): ement).  
772: Thus 2DIGIT is a 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is a string of  
772(continued): three  
773: alphabetic characters.  
774:

2digit found at line 1163:

1161: asctime-date = wkday SP date3 SP time SP 4DIGIT  
1162:  
1163: date1 = 2DIGIT SP month SP 4DIGIT  
1164: ; day month year (e.g., 02 Jun 1982)  
1165: date2 = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT

2digit found at line 1165:

1163: date1 = 2DIGIT SP month SP 4DIGIT  
1164: ; day month year (e.g., 02 Jun 1982)  
1165: date2 = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT  
1166: ; day-month-year (e.g., 02-Jun-82)  
1167: date3 = month SP ( 2DIGIT | ( SP 1DIGIT ) )

2digit found at line 1167:

1165:           date2           = 2DIGIT "-" month "-" 2DIGIT  
 1166:                           ; day-month-year (e.g., 02-Jun-82)  
 1167:           date3           = month SP ( 2DIGIT | ( SP 1DIGIT ) )  
 1168:                           ; month day (e.g., Jun 2)  
 1169:

2digit found at line 1170:

1168:                           ; month day (e.g., Jun 2)  
 1169:  
 1170:           time           = 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT ":" 2DIGIT  
 1171:                           ; 00:00:00 - 23:59:59  
 1172:

2digit found at line 7652:

7650:  
 7651:           warning-value = warn-code SP warn-agent SP warn-text  
 7652:           warn-code   = 2DIGIT  
 7653:           warn-agent = ( host [ ":" port ] ) | pseudonym  
 7654:                           ; the name or pseudonym of the server  
 7654(continued):           adding

1900 found at line 1083:

1081:       for TCP connections on that port of that host, and the Reques  
 1081(continued):           t-URI  
 1082:       for the resource is abs\_path. The use of IP addresses in URL'  
 1082(continued):           s SHOULD  
 1083:       be avoided whenever possible (see RFC 1900 [24]). If the abs\_  
 1083(continued):           path is  
 1084:       not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as  
 1084(continued):           a  
 1085:       Request-URI for a resource (section 5.1.2).

1900 found at line 8249:

8247:  
 8248:       [24] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs Work",  
 8248(continued):           RFC  
 8249:       1900, IAB, February 1996.  
 8250:  
 8251:       [25] Deutsch, P., "GZIP file format specification version 4.3  
 8251(continued):           ." RFC

2000 found at line 8453:

8451:       o HTTP/1.1 clients and caches should assume that an RFC-850 d  
 8451(continued):           ate  
 8452:       which appears to be more than 50 years in the future is in  
 8452(continued):           fact

8453: in the past (this helps solve the "year 2000" problem).  
8454:  
8455:

+++++= File rfc2071.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 738:  
736: December 1995.  
737:  
738: [16] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs Work", R  
738(continued): FC 1900,  
739: February 1996.  
740:

+++++= File rfc2072.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 206:  
204: Many discussions of renumbering emphasize interactions among  
205: organizations' numbering plans and those of the global Intern  
205(continued): et  
206: [RFC1900]. There can be equally strong motivations for renum  
206(continued): bering  
207: in organizations that never connect to the global Internet.  
208:

1900 found at line 209:  
207: in organizations that never connect to the global Internet.  
208:  
209: According to RFC1900, "Unless and until viable alternatives a  
209(continued): re  
210: developed, extended deployment of Classless Inter-Domain Rout  
210(continued): ing  
211: (CIDR) is vital to keep the Internet routing system alive and  
211(continued): to

1900 found at line 2606:  
2604: February 1996.  
2605:  
2606: [RFC1900] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs Wo  
2606(continued): rk", RFC  
2607: 1900, February 1996.  
2608:

1900 found at line 2607:  
2605:  
2606: [RFC1900] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs Wo  
2606(continued): rk", RFC  
2607: 1900, February 1996.

2608:  
2609: [RPS] Alaettinoglu, C., Bates, T., Gerich, E., Terpstra, M., a  
2609(continued): nd C.

==== File rfc2074.txt ====  
2000 found at line 2041:  
2039: From [RFC1831]:  
2040:  
2041: Program numbers are given out in groups of hexadecimal 20  
2041(continued): 000000  
2042: (decimal 536870912) according to the following chart:  
2043:

2000 found at line 2045:  
2043:  
2044: 0 - 1fffffff defined by rpc@sun.com  
2045: 20000000 - 3fffffff defined by user  
2046: 40000000 - 5fffffff transient  
2047: 60000000 - 7fffffff reserved

==== File rfc2077.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 315:  
313: Subject: model data file  
314:  
315: I1ZSTUwgVjEuMCBhc2NpaQojIFRoaxMgZmlsZSB3YXMgIGdlbmVyY..  
315(continued): .  
316: byBDdb21tdW5pY2F0aW9ucwojIGh0dHA6Ly93d3cuY2hhY28uY29tC..  
316(continued): .  
317: IyB1c2VkIGluIHJvb20gMTkyICh0ZXN0IHJvb20pCiAgIAojIFRvc..  
317(continued): .

==== File rfc2095.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 131:  
129: C: A001 AUTHENTICATE CRAM-MD5  
130: S: + PDE4OTYuNjk3MTcwOTUyQHBvc3RvZmZpY2UucmVzdG9uLm1jaS5uZX  
130(continued): Q+  
131: C: dGltIGI5MTNhNjAyYzdlZGE3YTQ5NWl0ZTZlNzMzNGQzODkw  
132: S: A001 OK CRAM authentication successful  
133:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 161:  
159: AUTHENTICATE command (or the similar POP3 AUTH command), y  
159(continued): ielding  
160:  
161: dGltIGI5MTNhNjAyYzdlZGE3YTQ5NWl0ZTZlNzMzNGQzODkw  
162:  
163:

+++++ File rfc2096.txt +++++

1900 found at line 134:

132:

133: ipForward MODULE-IDENTITY

134: LAST-UPDATED "9609190000Z" -- Thu Sep 26 16:34:47 PDT 19

134(continued): 96

135: ORGANIZATION "IETF OSPF Working Group"

136: CONTACT-INFO

1900 found at line 147:

145: DESCRIPTION

146: "The MIB module for the display of CIDR multipath IP

146(continued): Routes."

147: REVISION "9609190000Z"

148: DESCRIPTION

149: "Revisions made by the OSPF WG."

+++++ File rfc2099.txt +++++

2000 found at line 14:

12: Request for Comments Summary

13:

14: RFC Numbers 2000-2099

15:

16: Status of This Memo

2000 found at line 18:

16: Status of This Memo

17:

18: This RFC is a slightly annotated list of the 100 RFCs from RF

18(continued): C 2000

19: through RFCs 2099. This is a status report on these RFCs. T

19(continued): his memo

20: provides information for the Internet community. It does not

20(continued): specify

2000 found at line 60:

58: Elliott Informational

58(continued): [Page 1]

59:

60: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma

60(continued): rch 1997

61:

62:

2000 found at line 116:

114: Elliott Informational

114(continued): [Page 2]

115:

116: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
116(continued): rch 1997  
117:  
118:

2000 found at line 172:  
170: Elliott Informational  
170(continued): [Page 3]  
171:  
172: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
172(continued): rch 1997  
173:  
174:

2000 found at line 228:  
226: Elliott Informational  
226(continued): [Page 4]  
227:  
228: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
228(continued): rch 1997  
229:  
230:

2000 found at line 284:  
282: Elliott Informational  
282(continued): [Page 5]  
283:  
284: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
284(continued): rch 1997  
285:  
286:

2000 found at line 340:  
338: Elliott Informational  
338(continued): [Page 6]  
339:  
340: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
340(continued): rch 1997  
341:  
342:

2000 found at line 396:  
394: Elliott Informational  
394(continued): [Page 7]  
395:  
396: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma

396(continued): rch 1997  
397:  
398:

2000 found at line 452:  
450: Elliott Informational  
450(continued): [Page 8]  
451:  
452: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
452(continued): rch 1997  
453:  
454:

2000 found at line 508:  
506: Elliott Informational  
506(continued): [Page 9]  
507:  
508: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
508(continued): rch 1997  
509:  
510:

2000 found at line 564:  
562: Elliott Informational [  
562(continued): Page 10]  
563:  
564: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
564(continued): rch 1997  
565:  
566:

2000 found at line 620:  
618: Elliott Informational [  
618(continued): Page 11]  
619:  
620: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
620(continued): rch 1997  
621:  
622:

2000 found at line 676:  
674: Elliott Informational [  
674(continued): Page 12]  
675:  
676: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
676(continued): rch 1997  
677:  
678:

2000 found at line 732:

730: Elliott Informational [  
730(continued): Page 13]  
731:  
732: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
732(continued): rch 1997  
733:  
734:

2000 found at line 788:

786: Elliott Informational [  
786(continued): Page 14]  
787:  
788: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
788(continued): rch 1997  
789:  
790:

2000 found at line 844:

842: Elliott Informational [  
842(continued): Page 15]  
843:  
844: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
844(continued): rch 1997  
845:  
846:

2000 found at line 900:

898: Elliott Informational [  
898(continued): Page 16]  
899:  
900: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
900(continued): rch 1997  
901:  
902:

2000 found at line 956:

954: Elliott Informational [  
954(continued): Page 17]  
955:  
956: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
956(continued): rch 1997  
957:  
958:

2000 found at line 1012:

1010: Elliott Informational [  
1010(continued): Page 18]

1011:  
1012: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
1012(continued): rch 1997  
1013:  
1014:

2000 found at line 1068:  
1066: Elliott Informational [  
1066(continued): Page 19]  
1067:  
1068: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
1068(continued): rch 1997  
1069:  
1070:

2000 found at line 1124:  
1122: Elliott Informational [  
1122(continued): Page 20]  
1123:  
1124: RFC 2099 Summary of 2000-2099 Ma  
1124(continued): rch 1997  
1125:  
1126:

2000 found at line 1144:  
1142:  
1143:  
1144: 2000 I.A.B. Feb 97 INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDAR  
1144(continued): DS  
1145:  
1146: This memo describes the state of standardization of protocols us  
1146(continued): ed in

+++++= File rfc2101.txt +=+=+=+=

1900 found at line 353:  
351:  
352: Changing providers is just one possible reason for renumbe  
352(continued): ring.  
353: The informational document [RFC 1900] shows why renumberin  
353(continued): g is an  
354: increasingly frequent event. Both DHCP [RFC 1541] and PPP  
354(continued): [RFC  
355: 1661] promote the use of dynamic address allocation.

1900 found at line 534:  
532: solutions for renumbering sites. The need to contain the ov  
532(continued): erhead  
533: in a rapidly growing Internet routing system is likely to mak

533(continued): e  
534: renumbering more and more common [RFC 1900].  
535:  
536: The need to scale the Internet routing system, and the use of  
536(continued): CIDR as

1900 found at line 632:

630: Protocol", RFC 1825, September 1995.  
631:  
632: [RFC 1900] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs  
632(continued): Work",  
633: RFC 1900, February 1996.  
634:

1900 found at line 633:

631:  
632: [RFC 1900] Carpenter, B., and Y. Rekhter, "Renumbering Needs  
632(continued): Work",  
633: RFC 1900, February 1996.  
634:  
635: [RFC 1918] Rekhter, Y., Moskowitz, B., Karrenberg, D., de Gr  
635(continued): oot, G.

+++++ File rfc2109.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1054:  
1052: date value in a fixed-length variant format in place of Max-A  
1052(continued): ge:  
1053:  
1054: Wdy, DD-Mon-YY HH:MM:SS GMT  
1055:  
1056: Note that the Expires date format contains embedded spaces, a  
1056(continued): nd that

+++++ File rfc2116.txt +++++

2000 found at line 4132:  
4130: \* MAIL.X-OD V2.3  
4131:  
4132: \* MAIL.2000 V1.2, AKOM  
4133:  
4134: \* MS-Mail

2000 found at line 5393:

5391: 1-800-257-OPEN (U.S. and Canada)  
5392: 1-612-482-6736 (worldwide)  
5393: FAX: 1-612-482-2000 (worldwide)  
5394: EMAIL: info@cdc.com  
5395: or

+++++ File rfc2134.txt +++++

2000 found at line 30:

28:

29: To: Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs

30: Washington, D.C. 20001

31:

32: We, the undersigned natural persons of the age of eighteen

32(continued): n years

2000 found at line 140:

138: 8. The address, including street and number, of the initial

139: registered office of the corporation is c/o C T Corporatio

139(continued): n

140: System, 1030 15th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005, an

140(continued): d the

141: name of its initial registered agent at such address is C

141(continued): T

142: Corporation System.

+++++ File rfc2150.txt +++++

century found at line 2197:

2195: scholarly music resources. <http://rism.harvard.edu/RISM/>

2196:

2197: Crescendo is used in the web pages at <http://mcentury.citi.do>

2197(continued): c.ca

2198: along with a growing number of others. One very interesting

2198(continued): use of

2199: Crescendo occurs on the Music Theory Online publication, a se

2199(continued): rious

century found at line 3150:

3148: Joseph Aiuto

3149: Sepideh Boroumand

3150: Michael Century

3151: Kelly Cooper

3152: Lile Elam

+++++ File rfc2151.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1805:

1803: \* About Hill Associates

1804: \* HAI Products and Services Catalog

1805: \* Datacomm/2000-ED Series

1806: \* Contacting Hill Associates

1807: \* Employment Opportunities

2000 found at line 2808:

2806:

2807: [23] \_\_\_\_\_, Editor, "Internet Official Protocol Standards,"

2808: STD 1/RFC 2000, Internet Architecture Board, February 1997.  
2808(continued):  
2809:  
2810: [24] \_\_\_\_\_, "Introduction to the STD Notes," RFC 1311, USC/Infor  
2810(continued): mation

+++++ File rfc2156.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3210:  
3208: the prefix, all attributes remaining in the OR address s  
3208(continued): hall be  
3209: encoded on the LHS. This is to ensure a reversible mapp  
3209(continued): ing. For  
3210: example, if there is an address /S=XX/O=YY/ADMD=A/C=NN/  
3210(continued): and a  
3211: mapping for /ADMD=A/C=NN/ is used, then /S=XX/O=YY/ is e  
3211(continued): ncoded  
3212: on the LHS.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3211:  
3209: encoded on the LHS. This is to ensure a reversible mapp  
3209(continued): ing. For  
3210: example, if there is an address /S=XX/O=YY/ADMD=A/C=NN/  
3210(continued): and a  
3211: mapping for /ADMD=A/C=NN/ is used, then /S=XX/O=YY/ is e  
3211(continued): ncoded  
3212: on the LHS.  
3213:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3317:  
3315:  
3316: C = "XX"  
3317: ADMD = "YY"  
3318: O = "ZZ"  
3319: "RFC-822" = "Smith(a)ZZ.YY.XX"

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3319:  
3317: ADMD = "YY"  
3318: O = "ZZ"  
3319: "RFC-822" = "Smith(a)ZZ.YY.XX"  
3320:  
3321: This is mapped first to an RFC 822 address, and then back to  
3321(continued): the

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 3325:

```
3323:
3324:          C          = "XX"
3325:          ADMD       = "YY"
3326:          O          = "ZZ"
3327:          Surname    = "Smith"
```

UTCTime found at line 1705:

```
1703:          "yen*{165}"
1704:
1705:  3.3.5.  UTCTime
1706:
1707:          Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Year,
1707(continued):
```

UTCTime found at line 1707:

```
1705:  3.3.5.  UTCTime
1706:
1707:          Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Year,
1707(continued):
1708:          Month, Day of Month, hour, minute, second (optional), and Timezone
1708(continued):
1709:          (technically a time differential in UTCTime). 822.date-time
1709(continued):          also
```

UTCTime found at line 1709:

```
1707:          Both UTCTime and the RFC 822 822.date-time syntax contain: Year,
1707(continued):
1708:          Month, Day of Month, hour, minute, second (optional), and Timezone
1708(continued):
1709:          (technically a time differential in UTCTime). 822.date-time
1709(continued):          also
1710:          contains an optional day of the week, but this is redundant.
1710(continued):          With
1711:          the exception of Year, a symmetrical mapping can be made between
1711(continued):
```

UTCTime found at line 1717:

```
1715:          In practice, a gateway will need to parse various illegal
1715(continued):          variants
1716:          on 822.date-time. In cases where 822.date-time cannot be
1716(continued):          parsed,
1717:          it is recommended that the derived UTCTime is set to the value at
1717(continued):          the time of translation. Such errors may be noted in an RFC 822
1718(continued):          comment, to aid detection and correction.
```

UTCTime found at line 1721:  
 1719: comment, to aid detection and correction.  
 1720:  
 1721: When mapping to X.400, the UTCTime format which specifies the  
 1721(continued):  
 1722: timezone offset shall be used.  
 1723:

UTCTime found at line 1745:  
 1743: RFC 822, as modified by RFC 1123, requires use of a four digi  
 1743(continued): t year.  
 1744: Note that the original RFC 822 uses a two digit date, which i  
 1744(continued): s no  
 1745: longer legal. UTCTime uses a two digit date. To map a year  
 1745(continued): from RFC  
 1746: 822 to X.400, simply use the last two digits. To map a year  
 1746(continued): from  
 1747: X.400 to RFC 822, assume that the two digit year refers to a  
 1747(continued): year in

+++++= File rfc2162.txt ++++++=  
 'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 797:  
 795: maps into  
 796:  
 797: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;  
 798: DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;  
 799:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 806:  
 804: maps into  
 805:  
 806: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;  
 807: DD.Mail-11=node-clns::localpart;  
 808:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 812:  
 810:  
 811: xx = country code of the gateway performing the convers  
 811(continued): ion  
 812: yyy = Admd of the gateway performing the conversion  
 813: zzz = Prmd of the gateway performing the conversion  
 814: ooo = Organisation of the gateway performing the convers  
 814(continued): ion

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 915:  
 913: it is connected to. In this case the mapping is trivial:  
 914:  
 915: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;

916: DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;  
917:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 918:

916: DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;  
917:

918: (see sect. 5.2 for explication of 'xx', 'yyy', 'zzz', 'ooo', 'uuu'  
918(continued): ', 'net')

919:  
920: maps into

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 926:

924: and for DECnet/OSI addresses

925:  
926: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=zzz; O=ooo; OU=uuu; DD.Dnet=net;  
927: DD.Mail-11=node-clns::localpart;  
928:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 937:

935: described into section 5.4 apply:

936:  
937: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=www; DD.Dnet=net;  
938: DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;  
939:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 942:

940: maps into

941:  
942: gwnode::gw%"C=xx;ADMD=yyy;PRMD=www;DD.Dnet=net;  
943: DD.Mail-11=route::node::localpart;"  
944:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 961:

959: Again for DECnet/OSI addresses:

960:  
961: C=xx; ADMD=yyy; PRMD=www; DD.Dnet=net;  
962: DD.Mail-11=node-clns::localpart;  
963:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 966:

964: maps into

965:  
966: gwnode::gw%"C=xx;ADMD=yyy;PRMD=www;DD.Dnet=net;  
967: DD.Mail-11=node-clns::localpart;"  
968:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1095:

1093: maps into

```
1094:
1095:      C=xx; ADMD=yyy; DD.Dnet=net;
1096:      DD.Mail-11=route::gwnode::gw(p)(q)x400-text-address(q);
1097:
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1104:

```
1102:      maps into
1103:
1104:      C=xx; ADMD=yyy; DD.Dnet=net;
1105:      DD.Mail-11=gwnode::gw(p)(q)x400-text-address(q);
1106:
```

+++++ File rfc2167.txt +++++

2digit found at line 1026:

```
1024:
1025:      year = 4digit
1026:      month = 2digit
1027:      day = 2digit
1028:      hour = 2digit
```

2digit found at line 1027:

```
1025:      year = 4digit
1026:      month = 2digit
1027:      day = 2digit
1028:      hour = 2digit
1029:      minute = 2digit
```

2digit found at line 1028:

```
1026:      month = 2digit
1027:      day = 2digit
1028:      hour = 2digit
1029:      minute = 2digit
1030:      second = 2digit
```

2digit found at line 1029:

```
1027:      day = 2digit
1028:      hour = 2digit
1029:      minute = 2digit
1030:      second = 2digit
1031:      milli-second = 3digit
```

2digit found at line 1030:

```
1028:      hour = 2digit
1029:      minute = 2digit
1030:      second = 2digit
1031:      milli-second = 3digit
1032:      host-name = dns-char *(dns-char / ".")
```

2digit found at line 3186:

3184:  
3185: year = 4digit  
3186: month = 2digit  
3187: day = 2digit  
3188: hour = 2digit

2digit found at line 3187:

3185: year = 4digit  
3186: month = 2digit  
3187: day = 2digit  
3188: hour = 2digit  
3189: minute = 2digit

2digit found at line 3188:

3186: month = 2digit  
3187: day = 2digit  
3188: hour = 2digit  
3189: minute = 2digit  
3190: second = 2digit

2digit found at line 3189:

3187: day = 2digit  
3188: hour = 2digit  
3189: minute = 2digit  
3190: second = 2digit  
3191:

2digit found at line 3190:

3188: hour = 2digit  
3189: minute = 2digit  
3190: second = 2digit  
3191:  
3192:

2000 found at line 1229:

1227: C -class rwhois.net domain host  
1228: S %class domain:description:Domain information  
1229: S %class domain:version:19970103101232000  
1230: S %class  
1231:

2000 found at line 3626:

3624: soa 000800h  
3625: status 001000h  
3626: xfer 002000h  
3627: X 004000h  
3628:

+++++ File rfc2170.txt +++++

2000 found at line 427:  
425: Server: MyAgent/1.0  
426: ATM-Service: CBR  
427: ATM-QoS-PCR: 2000  
428: Content-type: video/mpeg  
428(continued):  
429:

2000 found at line 464:  
462: Server: MyAgent/1.0 ATM.  
462(continued): address  
463: ATM-Service: CBR  
464: ATM-QoS-PCR: 2000  
465: Content-type: video/mpeg  
465(continued):  
466:

+++++ File rfc2179.txt +++++

2000 found at line 292:  
290: a setuid file anywhere in the system, including those on NF  
290(continued): S  
291: mounted partitions.  
292: \* "find / -group kmem -perm -2000 -print" will do the same fo  
292(continued): r kmem  
293: group permissions.  
294:

+++++ File rfc2182.txt +++++

2000 found at line 495:  
493:  
494: Instead, for this example, set the primary's serial number to  
494(continued):  
495: 2000000000, and wait for the secondary servers to update to t  
495(continued): hat  
496: zone. The value 2000000000 is chosen as a value a lot bigger  
496(continued): than  
497: the current value, but less that 2^31 bigger (2^31 is 2147483  
497(continued): 648).

2000 found at line 496:  
494: Instead, for this example, set the primary's serial number to  
494(continued):  
495: 2000000000, and wait for the secondary servers to update to t  
495(continued): hat  
496: zone. The value 2000000000 is chosen as a value a lot bigger  
496(continued): than  
497: the current value, but less that 2^31 bigger (2^31 is 2147483

497(continued): 648).  
498: This is then an increment of the serial number [RFC1982].

2000 found at line 502:  
500: Next, after all servers needing updating have the zone with t  
500(continued): hat  
501: serial number, the serial number can be set to 4000000000.  
502: 4000000000 is 2000000000 more than 2000000000 (fairly clearly  
502(continued): ), and  
503:  
504:

+++++= File rfc2183.txt ++++++=

century found at line 8:  
6:  
7: Network Working Group R  
7(continued): . Troost  
8: Request for Comments: 2183 New Century  
8(continued): Systems  
9: Updates: 1806 S  
9(continued): . Dorner  
10: Category: Standards Track QUALCOMM Inco  
10(continued): rporated

century found at line 587:  
585:  
586: Rens Troost  
587: New Century Systems  
588: 324 East 41st Street #804  
589: New York, NY, 10017 USA

century found at line 593:  
591: Phone: +1 (212) 557-2050  
592: Fax: +1 (212) 557-2049  
593: EMail: rens@century.com  
594:  
595:

+++++= File rfc2195.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 131:  
129: C: A0001 AUTHENTICATE CRAM-MD5  
130: S: + PDE4OTYuNjk3MTcwOTUyQHBvc3RvZmZpY2UucmVzdG9uLm1jaS5uZX  
130(continued): Q+  
131: C: dGltIGI5MTNhNjAyYzdlZGE3YTQ5NWl0ZTZlNzMzNGQzODkw  
132: S: A0001 OK CRAM authentication successful  
133:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 161:

159: AUTHENTICATE command (or the similar POP3 AUTH command), y  
159(continued): ielding  
160:  
161: dGltIGI5MTNhNjAyYzdlZGE3YTQ5NWl0ZTZlNzZmNGQzODkw  
162:  
163:

==== File rfc2200.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2118:  
2116: The text version is sent.  
2116(continued):  
2117:  
2118: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
2118(continued): umber.  
2119: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
2119(continued): '.  
2120:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2119:  
2117:  
2118: file /ftp/rfc/rfcnnnn.yyy where 'nnnn' is the RFC n  
2118(continued): umber.  
2119: and 'yyy' is 'txt' or 'ps  
2119(continued): '.  
2120:  
2121: help to get information on how  
2121(continued): to use

2000 found at line 9:  
7: Network Working Group Internet Architectu  
7(continued): re Board  
8: Request for Comments: 2200 J. Postel  
8(continued): , Editor  
9: Obsoletes: 2000, 1920, 1880, 1800, 1780, J  
9(continued): une 1997  
10: 1720, 1610, 1600, 1540, 1500, 1410, 1360,  
11: 1280, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1130, 1100, 1083

2000 found at line 921:  
919: level of standard.  
920:  
921: 2099 - Request for Comments Summary - RFC Numbers 2000-209  
921(continued): 9  
922:  
923: This is an information document and does not specif  
923(continued): y any

+++++= File rfc2203.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 1096:

```
1094:      GSS_S_GAP_TOKEN           0x00000010
1095:      GSS_S_BAD_MECH             0x00010000
1096:      GSS_S_BAD_NAME             0x00020000
1097:      GSS_S_BAD_NAME_TYPE        0x00030000
1098:      GSS_S_BAD_BINDINGS         0x00040000
```

2000 found at line 1113:

```
1111:      GSS_S_UNAVAILABLE          0x00100000
1112:      GSS_S_DUPLICATE_ELEMENT     0x00110000
1113:      GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN           0x00120000
1114:      GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_READ 0x01000000
1115:      GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE 0x02000000
```

2000 found at line 1115:

```
1113:      GSS_S_NAME_NOT_MN           0x00120000
1114:      GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_READ 0x01000000
1115:      GSS_S_CALL_INACCESSIBLE_WRITE 0x02000000
1116:      GSS_S_CALL_BAD_STRUCTURE     0x03000000
1117:
```

+++++= File rfc2204.txt ++++++=

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 292:

```
290:      available for transmission.
291:
292:      Date stamp (YYMMDD)
293:
294:      A file qualifier indicating the date the Virtual File was
294(continued):      made
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1866:

```
1864:      | 1 | SFIDDSN | Virtual File Dataset Name | V
1864(continued):      X(26) |
1865:      | 27 | SFIDRSV1 | Reserved | F
1865(continued):      X(9) |
1866:      | 36 | SFIDDATE | Virtual File Date stamp, (YYMMDD) | V
1866(continued):      X(6) |
1867:      | 42 | SFIDTIME | Virtual File Time stamp, (HHMMSS) | V
1867(continued):      X(6) |
1868:      | 48 | SFIDUSER | User Data | V
1868(continued):      X(8) |
```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1895:

```
1893:      SFIDDATE Virtual File Date stamp S
1893(continued):      tring(6)
1894:
1895:      Format: 'YYMMDD' 6 decimal digits representing the year, m
```

1895(continued):                    onth  
 1896:                           and day respectively [ISO-8601].  
 1897:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2394:  
 2392:       | 1 | EERPDSN | Virtual File Dataset Name | V  
 2392(continued):                    X(26) |  
 2393:       | 27 | EERPRSV1 | Reserved | F  
 2393(continued):                    X(9) |  
 2394:       | 36 | EERPDATE | Virtual File Date stamp, (YYMMDD) | V  
 2394(continued):                    X(6) |  
 2395:       | 42 | EERPETIME | Virtual File Time stamp, (HHMMSS) | V  
 2395(continued):                    X(6) |  
 2396:       | 48 | EERPUSER | User Data | V  
 2396(continued):                    X(8) |

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2429:  
 2427:       EERPDATE Virtual File Date stamp                    S  
 2427(continued):                    tring(6)  
 2428:  
 2429:       Format: 'YYMMDD' 6 decimal digits representing the year, m  
 2429(continued):                    onth  
 2430:                           and day respectively [ISO-8601].  
 2431:

2000 found at line 304:  
 302:       field. Since the ODETTE-FTP only uses this information to id  
 302(continued):                    entify a  
 303:       particular Virtual File it will continue to operate correctly  
 303(continued):                    in the  
 304:       year 2000 and beyond.  
 305:  
 306:       The User Monitor may use the Virtual File Date attribute in l  
 306(continued):                    ocal

2000 found at line 308:  
 306:       The User Monitor may use the Virtual File Date attribute in l  
 306(continued):                    ocal  
 307:       processes involving date comparisons and calculations. Any s  
 307(continued):                    uch use  
 308:       falls outside the scope of this protocol and year 2000 handli  
 308(continued):                    ng is a  
 309:       local implementation issue.  
 310:

+++++= File rfc2227.txt ++++=+=+=  
 2000 found at line 1949:  
 1947:       Toward the Development of Web Measurement Standards. Thi

1947(continued): s is a  
 1948: draft paper, currently available at http://  
 1949: www2000.ogsm.vanderbilt.edu/novak/web.standards/webstand.  
 1949(continued): html.  
 1950: Cited by permission of the author; do not quote or cite w  
 1950(continued): ithout  
 1951: permission.

==== File rfc2234.txt =====

2-digit found at line 424:

422:  
 423: That is, exactly <N> occurrences of <element>. Thus 2DIGIT  
 423(continued): is a  
 424: 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic  
 425: characters.  
 426:

2digit found at line 423:

421: <n>\*<n>element  
 422:  
 423: That is, exactly <N> occurrences of <element>. Thus 2DIGIT  
 423(continued): is a  
 424: 2-digit number, and 3ALPHA is a string of three alphabetic  
 425: characters.

==== File rfc2235.txt =====

2000 found at line 862:

860:  
 861: 1997  
 862: 2000th RFC: "Internet Official Protocol Standards"  
 863:  
 864: 71,618 mailing lists registered at Liszt, a mailing list di  
 864(continued): rectory

==== File rfc2244.txt =====

2digit found at line 3555:

3553: ;; Timestamp in UTC  
 3554:  
 3555: time-day = 2DIGIT ;; 01-31  
 3556:  
 3557: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;; 00-23

2digit found at line 3557:

3555: time-day = 2DIGIT ;; 01-31  
 3556:  
 3557: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;; 00-23  
 3558:  
 3559: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;; 00-59

2digit found at line 3559:

3557: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;; 00-23  
3558:  
3559: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;; 00-59  
3560:  
3561: time-month = 2DIGIT ;; 01-12

2digit found at line 3561:

3559: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;; 00-59  
3560:  
3561: time-month = 2DIGIT ;; 01-12  
3562:  
3563: time-second = 2DIGIT ;; 00-60

2digit found at line 3563:

3561: time-month = 2DIGIT ;; 01-12  
3562:  
3563: time-second = 2DIGIT ;; 00-60  
3564:  
3565: time-subsecond = \*DIGIT

2000 found at line 2217:

2215: criteria):  
2216: AND COMPARE "modtime" "+i;octet" "19951206103400"  
2217: COMPARE "modtime" "-i;octet" "19960112000000"  
2218: refers to all entries modified between 10:34 December 6 19  
2218(continued): 95 and  
2219: midnight January 12, 1996 UTC.

+++++= File rfc2252.txt ++++++=

UTCTime found at line 1300:

1298:  
1299: Values in this syntax are encoded as if they were printable s  
1299(continued): trings  
1300: with the strings containing a UTCTime value. This is histori  
1300(continued): cal; new  
1301: attribute definitions SHOULD use GeneralizedTime instead.  
1302:

+++++= File rfc2261.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 1923:

1921:  
1922: snmpFrameworkMIB MODULE-IDENTITY  
1923: LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z" -- 20 November 1997  
1923(continued):  
1924: ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"  
1925: CONTACT-INFO "WG-email: snmpv3@tis.com

```
+++++= File rfc2262.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 818:
816:
817:      snmpMPDMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
818:      LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 November 19
818(continued):      97
819:      ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
820:      CONTACT-INFO "WG-email:  snmpv3@tis.com
```

```
+++++= File rfc2264.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1715:
1713:
1714:     snmpUsmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
1715:     LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 Nov 1997, midnig
1715(continued):     ht
1716:     ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
1717:     CONTACT-INFO "WG-email:  snmpv3@tis.com
```

```
+++++= File rfc2265.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 554:
552:
553:     snmpVacmMIB      MODULE-IDENTITY
554:     LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 Nov 1997, midnig
554(continued):     ht
555:     ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
556:     CONTACT-INFO "WG-email:  snmpv3@tis.com
```

```
+++++= File rfc2271.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1923:
1921:
1922:     snmpFrameworkMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
1923:     LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 November 1997
1923(continued):
1924:     ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
1925:     CONTACT-INFO "WG-email:  snmpv3@tis.com
```

```
+++++= File rfc2272.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 818:
816:
817:      snmpMPDMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
818:      LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 November 19
818(continued):      97
819:      ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
820:      CONTACT-INFO "WG-email:  snmpv3@tis.com
```

```
+++++= File rfc2274.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1715:
1713:
```

```
1714: snmpUsmMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
1715:     LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 Nov 1997, midnig
1715(continued):           ht
1716:     ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
1717:     CONTACT-INFO "WG-email: snmpv3@tis.com"
```

+++++ File rfc2275.txt +++++

2000 found at line 554:

```
552:
553: snmpVacmMIB     MODULE-IDENTITY
554:     LAST-UPDATED "9711200000Z"           -- 20 Nov 1997, midnig
554(continued):           ht
555:     ORGANIZATION "SNMPv3 Working Group"
556:     CONTACT-INFO "WG-email: snmpv3@tis.com"
```

+++++ File rfc2280.txt +++++

2000 found at line 2119:

```
2117:     missing, they default to:
2118:
2119:         flap_damp(1000, 2000, 750, 900, 900, 20000)
2120:
2121:     That is, a penalty of 1000 is assigned at each route flap, th
2121(continued):           e route
```

2000 found at line 2122:

```
2120:
2121:     That is, a penalty of 1000 is assigned at each route flap, th
2121(continued):           e route
2122:     is suppressed when penalty reaches 2000. The penalty is redu
2122(continued):           ced in
2123:     half after 15 minutes (900 seconds) of stability regardless o
2123(continued):           f
2124:     whether the route is up or down. A supressed route is reused
2124(continued):           when
```

+++++ File rfc2281.txt +++++

1900 found at line 854:

```
852:     Santa Clara, CA 95054
853:
854:     Phone: (408) 327-1900
855:     EMail: tli@juniper.net
856:
```

1900 found at line 863:  
861: Santa Clara, CA 95054  
862:  
863: Phone: (408) 327-1900  
864: EMail: cole@juniper.net  
865:

+++++= File rfc2287.txt ++++++=  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1439:  
1437: DESCRIPTION  
1438: "The full path and filename of the process.  
1439: For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would  
1440: be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution  
1441: path is '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1440:  
1438: "The full path and filename of the process.  
1439: For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would  
1440: be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution  
1441: path is '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."  
1442: ::= { sysAppElmtRunEntry 7 }

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1441:  
1439: For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would  
1440: be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution  
1441: path is '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."  
1442: ::= { sysAppElmtRunEntry 7 }  
1443:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1706:  
1704: DESCRIPTION  
1705: "The full path and filename of the process.  
1706: For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would  
1707: be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution  
1708: path was '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1707:  
1705: "The full path and filename of the process.  
1706: For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would  
1707: be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution  
1708: path was '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."  
1709: ::= { sysAppElmtPastRunEntry 6 }

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1708:
1706:         For example, '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc' would
1707:         be returned for process 'myyproc' whose execution
1708:         path was '/opt/MYYpkg/bin/myyproc'."
1709:         ::= { sysAppElmtPastRunEntry 6 }
1710:
```

```
2000 found at line 402:
400:
401:     sysApplMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
402:         LAST-UPDATED "9710200000Z"
403:         ORGANIZATION "IETF Applications MIB Working Group"
404:         CONTACT-INFO
```

```
+++++= File rfc2292.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 547:
545:     #define ND_NA_FLAG_ROUTER           0x80000000
546:     #define ND_NA_FLAG_SOLICITED       0x40000000
547:     #define ND_NA_FLAG_OVERRIDE        0x20000000
548:     #else /* BYTE_ORDER == LITTLE_ENDIAN */
549:     #define ND_NA_FLAG_ROUTER           0x00000080
```

```
+++++= File rfc2298.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 1310:
1308:     Date: Wed, 20 Sep 1995 00:19:00 (EDT) -0400
1309:     From: Joe Recipient <Joe_Recipient@mega.edu>
1310:     Message-Id: <199509200019.12345@mega.edu>
1311:     Subject: Disposition notification
1312:     To: Jane Sender <Jane_Sender@huge.com>
```

```
+++++= File rfc2300.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 9:
7:  Network Working Group                               Internet Architectu
7(continued):      re Board
8:  Request for Comments: 2300                           J. Postel
8(continued):      , Editor
9:  Obsoletes: 2200, 2000, 1920, 1880, 1800,
9(continued):      May 1998
10: 1780, 1720, 1610, 1600, 1540, 1500, 1410,
11: 1360, 1280, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1130, 1100, 1083
```

```
+++++= File rfc2308.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 873:
871:     NS2.XX.EXAMPLE.    600 IN NXT XX.EXAMPLE.  NXT A NXT
871(continued):      SIG
872:     NS2.XX.EXAMPLE.    600 IN SIG NXT ... XX.EXAMPLE. ..
872(continued):      .
873:     EXAMPLE.          65799 IN NS  NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.
```

```
874:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN NS  NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.
875:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN SIG NS ... XX.EXAMPLE. ...
875(continued):
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 874:
872:          NS2.XX.EXAMPLE.    600 IN SIG NXT ... XX.EXAMPLE. ..
872(continued):
873:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN NS  NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.
874:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN NS  NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.
875:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN SIG NS ... XX.EXAMPLE. ...
875(continued):
876:          Additional
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 879:
877:          XX.EXAMPLE.        65800 IN KEY 0x4100 1 1 ...
878:          XX.EXAMPLE.        65800 IN SIG KEY ... EXAMPLE. ...
879:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.1
880:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
881:          NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.2
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 880:
878:          XX.EXAMPLE.        65800 IN SIG KEY ... EXAMPLE. ...
879:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.1
880:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
881:          NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.2
882:          NS3.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 881:
879:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.1
880:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
881:          NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.2
882:          NS3.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
883:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN KEY 0x4100 1 1 ...
```

```
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 882:
880:          NS1.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
881:          NS2.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN A   10.100.0.2
882:          NS3.YY.EXAMPLE.    65799 IN SIG A ... EXAMPLE. ...
883:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN KEY 0x4100 1 1 ...
884:          EXAMPLE.          65799 IN SIG KEY ... . ...
```

```
2000 found at line 805:
803:          $ORIGIN XX.EXAMPLE.
804:          @          IN          SOA          NS1.XX.EXAMPLE. HOSTMATER.XX.EXA
804(continued):          MPLE. (
805:                                     1997102000          ; serial
806:                                     1800          ; refresh (30 mins)
807:                                     900          ; retry (15 mins)
```

==== File rfc2311.txt =====

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 269:  
267: Sending agents MUST encode signing time through the year 2049  
267(continued): as  
268: UTCTime; signing times in 2050 or later MUST be encoded as  
269: GeneralizedTime. Agents MUST interpret the year field (YY) as  
269(continued):  
270: follows: if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year is  
271: interpreted as 19YY; if YY is less than 50, the year is inter  
271(continued): preted

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 270:  
268: UTCTime; signing times in 2050 or later MUST be encoded as  
269: GeneralizedTime. Agents MUST interpret the year field (YY) as  
269(continued):  
270: follows: if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year is  
271: interpreted as 19YY; if YY is less than 50, the year is inter  
271(continued): preted  
272: as 20YY.

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 271:  
269: GeneralizedTime. Agents MUST interpret the year field (YY) as  
269(continued):  
270: follows: if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year is  
271: interpreted as 19YY; if YY is less than 50, the year is inter  
271(continued): preted  
272: as 20YY.  
273:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 272:  
270: follows: if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year is  
271: interpreted as 19YY; if YY is less than 50, the year is inter  
271(continued): preted  
272: as 20YY.  
273:  
274: 2.5.2 S/MIME Capabilities Attribute

UTCTime found at line 268:  
266:  
267: Sending agents MUST encode signing time through the year 2049  
267(continued): as  
268: UTCTime; signing times in 2050 or later MUST be encoded as  
269: GeneralizedTime. Agents MUST interpret the year field (YY) as  
269(continued):  
270: follows: if YY is greater than or equal to 50, the year is

1900 found at line 1972:  
1970: Mountain View, CA 94043

1971:  
1972: Phone: (415) 254-1900  
1973: EMail: repka@netscape.com  
1974:

+++++= File rfc2312.txt ++++++=  
1900 found at line 1049:  
1047: Mountain View, CA 94043  
1048:  
1049: Phone: (415) 254-1900  
1050: EMail: jsw@netscape.com  
1051:

+++++= File rfc2326.txt ++++++=  
2digit found at line 906:  
904: smpte-type = "smpte" | "smpte-30-drop" | "smpte-25"  
905: ; other timecodes may be adde  
905(continued): d  
906: smpte-time = 1\*2DIGIT ":" 1\*2DIGIT ":" 1\*2DIGIT [ ":" 1\*2  
906(continued): DIGIT ]  
907: [ "." 1\*2DIGIT ]  
908:

2digit found at line 907:  
905: ; other timecodes may be adde  
905(continued): d  
906: smpte-time = 1\*2DIGIT ":" 1\*2DIGIT ":" 1\*2DIGIT [ ":" 1\*2  
906(continued): DIGIT ]  
907: [ "." 1\*2DIGIT ]  
908:  
909: Examples:

2digit found at line 940:  
938: npt-hhmmss = npt-hh ":" npt-mm ":" npt-ss [ "." \*DIGIT ]  
939: npt-hh = 1\*DIGIT ; any positive number  
940: npt-mm = 1\*2DIGIT ; 0-59  
941: npt-ss = 1\*2DIGIT ; 0-59  
942:

2digit found at line 941:  
939: npt-hh = 1\*DIGIT ; any positive number  
940: npt-mm = 1\*2DIGIT ; 0-59  
941: npt-ss = 1\*2DIGIT ; 0-59  
942:  
943: Examples:

+++++= File rfc2332.txt ++++++=

1900 found at line 2839:
2837: 1620 Tuckerstown Road 3260 Jay St.
2838: Dresher, PA 19025 USA Santa Clara, CA 95054
2839: Phone: +1 215 830 0692 Phone: +1 408 327 1900
2840: EMail: dave@corecom.com EMail: bcole@jnx.com
2841:

+++++= File rfc2353.txt ++++++=

2000 found at line 211:
209: native IP DLC, this field is not used to convey a port number
209(continued): for
210: replies; moreover, the zero setting is not used. IANA has re
210(continued): gistered
211: port numbers 12000 through 12004 for use in these two fields
211(continued): by the
212: native IP DLC; use of these port numbers allows prioritizatio
212(continued): n in the
213: IP network. For more details of the use of these fields, see
213(continued): 2.6.1,

2000 found at line 1694:

1692:
1693: At an intermediate HPR node, link activation failure can be r
1693(continued): eported
1694: with sense data X'08010000' or X'80020000'. At a node with r
1694(continued): oute-
1695: selection responsibility, such failure can be reported with s
1695(continued): ense
1696: data X'80140001'.

2000 found at line 1841:

1839: | the same connection network. |
1839(continued): |
1840: +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1840(continued): -----+
1841: | Link failure | X'800
1841(continued): 20000' |
1842: +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1842(continued): -----+
1843: | Route selection services has determined that no path | X'801
1843(continued): 40001' |

2000 found at line 1868:

1866: will be able to exploit routers that provide priority functio
1866(continued): n.
1867:
1868: The 5 UDP port numbers, 12000-12004 (decimal), have been assi

1868(continued): gned by  
1869: the Internet Assigned Number Authority (IANA). Four of these  
1869(continued): port  
1870: numbers are used for ANR-routed network layer packets (NLPs)  
1870(continued): and

2000 found at line 1872:

1870: numbers are used for ANR-routed network layer packets (NLPs)  
1870(continued): and  
1871: correspond to the APPN transmission priorities (network, 1200  
1871(continued): 1; high,  
1872: 12002; medium, 12003; and low, 12004), and one port number (1  
1872(continued): 2000) is  
1873: used for a set of LLC commands (i.e., XID, TEST, DISC, and DM  
1873(continued): ) and  
1874: function-routed NLPs (i.e., XID\_DONE\_RQ and XID\_DONE\_RSP). T  
1874(continued): hese

2000 found at line 2417:

2415: the source port number is not relevant. That is, the firewal  
2415(continued): l should  
2416: accept traffic with the IP addresses of the HPR/IP nodes and  
2416(continued): with  
2417: destination port numbers in the range 12000 to 12004. Second  
2417(continued): , the  
2418: possibility exists for an attack using forged UDP datagrams;  
2418(continued): such  
2419: attacks could cause the RTP connection to fail or even introd  
2419(continued): uce

+++++ File rfc2355.txt +++++

2000 found at line 1488:

1486: 0x00 Command Reject 0x10030000  
1487:  
1488: 0x01 Intervention Required 0x08020000  
1489:  
1490: 0x02 Operation Check 0x10050000

+++++ File rfc2361.txt +++++

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 30:

28: \* video/vnd.avi; codec=XXX identifies a specific video codec  
28(continued): (i.e.,  
29: XXX) within the AVI Registry.  
30: \* audio/vnd.wave; codec=YYY identifies a specific audio codec  
30(continued):  
31: (i.e., YYY) within the WAVE Registry.  
32:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 31:  
29: XXX) within the AVI Registry.  
30: \* audio/vnd.wave; codec=YYY identifies a specific audio codec  
30(continued):  
31: (i.e., YYY) within the WAVE Registry.  
32:  
33: Appendix A and Appendix B provides an authoritative reference  
33(continued): for the

2000 found at line 354:  
352: Compaq Computer Corporation  
353: 20555 SH 249  
354: Houston, TX 77269-2000 USA  
355:  
356: A.6 IBM CVSD

2000 found at line 1474:  
1472: PO Box 582  
1473: Stellenbosch Stellenbosch South Africa  
1474: 27 21 888 2000  
1475:  
1476: A.75 DF GSM610

2000 found at line 1487:  
1485: PO Box 582  
1486: Stellenbosch 7600 South Africa  
1487: 27 21 888 2000  
1488:  
1489: A.76 ISIAudio

2000 found at line 1545:  
1543: 4900 Old Ironsides Drive  
1544: Santa Clara, California 95054 USA  
1545: (408) 492-2000  
1546:  
1547: A.79 Dolby AC3 SPDIF

2000 found at line 1993:  
1991: A.104 DVM  
1992:  
1993: WAVE form Registration Number (hex): 0x2000  
1994: Codec ID in the IANA Namespace: audio/vnd.wave;codec=2  
1994(continued): 000  
1995: WAVE form wFormatTag ID: WAVE\_FORMAT\_DVM

2000 found at line 1994:  
1992:  
1993: WAVE form Registration Number (hex): 0x2000

1994: Codec ID in the IANA Namespace: audio/vnd.wave;codec=2  
1994(continued): 000  
1995: WAVE form wFormatTag ID: WAVE\_FORMAT\_DVM  
1996: Contact:

2000 found at line 3180:  
3178: 707 California Street  
3179: Mountain View, California 94041 USA  
3180: 650-526-2000  
3181:  
3182:

2000 found at line 3211:  
3209: 707 California Street  
3210: Mountain View, California 94041 USA  
3211: 650-526-2000  
3212:  
3213: B.83 TrueMotion 2.0

2000 found at line 3239:  
3237: 707 California Street  
3238: Mountain View, California 94041 USA  
3239: 650-526-2000  
3240:  
3241:

==== File rfc2368.txt ====  
two-digit found at line 240:  
238: scheme is not a problem: those characters may appear in mailt  
238(continued): o URLs,  
239: they just may not appear in unencoded form. The standard URL  
239(continued): encoding  
240: mechanisms ("% followed by a two-digit hex number) must be u  
240(continued): sed in  
241: certain cases.  
242:

==== File rfc2373.txt ====  
2digit found at line 1192:  
1190: IPv4address = 1\*3DIGIT "." 1\*3DIGIT "." 1\*3DIGIT "." 1\*3DI  
1190(continued): GIT  
1191:  
1192: IPv6prefix = hexpart "/" 1\*2DIGIT  
1193:  
1194: hexpart = hexseq | hexseq ":" [ hexseq ] | ":" [ hexseq  
1194(continued): ]

```

+++++= File rfc2378.txt ++++++=
2digit found at line 1078:
1076:      response = code [index] [field] text CRLF
1077:
1078:      code      = [-] LDIG 2DIGIT ":"
1079:      index      = number ":"
1080:      field      = 1*SPACE attribute ":" 1*SPACE

```

```

+++++= File rfc2389.txt ++++++=
2digit found at line 133:
131:
132:      error-response = error-code SP *TCHAR CRLF
133:      error-code      = ("4" / "5") 2DIGIT
134:
135:      Note that in ABNF, strings literals are case insensitive. Th
135(continued):      at

```

```

+++++= File rfc2397.txt ++++++=
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 107:
105:      a/TPg7JpJHxyendzWTBfX0cxOnKPjgBzi4diinWGdkF8kjdfnycQZXZeYGejm
105(continued):      J1
106:      ZeG19i2icVqaNVailT6F5iJ90m6mvuTS4OK05M0vDk0Q4XUtwvKOzrcd3iq9u
106(continued):      is
107:      F81M10IcR71EewwcLp7tuNNkM3uNna3F2JQFo97Vriy/Xl4/flcf5VWzXyym7
107(continued):      PH
108:      hhx4dbgYKAAA7"
109:      ALT="Larry">

```

```

+++++= File rfc2400.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 9:
7:  Network Working Group                                Internet Architectu
7(continued):      re Board
8:  Request for Comments: 2400                                J
8(continued):      . Postel
9:  Obsoletes: 2300, 2200, 2000, 1920, 1880,                                J.
9(continued):      Reynolds
10: 1800, 1780, 1720, 1610, 1600, 1540, 1500, 1410,
10(continued):      Editors
11: 1360, 1280, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1130, 1100, 1083                Septem
11(continued):      ber 1998

```

```

+++++= File rfc2407.txt ++++++=
2000 found at line 832:
830:
831:      Attribute #2:

```



2976: Press, Inc., 2000, Corporate Blvd., Boca Raton,  
2976(continued): FL,  
2977: 33431-9868, ISBN 0-8493-8521-0, 1995  
2978:

==== File rfc2425.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1106:  
1104: 9ucyBDb3JwLjEYMBYGA1UEAxMPVGltb3RoeSBBIehvd2VzMSEwHwYJKoZIhvcNA  
1104(continued): QkBF  
1105: hJob3dlc0BuZXRzY2FwZS5jb20xFTATBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEBEwVob3dlczBcMAOG  
1105(continued): CSqG  
1106: SIb3DQEBAQUAA0sAMEgCQQC0JZf6wkg8pLMXHHCUvMfL5H6zjSk4vTTXZpYyrdN  
1106(continued): 2dXc  
1107: oX49LKioMgeJSzoiFKHtLOIboyludF90CgqcxtwKnAgMBAAGjNjaOMBEGCWC  
1107(continued): GG+E  
1108: IBAQQEAWIAoDAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBT84FTtoB/GV3jr3mcau+hUMbsQukjANBgkqh  
1108(continued): kiG9

==== File rfc2426.txt ====  
'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 1479:  
1477: MPVGltb3RoeSBBIehvd2VzMSEwHwYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhJob3dlc0BuZ  
1477(continued): XRz  
1478: Y2FwZS5jb20xFTATBgoJkiaJk/IsZAEBEwVob3dlczBcMA0GCSqGSib  
1478(continued): 3DQ  
1479: EBAQUAA0sAMEgCQQC0JZf6wkg8pLMXHHCUvMfL5H6zjSk4vTTXZpYy  
1479(continued): dN2  
1480: dXcoX49LKioMgeJSzoiFKHtLOIboyludF90CgqcxtwKnAgMBAAGjNja  
1480(continued): OMB  
1481: EGCWCWSAGG+EIBAQQEAWIAoDAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBT84FTtoB/GV3jr3m  
1481(continued): cau

2-digit found at line 372:  
370: and minutes (e.g., +hh:mm). The time is specified as a 24-hour  
370(continued): r clock.  
371: Hour values are from 00 to 23, and minute values are from 00  
371(continued): to 59.  
372: Hour and minutes are 2-digits with high order zeroes required  
372(continued): to  
373: maintain digit count. The extended format for ISO 8601 UTC of  
373(continued): fsets  
374: MUST be used. The extended format makes use of a colon charac  
374(continued): ter as a

2digit found at line 379:

```

377:   The value is defined by the following notation:
378:
379:   time-hour      = 2DIGIT          ;00-23
380:   time-minute   = 2DIGIT          ;00-59
381:   utc-offset    = ("+" / "-") time-hour ":" time-minute

```

2digit found at line 380:

```

378:
379:   time-hour      = 2DIGIT          ;00-23
380:   time-minute   = 2DIGIT          ;00-59
381:   utc-offset    = ("+" / "-") time-hour ":" time-minute
382:

```

2digit found at line 2051:

```

2049:
2050:   utc-offset-value = ("+" / "-") time-hour ":" time-minute
2051:   time-hour      = 2DIGIT          ;00-23
2052:   time-minute   = 2DIGIT          ;00-59
2053:

```

2digit found at line 2052:

```

2050:   utc-offset-value = ("+" / "-") time-hour ":" time-minute
2051:   time-hour      = 2DIGIT          ;00-23
2052:   time-minute   = 2DIGIT          ;00-59
2053:
2054: 5. Differences From vCard v2.1

```

+++++ File rfc2440.txt +++++

```

2000 found at line 3227:
3225:   Encryption Standard. This algorithm will work with (at least)
3225(continued):   128,
3226:   192, and 256-bit keys. We expect that this algorithm will be
3226(continued):   selected
3227:   from the candidate algorithms in the year 2000.
3228:
3229: 12.8. OpenPGP CFB mode

```

+++++ File rfc2445.txt +++++

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2234:
2232:   ( ";" "BYDAY" "=" bywdaylist ) /
2233:   ( ";" "BYMONTHDAY" "=" bymodaylist ) /
2234:   ( ";" "BYYEARDAY" "=" byyrdaylist ) /
2235:   ( ";" "BYWEEKNO" "=" bywknolist ) /
2236:   ( ";" "BYMONTH" "=" bymolist ) /

```

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2288:

```

2286:   ordmoday = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;1 to 31

```

2287:  
 2288:           byyrdaylist = yeardaynum / ( yeardaynum \*(", " yeardaynum) )  
 2288(continued):  
 2289:  
 2290:           yeardaynum = ([plus] ordyrday) / (minus ordyrday)

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2388:

2386:           the month.  
 2387:  
 2388:           The BYYEARDAY rule part specifies a COMMA character (US-ASCII  
 2388(continued):                            decimal  
 2389:           44) separated list of days of the year. Valid values are 1 to  
 2389(continued):                            366 or  
 2390:           -366 to -1. For example, -1 represents the last day of the ye  
 2390(continued):                            ar

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 2461:

2459:           specified FREQ and INTERVAL rule parts, the BYxxx rule parts  
 2459(continued):                            are  
 2460:           applied to the current set of evaluated occurrences in the fo  
 2460(continued):                            llowing  
 2461:           order: BYMONTH, BYWEEKNO, BYYEARDAY, BYMONTHDAY, BYDAY, BYHOU  
 2461(continued):                            R,  
 2462:           BYMINUTE, BYSECOND and BYSETPOS; then COUNT and UNTIL are eva  
 2462(continued):                            luated.  
 2463:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 6804:

6802:           (2000 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
 6803:           (2001 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
 6804:           Note: Since none of the BYDAY, BYMONTHDAY or BYYEARDAY comp  
 6804(continued):                            onents  
 6805:           are specified, the day is gotten from DTSTART  
 6806:

'yy' on a line without 'yyyy' found at line 6820:

6818:  
 6819:           DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19970101T090000  
 6820:           RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;INTERVAL=3;COUNT=10;BYYEARDAY=1,100,200  
 6821:  
 6822:           ==> (1997 9:00 AM EST)January 1

two-digit found at line 1919:

1917:           of values. The format for the value type is expressed as the  
 1917(continued):                            [ISO  
 1918:           8601] complete representation, basic format for a calendar da  
 1918(continued):                            te. The  
 1919:           textual format specifies a four-digit year, two-digit month,

1919(continued): and  
1920: two-digit day of the month. There are no separator characters  
1920(continued): between  
1921: the year, month and day component text.

two-digit found at line 1920:

1918: 8601] complete representation, basic format for a calendar da  
1918(continued): te. The  
1919: textual format specifies a four-digit year, two-digit month,  
1919(continued): and  
1920: two-digit day of the month. There are no separator characters  
1920(continued): between  
1921: the year, month and day component text.  
1922:

two-digit found at line 2610:

2608: of day. The format is based on the [ISO 8601] complete  
2609: representation, basic format for a time of day. The text form  
2609(continued): at  
2610: consists of a two-digit 24-hour of the day (i.e., values 0-23  
2610(continued): ), two-  
2611: digit minute in the hour (i.e., values 0-59), and two-digit s  
2611(continued): econds  
2612: in the minute (i.e., values 0-60). The seconds value of 60 MU  
2612(continued): ST only

two-digit found at line 2611:

2609: representation, basic format for a time of day. The text form  
2609(continued): at  
2610: consists of a two-digit 24-hour of the day (i.e., values 0-23  
2610(continued): ), two-  
2611: digit minute in the hour (i.e., values 0-59), and two-digit s  
2611(continued): econds  
2612: in the minute (i.e., values 0-60). The seconds value of 60 MU  
2612(continued): ST only  
2613: to be used to account for "leap" seconds. Fractions of a seco  
2613(continued): nd are

two-digit found at line 4583:

4581: Values for latitude and longitude shall be expressed as decim  
4581(continued): al  
4582: fractions of degrees. Whole degrees of latitude shall be repr  
4582(continued): esented

4583: by a two-digit decimal number ranging from 0 through 90. Whol  
 4583(continued): e  
 4584: degrees of longitude shall be represented by a decimal number  
 4584(continued): ranging  
 4585: from 0 through 180. When a decimal fraction of a degree is sp  
 4585(continued): ecified,

2digit found at line 1911:

1909:  
 1910:  
 1911: date-month = 2DIGIT ;01-12  
 1912: date-mday = 2DIGIT ;01-28, 01-29, 01-30, 01  
 1912(continued): -31  
 1913: ;based on month/year

2digit found at line 1912:

1910:  
 1911: date-month = 2DIGIT ;01-12  
 1912: date-mday = 2DIGIT ;01-28, 01-29, 01-30, 01  
 1912(continued): -31  
 1913: ;based on month/year  
 1914:

2digit found at line 2258:

2256: byseclist = seconds / ( seconds \*(", " seconds) )  
 2257:  
 2258: seconds = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;0 to 59  
 2259:  
 2260: byminlist = minutes / ( minutes \*(", " minutes) )

2digit found at line 2262:

2260: byminlist = minutes / ( minutes \*(", " minutes) )  
 2261:  
 2262: minutes = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;0 to 59  
 2263:  
 2264: byhrlist = hour / ( hour \*(", " hour) )

2digit found at line 2266:

2264: byhrlist = hour / ( hour \*(", " hour) )  
 2265:  
 2266: hour = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;0 to 23  
 2267:  
 2268: byweekdaylist = weekdaynum / ( weekdaynum \*(", " weekdaynum) )

2digit found at line 2276:

2274: minus = "--"  
 2275:  
 2276: ordwk = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;1 to 53

2277:  
 2278: weekday = "SU" / "MO" / "TU" / "WE" / "TH" / "FR" / "SA"  
 2278(continued):

2digit found at line 2286:

2284: monthdaynum = ([plus] ordmoday) / (minus ordmoday)  
 2285:  
 2286: ordmoday = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;1 to 31  
 2287:  
 2288: byyrdaylist = yeardaynum / ( yeardaynum \*(", " yeardaynum) )  
 2288(continued):

2digit found at line 2292:

2290: yeardaynum = ([plus] ordyrday) / (minus ordyrday)  
 2291:  
 2292: ordyrday = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT / 3DIGIT ;1 to 366  
 2293:  
 2294: bywknolist = weeknum / ( weeknum \*(", " weeknum) )

2digit found at line 2307:

2305: bymolist = monthnum / ( monthnum \*(", " monthnum) )  
 2306:  
 2307: monthnum = 1DIGIT / 2DIGIT ;1 to 12  
 2308:  
 2309: bysplist = setposday / ( setposday \*(", " setposday) )

2digit found at line 2595:

2593: time = time-hour time-minute time-second [time-  
 2593(continued): e-utc]  
 2594:  
 2595: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;00-23  
 2596: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;00-59  
 2597: time-second = 2DIGIT ;00-60

2digit found at line 2596:

2594:  
 2595: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;00-23  
 2596: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;00-59  
 2597: time-second = 2DIGIT ;00-60  
 2598: ;The "60" value is used to account for "leap" seconds.

2digit found at line 2597:

2595: time-hour = 2DIGIT ;00-23  
 2596: time-minute = 2DIGIT ;00-59  
 2597: time-second = 2DIGIT ;00-60  
 2598: ;The "60" value is used to account for "leap" seconds.  
 2599:

1900 found at line 2988:

2986: DTSTAMP:19970901T1300Z  
2987: DTSTART:19970903T163000Z  
2988: DTEND:19970903T190000Z  
2989: SUMMARY:Annual Employee Review  
2990: CLASS:PRIVATE

2000 found at line 1716:

1714: The following are examples of this property parameter:  
1715:  
1716: DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19980119T020000  
1717:  
1718: DTEND;TZID=US-Eastern:19980119T030000

2000 found at line 2029:

2027: New York on January 19, 1998:  
2028:  
2029: DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19980119T020000  
2030:  
2031: Example: The following represents July 14, 1997, at 1:30 PM i  
2031(continued): n New

2000 found at line 2822:

2820: Property names, parameter names and enumerated parameter valu  
2820(continued): es are  
2821: case insensitive. For example, the property name "DUE" is the  
2821(continued): same as  
2822: "due" and "Due", DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19980714T120000 is t  
2822(continued): he same  
2823: as DtStart;TzID=US-Eastern:19980714T120000.  
2824:

2000 found at line 2823:

2821: case insensitive. For example, the property name "DUE" is the  
2821(continued): same as  
2822: "due" and "Due", DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19980714T120000 is t  
2822(continued): he same  
2823: as DtStart;TzID=US-Eastern:19980714T120000.  
2824:  
2825: 4.6 Calendar Components

2000 found at line 3566:

3564: Time took effect in Fall 1967 for New York City:  
3565:  
3566: DTSTART:19671029T020000  
3567:  
3568: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400

2000 found at line 3631:

3629: LAST-MODIFIED:19870101T000000Z  
3630: BEGIN:STANDARD  
3631: DTSTART:19971026T020000  
3632: RDATE:19971026T020000  
3633: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400

2000 found at line 3632:

3630: BEGIN:STANDARD  
3631: DTSTART:19971026T020000  
3632: RDATE:19971026T020000  
3633: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400  
3634: TZOFFSETTO:-0500

2000 found at line 3638:

3636: END:STANDARD  
3637: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
3638: DTSTART:19971026T020000  
3639:  
3640:

2000 found at line 3647:

3645:  
3646:  
3647: RDATE:19970406T020000  
3648: TZOFFSETFROM:-0500  
3649: TZOFFSETTO:-0400

2000 found at line 3665:

3663: TZURL:[http://zones.stds\\_r\\_us.net/tz/US-Eastern](http://zones.stds_r_us.net/tz/US-Eastern)  
3664: BEGIN:STANDARD  
3665: DTSTART:19671029T020000  
3666: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=10  
3667: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400

2000 found at line 3672:

3670: END:STANDARD  
3671: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
3672: DTSTART:19870405T020000  
3673: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=1SU;BYMONTH=4  
3674: TZOFFSETFROM:-0500

2000 found at line 3688:

3686: LAST-MODIFIED:19870101T000000Z  
3687: BEGIN:STANDARD  
3688: DTSTART:19671029T020000  
3689: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=10  
3690: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400

2000 found at line 3704:

```
3702:
3703:     BEGIN:DAYLIGHT
3704:     DTSTART:19870405T020000
3705:     RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=1SU;BYMONTH=4;UNTIL=19980404T070000
3705(continued):     Z
3706:     TZOFFSETFROM:-0500
```

2000 found at line 3721:

```
3719:     LAST-MODIFIED:19870101T000000Z
3720:     BEGIN:STANDARD
3721:     DTSTART:19671029T020000
3722:     RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=10
3723:     TZOFFSETFROM:-0400
```

2000 found at line 3728:

```
3726:     END:STANDARD
3727:     BEGIN:DAYLIGHT
3728:     DTSTART:19870405T020000
3729:     RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=1SU;BYMONTH=4;UNTIL=19980404T070000
3729(continued):     Z
3730:     TZOFFSETFROM:-0500
```

2000 found at line 3735:

```
3733:     END:DAYLIGHT
3734:     BEGIN:DAYLIGHT
3735:     DTSTART:19990424T020000
3736:     RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=4
3737:     TZOFFSETFROM:-0500
```

2000 found at line 5352:

```
5350:     FREEBUSY;FBTYPE=BUSY-UNAVAILABLE:19970308T160000Z/PT8H30M
5351:
5352:     FREEBUSY;FBTYPE=FREE:19970308T160000Z/PT3H,19970308T200000Z
5352(continued):     /PT1H
5353:
5354:     FREEBUSY;FBTYPE=FREE:19970308T160000Z/PT3H,19970308T200000Z
5354(continued):     /PT1H,
```

2000 found at line 5354:

```
5352:     FREEBUSY;FBTYPE=FREE:19970308T160000Z/PT3H,19970308T200000Z
5352(continued):     /PT1H
5353:
5354:     FREEBUSY;FBTYPE=FREE:19970308T160000Z/PT3H,19970308T200000Z
5354(continued):     /PT1H,
5355:     19970308T230000Z/19970309T000000Z
5356:
```

2000 found at line 6069:

6067: RECURRENCE-ID;VALUE=DATE:19960401  
6068:  
6069: RECURRENCE-ID;RANGE=THISANDFUTURE:19960120T120000Z  
6070:  
6071: 4.8.4.5 Related To

2000 found at line 6507:

6505: RDATE;TZID=US-EASTERN:19970714T083000  
6506:  
6507: RDATE;VALUE=PERIOD:19960403T020000Z/19960403T040000Z,  
6508: 19960404T010000Z/PT3H  
6509:

2000 found at line 6623:

6621:  
6622: DTSTART;TZID=US-Eastern:19980101T090000  
6623: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;UNTIL=20000131T090000Z;  
6624: BYMONTH=1;BYDAY=SU,MO,TU,WE,TH,FR,SA  
6625: or

2000 found at line 6626:

6624: BYMONTH=1;BYDAY=SU,MO,TU,WE,TH,FR,SA  
6625: or  
6626: RRULE:FREQ=DAILY;UNTIL=20000131T090000Z;BYMONTH=1  
6627:  
6628: ==> (1998 9:00 AM EDT)January 1-31

2000 found at line 6630:

6628: ==> (1998 9:00 AM EDT)January 1-31  
6629: (1999 9:00 AM EDT)January 1-31  
6630: (2000 9:00 AM EDT)January 1-31  
6631:  
6632: Weekly for 10 occurrences

2000 found at line 6802:

6800: (1998 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
6801: (1999 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
6802: (2000 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
6803: (2001 9:00 AM EDT)June 10;July 10  
6804: Note: Since none of the BYDAY, BYMONTHDAY or BYYEARDAY comp  
6804(continued): onents

2000 found at line 6824:

6822: ==> (1997 9:00 AM EST)January 1  
6823: (1997 9:00 AM EDT)April 10;July 19

6824: (2000 9:00 AM EST)January 1  
6825: (2000 9:00 AM EDT)April 9;July 18  
6826: (2003 9:00 AM EST)January 1

2000 found at line 6825:

6823: (1997 9:00 AM EDT)April 10;July 19  
6824: (2000 9:00 AM EST)January 1  
6825: (2000 9:00 AM EDT)April 9;July 18  
6826: (2003 9:00 AM EST)January 1  
6827: (2003 9:00 AM EDT)April 10;July 19

2000 found at line 6897:

6895: ==> (1998 9:00 AM EST)February 13;March 13;November 13  
6896: (1999 9:00 AM EDT)August 13  
6897: (2000 9:00 AM EDT)October 13  
6898: ...  
6899:

2000 found at line 6920:

6918:  
6919: ==> (1996 9:00 AM EST)November 5  
6920: (2000 9:00 AM EST)November 7  
6921: (2004 9:00 AM EST)November 2  
6922: ...

2000 found at line 7612:

7610:  
7611: BEGIN:VCALENDAR PRODID:-//xyz Corp//NONSGML PDA Calendar Ve  
7611(continued): rson  
7612: 1.0//EN VERSION:2.0 BEGIN:VEVENT DTSTAMP:19960704T120000Z  
7613: UID:uid1@host.com ORGANIZER:MAILTO:jsmith@host.com  
7614: DTSTART:19960918T143000Z DTEND:19960920T220000Z STATUS:CONF  
7614(continued): IRMED

2000 found at line 7614:

7612: 1.0//EN VERSION:2.0 BEGIN:VEVENT DTSTAMP:19960704T120000Z  
7613: UID:uid1@host.com ORGANIZER:MAILTO:jsmith@host.com  
7614: DTSTART:19960918T143000Z DTEND:19960920T220000Z STATUS:CONF  
7614(continued): IRMED  
7615:  
7616:

2000 found at line 7640:

7638: TZID:US-Eastern  
7639: BEGIN:STANDARD  
7640: DTSTART:19981025T020000  
7641: RDATE:19981025T020000  
7642: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400

2000 found at line 7641:

7639: BEGIN:STANDARD  
7640: DTSTART:19981025T020000  
7641: RDATE:19981025T020000  
7642: TZOFFSETFROM:-0400  
7643: TZOFFSETTO:-0500

2000 found at line 7647:

7645: END:STANDARD  
7646: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
7647: DTSTART:19990404T020000  
7648: RDATE:19990404T020000  
7649: TZOFFSETFROM:-0500

2000 found at line 7648:

7646: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
7647: DTSTART:19990404T020000  
7648: RDATE:19990404T020000  
7649: TZOFFSETFROM:-0500  
7650: TZOFFSETTO:-0400

2000 found at line 7740:

7738: BEGIN:VALARM  
7739: ACTION:AUDIO  
7740: TRIGGER:19980403T120000  
7741: ATTACH;FMTTYPE=audio/basic:http://host.com/pub/audio-  
7742: files/ssbanner.aud

2000 found at line 7755:

7753: PRODID:-//ABC Corporation//NONSGML My Product//EN  
7754: BEGIN:VJOURNAL  
7755: DTSTAMP:19970324T120000Z  
7756: UID:uid5@host1.com  
7757: ORGANIZER:MAILTO:jsmith@host.com

+++++= File rfc2446.txt +=+=+=+=

1900 found at line 3347:

3345: ORGANIZER:mailto:a@example.com  
3346: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
3347: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3348: SUMMARY:ST. PAUL SAINTS -VS- DULUTH-SUPERIOR DUKES  
3349: UID:0981234-1234234-23@example.com

1900 found at line 3373:

3371: BEGIN:VEVENT  
3372: ORGANIZER:mailto:a@example.com  
3373: DTSTAMP:19970612T190000Z

3374: DTSTART:19970701T210000Z  
3375: DTEND:19970701T230000Z

1900 found at line 3410:

3408: SEQUENCE:2  
3409: UID:0981234-1234234-23@example.com  
3410: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
3411: END:VEVENT  
3412: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3461:

3459: DTEND;TZID=America-Chicago:19970701T180000  
3460: DTSTART;TZID=America-Chicago:19970702T160000  
3461: DTSTAMP:19970614T190000Z  
3462: STATUS:CONFIRMED  
3463: LOCATION;VALUE=URI:http://www.midwaystadium.com/

1900 found at line 3505:

3503: BEGIN:VEVENT  
3504: ORGANIZER:mailto:a@example.com  
3505: DTSTAMP:19970614T190000Z  
3506: UID:0981234-1234234-23@example.com  
3507: DTSTART;VALUE=DATE:19970714

1900 found at line 3594:

3592: ATTENDEE;RSVP=FALSE;TYPE=ROOM:conf\_Big@example.com  
3593: ATTENDEE;ROLE=NON-PARTICIPANT;RSVP=FALSE:Mailto:E@example.com  
3593(continued):  
3594: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3595: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
3596: DTEND:19970701T200000Z

1900 found at line 3618:

3616: SEQUENCE:0  
3617: REQUEST-STATUS:2.0;Success  
3618: DTSTAMP:19970612T190000Z  
3619: END:VEVENT  
3620: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3655:

3653: ATTENDEE;ROLE=NON-PARTICIPANT;RSVP=FALSE:Mailto:E@example.com  
3653(continued):  
3654: DTSTART:19970701T180000Z  
3655: DTEND:19970701T190000Z  
3656: SUMMARY:Phone Conference  
3657: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com

1900 found at line 3659:

3657: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com  
3658: SEQUENCE:1  
3659: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
3660: STATUS:CONFIRMED  
3661: END:VEVENT

1900 found at line 3680:

3678: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:B@example.com  
3679: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:C@example.com  
3680: DTSTART:19970701T190000Z  
3681: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3682: SUMMARY:Discuss the Merits of the election results

1900 found at line 3686:

3684: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777a@example.com  
3685: SEQUENCE:0  
3686: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3687: STATUS:CONFIRMED  
3688: END:VEVENT

1900 found at line 3713:

3711: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:C@example.com  
3712: DTSTART:19970701T160000Z  
3713: DTEND:19970701T190000Z  
3714: DTSTAMP:19970612T190000Z  
3715: SUMMARY:Discuss the Merits of the election results

1900 found at line 3714:

3712: DTSTART:19970701T160000Z  
3713: DTEND:19970701T190000Z  
3714: DTSTAMP:19970612T190000Z  
3715: SUMMARY:Discuss the Merits of the election results  
3716: LOCATION:Green Conference Room

1900 found at line 3721:

3719: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777a@example.com  
3720: SEQUENCE:0  
3721: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3722: END:VEVENT  
3723: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3738:

3736: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:B@example.com  
3737: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:C@example.com  
3738: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
3739: DTSTART:19970701T160000Z  
3740: DTEND:19970701T190000Z

1900 found at line 3740:

3738: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
3739: DTSTART:19970701T160000Z  
3740: DTEND:19970701T190000Z  
3741: SUMMARY:Discuss the Merits of the election results - changed  
3741(continued): to  
3742: meet B's schedule

1900 found at line 3769:

3767: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com  
3768: SEQUENCE:0  
3769: DTSTAMP:19970614T190000Z  
3770: END:VEVENT  
3771: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3884:

3882: SEQUENCE:0  
3883: REQUEST-STATUS:2.0;Success  
3884: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3885: END:VEVENT  
3886: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3906:

3904: SEQUENCE:0  
3905: STATUS:CONFIRMED  
3906: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3907: END:VEVENT  
3908: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3936:

3934: SEQUENCE:0  
3935: REQUEST-STATUS:2.0;Success  
3936: DTSTAMP:19970614T190000Z  
3937: END:VEVENT  
3938: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 3967:

3965: SEQUENCE:0  
3966: REQUEST-STATUS:2.0;Success  
3967: DTSTAMP:19970614T190000Z  
3968: END:VEVENT  
3969: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 4072:

4070: SEQUENCE:1  
4071: STATUS:CANCELLED  
4072: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
4073: END:VEVENT

4074: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 4157:

4155: ATTENDEE;ROLE=NON-PARTICIPANT;  
4156: RSVP=FALSE:Mailto:E@example.com  
4157: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
4158: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
4159: DTEND:19970701T203000Z

1900 found at line 4193:

4191: ATTENDEE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:C@example.com  
4192: ATTENDEE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:D@example.com  
4193: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
4194: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
4195: DTEND:19970701T203000Z

1900 found at line 4232:

4230: DTSTART:19980101T124200Z  
4231: DTEND:19980107T124200Z  
4232: FREEBUSY:19980101T180000Z/19980101T190000Z  
4233: FREEBUSY:19980103T020000Z/19980103T050000Z  
4234: FREEBUSY:19980107T020000Z/19980107T050000Z

1900 found at line 4236:

4234: FREEBUSY:19980107T020000Z/19980107T050000Z  
4235: FREEBUSY:19980113T000000Z/19980113T010000Z  
4236: FREEBUSY:19980115T190000Z/19980115T200000Z  
4237: FREEBUSY:19980115T220000Z/19980115T230000Z  
4238: FREEBUSY:19980116T013000Z/19980116T043000Z

1900 found at line 4288:

4286: ATTENDEE:Mailto:B@example.com  
4287: ATTENDEE:Mailto:C@example.com  
4288: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
4289: DTSTART:19970701T080000Z  
4290: DTEND:19970701T200000

1900 found at line 4319:

4317:  
4318:  
4319: DTSTAMP:19970613T190030Z  
4320: END:VFREEBUSY  
4321: END:VCALENDAR

1900 found at line 4359:

4357: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:B@example.fr  
4358: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:c@example.jp  
4359: DTSTAMP:19970613T190030Z

4360: DTSTART;TZID=America-SanJose:19970701T140000  
4361: DTEND;TZID=America-SanJose:19970701T150000

1900 found at line 5193:

5191: to each of the start of each recurring instance. Hence, if th  
5191(continued): e  
5192: initial "VTODO" calendar component specifies a "DTSTART" prop  
5192(continued): erty  
5193: value of "19970701T190000Z" and a "DUE" property value of  
5194: "19970801T190000Z" the interval of one day which is applied t  
5194(continued): o each  
5195: recurring instance of the "VTODO" calendar component to deter  
5195(continued): mine the

1900 found at line 5194:

5192: initial "VTODO" calendar component specifies a "DTSTART" prop  
5192(continued): erty  
5193: value of "19970701T190000Z" and a "DUE" property value of  
5194: "19970801T190000Z" the interval of one day which is applied t  
5194(continued): o each  
5195: recurring instance of the "VTODO" calendar component to deter  
5195(continued): mine the  
5196: "DUE" date of the instance.

2000 found at line 3346:

3344: BEGIN:VEVENT  
3345: ORGANIZER:mailto:a@example.com  
3346: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
3347: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3348: SUMMARY:ST. PAUL SAINTS -VS- DULUTH-SUPERIOR DUKES

2000 found at line 3437:

3435: TZURL:http://zones.stds\_r\_us.net/tz/America-Chicago  
3436: BEGIN:STANDARD  
3437: DTSTART:19671029T020000  
3438: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=10  
3439: TZOFFSETFROM:-0500

2000 found at line 3444:

3442: END:STANDARD  
3443: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
3444: DTSTART:19870405T020000  
3445: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=1SU;BYMONTH=4  
3446: TZOFFSETFROM:-0600

2000 found at line 3595:

3593: ATTENDEE;ROLE=NON-PARTICIPANT;RSVP=FALSE:Mailto:E@example.com  
3593(continued):

3594: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3595: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
3596: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3597: SUMMARY:Conference

2000 found at line 3596:

3594: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
3595: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
3596: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3597: SUMMARY:Conference  
3598: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com

2000 found at line 3681:

3679: ATTENDEE;RSVP=TRUE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:C@example.com  
3680: DTSTART:19970701T190000Z  
3681: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3682: SUMMARY:Discuss the Merits of the election results  
3683: LOCATION:Green Conference Room

2000 found at line 3901:

3899: DELEGATED-FROM="Mailto:C@example.com":Mailto:E@example.com  
3900: DTSTART:19970701T180000Z  
3901: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3902: SUMMARY:Phone Conference  
3903: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com

2000 found at line 3996:

3994: SUMMARY:Phone Conference  
3995: DTSTART:19970701T180000Z  
3996: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3997: DTSTAMP:19970614T200000Z  
3998: COMMENT:DELEGATE (ATTENDEE Mailto:E@example.com) DECLINED YOU  
3998(continued): R

2000 found at line 3997:

3995: DTSTART:19970701T180000Z  
3996: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
3997: DTSTAMP:19970614T200000Z  
3998: COMMENT:DELEGATE (ATTENDEE Mailto:E@example.com) DECLINED YOU  
3998(continued): R  
3999: INVITATION

2000 found at line 4158:

4156: RSVP=FALSE:Mailto:E@example.com  
4157: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
4158: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
4159: DTEND:19970701T203000Z  
4160: SUMMARY:Phone Conference

2000 found at line 4194:

4192: ATTENDEE;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:Mailto:D@example.com  
4193: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
4194: DTSTART:19970701T200000Z  
4195: DTEND:19970701T203000Z  
4196: RRULE:FREQ=WEEKLY

2000 found at line 4233:

4231: DTEND:19980107T124200Z  
4232: FREEBUSY:19980101T180000Z/19980101T190000Z  
4233: FREEBUSY:19980103T020000Z/19980103T050000Z  
4234: FREEBUSY:19980107T020000Z/19980107T050000Z  
4235: FREEBUSY:19980113T000000Z/19980113T010000Z

2000 found at line 4234:

4232: FREEBUSY:19980101T180000Z/19980101T190000Z  
4233: FREEBUSY:19980103T020000Z/19980103T050000Z  
4234: FREEBUSY:19980107T020000Z/19980107T050000Z  
4235: FREEBUSY:19980113T000000Z/19980113T010000Z  
4236: FREEBUSY:19980115T190000Z/19980115T200000Z

2000 found at line 4236:

4234: FREEBUSY:19980107T020000Z/19980107T050000Z  
4235: FREEBUSY:19980113T000000Z/19980113T010000Z  
4236: FREEBUSY:19980115T190000Z/19980115T200000Z  
4237: FREEBUSY:19980115T220000Z/19980115T230000Z  
4238: FREEBUSY:19980116T013000Z/19980116T043000Z

2000 found at line 4237:

4235: FREEBUSY:19980113T000000Z/19980113T010000Z  
4236: FREEBUSY:19980115T190000Z/19980115T200000Z  
4237: FREEBUSY:19980115T220000Z/19980115T230000Z  
4238: FREEBUSY:19980116T013000Z/19980116T043000Z  
4239: END:VFREEBUSY

2000 found at line 4290:

4288: DTSTAMP:19970613T190000Z  
4289: DTSTART:19970701T080000Z  
4290: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
4291: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com  
4292: END:VFREEBUSY

2000 found at line 4308:

4306: ATTENDEE:Mailto:B@example.com  
4307: DTSTART:19970701T080000Z  
4308: DTEND:19970701T200000Z  
4309: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777@example.com  
4310: FREEBUSY:19970701T090000Z/PT1H,19970701T140000Z/PT30M

2000 found at line 4340:

4338: TZURL:http://zones.stds\_r\_us.net/tz/America-SanJose  
4339: BEGIN:STANDARD  
4340: DTSTART:19671029T020000  
4341: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=-1SU;BYMONTH=10  
4342: TZOFFSETFROM:-0700

2000 found at line 4347:

4345: END:STANDARD  
4346: BEGIN:DAYLIGHT  
4347: DTSTART:19870405T020000  
4348: RRULE:FREQ=YEARLY;BYDAY=1SU;BYMONTH=4  
4349: TZOFFSETFROM:-0800

2000 found at line 4446:

4444: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4445: DTSTART:19970601T210000Z  
4446: DTEND:19970601T220000Z  
4447: LOCATION:Conference Call  
4448: DTSTAMP:19970526T083000Z

2000 found at line 4473:

4471: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4472: DTSTART:19970703T210000Z  
4473: DTEND:19970703T220000Z  
4474: LOCATION:Conference Call  
4475: DTSTAMP:19970626T093000Z

2000 found at line 4565:

4563: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4564: DTSTART:19970901T210000Z  
4565: DTEND:19970901T220000Z  
4566: LOCATION:Building 32, Microsoft, Seattle, WA  
4567: DTSTAMP:19970526T083000Z

2000 found at line 4601:

4599: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4600: DTSTART:19970715T210000Z  
4601: DTEND:19970715T220000Z  
4602: LOCATION:Conference Call  
4603: DTSTAMP:19970629T093000Z

2000 found at line 4631:

4629: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4630: DTSTART:19980303T210000Z  
4631: DTEND:19980303T220000Z  
4632: LOCATION:The White Room  
4633: DTSTAMP:19980301T093000Z

2000 found at line 4664:

4662: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4663: DTSTART:19980303T210000Z  
4664: DTEND:19980303T220000Z  
4665: DTSTAMP:19980303T193000Z  
4666: LOCATION:The Usual conference room

2000 found at line 4690:

4688: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4689: DTSTART:19980303T210000Z  
4690: DTEND:19980303T220000Z  
4691: DTSTAMP:19980303T193000Z  
4692: LOCATION:The White Room

2000 found at line 4730:

4728: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4729: DTSTART:19980304T180000Z  
4730: DTEND:19980304T200000Z  
4731: DTSTAMP:19980303T193000Z  
4732: LOCATION:Conference Room A

2000 found at line 4781:

4779: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4780: DTSTART:19980315T180000Z  
4781: DTEND:19980315T200000Z  
4782: DTSTAMP:19980307T193000Z  
4783: LOCATION:Conference Room A

2000 found at line 4811:

4809: SUMMARY:Review Accounts  
4810: DTSTART:19980304T180000Z  
4811: DTEND:19980304T200000Z  
4812: DTSTAMP:19980303T193000Z  
4813: LOCATION:Conference Room A

2000 found at line 4863:

4861: CLASS:PUBLIC  
4862: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4863: DTSTART:19970715T220000Z  
4864: DTEND:19970715T230000Z  
4865: LOCATION:Conference Call

2000 found at line 4903:

4901: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
4902: DTSTART:19970601T210000Z  
4903: DTEND:19970601T220000Z  
4904: DTSTAMP:19970602T094000Z  
4905: LOCATION:Conference Call

2000 found at line 5018:

5016: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777-00@example.com  
5017: SEQUENCE:0  
5018: DTSTAMP:19970717T200000Z  
5019: STATUS:Needs Action  
5020: END:VTODO

2000 found at line 5179:

5177: UID:calsrv.example.com-873970198738777-00@example.com  
5178: SEQUENCE:0  
5179: DTSTAMP:19970717T200000Z  
5180: STATUS:NEEDS ACTION  
5181: PRIORITY:1

2000 found at line 5236:

5234: VERSION:2.0  
5235: BEGIN:VJOURNAL  
5236: DTSTART:19971002T200000Z  
5237: ORGANIZER:MAILTO:A@Example.com  
5238: SUMMARY:Phone conference minutes

2000 found at line 5358:

5356: SEQUENCE:3  
5357: RRULE:FREQ=WEEKLY  
5358: RDATE;VALUE=PERIOD:19970819T210000Z/199700819T220000Z  
5359: ORGANIZER:Mailto:A@example.com  
5360: ATTENDEE;ROLE=CHAIR;PARTSTAT=ACCEPTED:Mailto:A@example.com

2000 found at line 5365:

5363: SUMMARY:IETF Calendaring Working Group Meeting  
5364: DTSTART:19970801T210000Z  
5365: DTEND:19970801T220000Z  
5366: RECURRENCE-ID:19970809T210000Z  
5367: DTSTAMP:19970726T083000

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1900 found at line 421:

419: ATTENDEE;ROLE=CHAIR;ATTSTAT=ACCEPTED:mailto:sman@netscape.com  
419(continued):  
420: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES:mailto:stevesil@microsoft.com  
421: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
422: DTSTART:19970701T210000Z  
423: DTEND:19970701T230000Z

1900 found at line 475:

473: ATTENDEE;ROLE=CHAIR;ATTSTAT=ACCEPTED:mailto:fool@example.com  
474: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:mailto:foo2@example.com  
475: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
476: DTSTART:19970701T170000Z  
477: DTEND:19970701T173000Z

1900 found at line 523:

521: ATTENDEE;ROLE=CHAIR;ATTSTAT=ACCEPTED:mailto:fool@example.com  
522: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:mailto:foo2@example.com  
523: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
524: DTSTART:19970701T180000Z  
525: DTEND:19970701T183000Z

1900 found at line 584:

582: BEGIN:VEVENT  
583: ORGANIZER:MAILTO:FOO1@EXAMPLE.COM  
584: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
585: DTSTART:19970715T150000Z  
586: DTEND:19970715T230000Z

1900 found at line 631:

629: ATTENDEE;ROLE=CHAIR;ATTSTAT=ACCEPTED:mailto:fool@example.com  
630: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:mailto:foo2@example.com  
631: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
632: DTSTART:19970701T210000Z  
633: DTEND:19970701T230000Z

1900 found at line 722:

720: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:mailto:foo2@example.com  
721: ATTENDEE;RSVP=YES;TYPE=INDIVIDUAL:mailto:foo3@example.com  
722: DTSTAMP:19970611T190000Z  
723: DTSTART:19970621T170000Z  
724: DTEND:19970621T173000Z

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2-digit found at line 7166:

7164:  
7165: Since this object incorporates the Year 2000-unfriendl  
7165(continued): y  
7166: 2-digit year specified in SMI for the LAST-UPDATED fie  
7166(continued): ld, and  
7167:  
7168:

2000 found at line 7165:

7163: determining the level of the MIB supported by an agent  
7163(continued): .



Section 19.3 of the RFC2068 says this:

- o HTTP/1.1 clients and caches should assume that an RFC-850 date which appears to be more than 50 years in the future is in fact in the past (this helps solve the "year 2000" problem).

This avoids a "stale cache" problem, which would cause the user to see out-of-date data.

But to avoid unnecessary delays and bandwidth indicated in Scenario 2 below, this should be extended to say that a date which appears to be more than 50 years in the past may be assumed to be in the future, if a future date is legal for that field.

Scenario 3 indicates that servers may also want to follow these rules.

Here is some more background and justification for these arguments.

The following headers use full dates:

HTTP/1.0:

```

Date:
Expires:                # can be in the future
If-Modified-Since:     # required to be in the past
Last-Modified:         # required to be in the past
Retry-After:           # can be in the future, also takes
                        # relative time - number of second

```

ds

HTTP/1.1:

```

If-Range:
If-Unmodified-Since:   # required to be in the past

```

Note that clock skew between hosts can lead to confusion here - see the RFC for details.

Here are some scenarios of the implications of RFC850 dates, which include stale caches, unnecessary requests for things, which are validly cached, delays for the user, extra bandwidth, and presenting incorrect information to the user.

Some cases involve comparisons with the current time, and others may involve comparisons between dates from different sources. The abbreviation "/99" is used to imply an RFC850 date with the value "99" for the year.

RFC850 date from server

Scenario 1:

If a client gets an Expires /99 date after the year 2000, it should interpret it as 1999, to avoid ending up with a stale cache entry.

This is as already specified in RFC2068.

Scenario 2:

If a client gets an Expires /00 date before the year 2000, and subsequently is faced with a choice to either retrieve the document from its cache or look for an updated copy, it may interpret it as the year 2000, to avoid the unnecessary delay and bandwidth of an extra request.

RFC850 date from client

Scenario 3:

If a server gets an If-Modified-Since /99 date from a client after the year 2000, it should interpret it as 1999 when comparing with the local modification date, in order to possibly avoid sending a full GET response rather than a HEAD response.

Note that an If-Modified-Since header must never be in the future.

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